St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883—TWELVE PAGES. NO. 245

TRASK'S

COMPRESSED FISH!

It is Cheaper and Better than any other way. For Economy, Conveniece and Neatness it has no equal.
Ask your Grocer for it.

REMOVAL!

A. SIEGEL & CO.

Have removed their Store TWO DOORS NORTH OF OLD STAND. New stock of GAS AND COAL OIL FIXTURES. Repairing and furnishing private houses and public buildings a specialty. Gas fitting, steam fitting and plumbing promptly attended to and neatly done.

219 NORTH FIFTH ST.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT!

Latest Novelties in Plushes, Tapestries, Turcomans, Turkish Satin Cretonnes, Nottingham, Antique and Madras Curtains.

White Goods and Linen Department.

Scotch, Irish, French and Linen Fabrics. Stock complete and best assortment in the West.

Washington Avenue and Fifth Street.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

RICE, STIX & CO.

Fifth and St. Charles Sts.

Full and complete lines in our HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT, WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT, EMBROIDERY and LACE DEPARTMENT. Examine our stock and get our prices before buying.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

USE

Harless' Medicated Cough

CARAMELS,

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Depot S.W.Cor. Fifth and Market and all Druggists.

A BAD CASE. CURED.

ECONOMY

The Original Small Havanas 3 for 10c.
Full Size Havana Filler 5c.
Spanish, equal to imported, 3 for 25c.

DE CLARKE, Maker,

414 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

BICYCLES AND VELOCIPEDES!

EXPRESS WAGONS!

CARRIAGES!!

BABY

Sporting Goods.

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

PRINTING Done in Elegant Style.
Real * Artistic * Work * on * Good * Paper,
Introducing the Latest Designs of Type and Workmanship
Nothing Omitted in Our Work
That will please the most Fastidious.
I Solicit the Patronage of My Old Customers and the Public.
NOTE MY NUMBER: 327 N. THIRD STREET.
Give Me a Call. R. M. Rumbin.

E. E. SOUTHER & BRO

Dealers in all kinds of IRON and STEEL, and Manufacturers of

CORRUGATED SHEET IRON,

932, 934 and 936 North Second Street, St Louis.

Roofing, Siding, Ceiling.
Easily Applied. Indestructible. Economical.
BLACK, PAINTED OR Galvanized.

—FOR—
Stores, Warehouses, Sheds, Shops, Mills, Stables. R. R. Depots Cotton Gin Houses.

We also manufacture CLIMAX flat sheet iron roofing—the best standing seam roof in market. Complete stock of Iron Plates, Sheets, Bars, Angles, Boiler Tubes, Rivets, Bolts, Tools, and Machinery Steel, etc.

PLAIN AND BROCHÉ "Nonpareil" Velveteen

Recommended by every Fashion Journal and Writer in America.

The Bon-Ton Costume for Sea-side wear.

The most FASHIONABLE. The original and only substitute for Lyons Silk Velvet.

Every second yard stamped with Trade Mark. None others genuine.

TO BE PURCHASED FROM ALL FIRST-CLASS RETAILERS, FROM 80 CTS. TO $2.50 A YARD.

Beware of cheap imitations under other names, which will never prove satisfactory.

AMERICAN ART MANUFACTURING CO.,

N. W. Cor. of Eighth and Pine.

Buy direct from the manufacturers. We will save you money. Frames, Engravings, Paintings, Mirrors. Pictures enlarged. Reframing and Regilding. Artistic Frames to order a specialty.

G. M. ASHLEY & CO., Proprietors.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Cor. Fifth and Olive Streets.

Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.

ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

FARNER'S

STOVE, FURNITURE & CARPET CO.

N. W. COR. FOURTEENTH AND CLARK AVE.

At Prices Lower Than Ever on Monthly Payments.

ICE CREAM!

For the BEST and PUREST in the city; for the LARGEST QUANTITY in the SHORTEST TIME and FAIREST PRICES, go to

BOWMAN & CO.'S

818 AND 820 MORGAN ST.

FURNITURE AND STOVES.

Stock Large and Varied.

PRICES GUARANTEED LOWEST

Terms the Best, viz., Cash.

MELLIS, 808 and 810 Morgan St.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!

Cures NERVOUS PHYSICAL Debility, Loss & GENITAL Loss of Manly Vigor

Spermatorrhœa, etc., when all other remedies fail. A Cure Guaranteed. $1 50 a bottle, large bottle, 4 times the quantity $5. By express to any address. Sold by all druggists. ENGLISH MED. INSTITUTE, Propr.s, 718 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo

SCRUGGS,

VANDERVOORT

& BARNEY

RARE OCCASION!

Special Sale of 24-Inch Full Measure

GENUINE GUINET BLACK SILKS!

Made Expressly for

THE LONDON MARKET!

Circumstances have placed these Goods in our hands, and we put them on sale at

30 Per Cent Below Their Real Value

With a Cordial Invitation to

EVERY BUYER OF BLACK SILKS

To give them an immediate, critical inspection. Guinet's Goods have an UNEQUALED REPUTATION for LUSTER, FINISH and WEAR, and are SECOND to NO MAKE of BLACK SILKS. This opportunity for saving money is of extremely rare occurrence. We offer

SIX DIFFERENT GRADES

Ranging from $1 35 to $2 75.

On sale also this morning a SPLENDID JOB in

BLACK BROCADE SATINS!

At only $1 62 1-2, Richly worth $2 25.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

BOSTON, MASS.

Statement of Business For 1882.

Assets.....$1,6139,285 94

RECEIPTS.

For Premiums.....$1,324,587 77
For Interest and Rents, less taxes.....784,678 83
Balance of Profit and Loss account.....20,487 80 2,829,754 16
Total.....$15,786,920 10

DISBURSEMENTS.

Death claims.....$1,004,583 00
Matured and discounted endowments.....335,914 00
Canceled and Surrendered Policies.....194,500 67
Distribution of surplus.....516,902 99
Total paid to Policy-holders.....$1,899,167 66
Commissions to Agents.....136,306 66
Salaries, Medical fees and Advertising.....103,102 87
Printing, Stationery and all other incidental expenses at Home Office and Agencies.....90,727 41
Interest paid for Premium on Investment and accrued Interest thereon.....2,209 85 2,325,838 25
$16,432,181 65

LIABILITIES.

Reserve at 4 per cent Mass. Standard.....$13,465,185 56
Balance Distributions unpaid.....76,783 06
Death and Endowment Claims unpaid.....140,869 00 13,684,889 62
Surplus, Mass. Standard, 4 per cent.....$2,567,292 23

BENJ. F. STEVENS, President.
JOS. M. GIBBENS, Secretary.

W. B. DAVIS,

GENERAL AGENT,

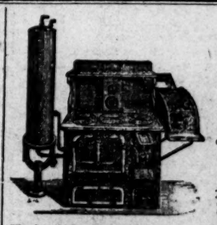
417 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN MAGUIRE.

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, loans, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.

619 Walnut St. Office bet. 6th and 7th.



THOS. SEXTON & CO.,

Agents for Vitali's Patents Wrought Iron Portables

Hotel & Family Ranges

Choice line of Hot Water and Coffee Urns

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Cooking Stoves, Ice-Boxes and Refrigerators

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by chronic dyspepsia, or sufferings from the terrible exhaustion that follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state of prostration by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you, too, may be strengthened and restored. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

FOR FRYING FISH AND OYSTERS

OLIVE BUTTER

Has no equal. More wholesome and economical than Lard and is free from the pungent odor usual in cooking oils. COOK BOOKS containing Valuable Recipes and Instructions how to use OLIVE BUTTER, by the Principal of the Philadelphia Cooking School, mailed free on application.

WASHINGTON BUTCHER'S SONS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

"NUMBER ONE."

Judge Birdsall, of the League, on the Invincibles.

The Disposition of the Land League Funds—His Belief Concerning the Mysterious Chief.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Judge Daniel C. Birdsall, of Westport, Conn., has been chairman of the Executive Council of the Land League in America, and is still a member of the Council. A reporter found him in Brooklyn and asked him about the disposition of the large sums of money that were handled by Treasurer Eagan. Judge Birdsall said:

"As long ago as February 17, 1882, Mr. Egan wrote to me asking that a committee be appointed by the Land League in America to examine his accounts as custodian of the funds. The Council decided not to do this and thereafter from time to time, as he could complete them, he sent detailed statements of his receipts and disbursements to those men in this country whom he knew would be discreet in using them and in whom the mass of the people here would have confidence. If we had had any doubts about the use of the money before we could have had more after examining these statements. I have seen complete and detailed statements running from the first contributions up to within four months. I do not hesitate to say that not one dollar of these monies has ever been applied by

MR. EGAN

in any way in aid of these Fenians or Invincibles. Not a dollar has ever been used in any way except in exact accordance with the views entertained by the executive councils on both sides of the water. Money has been used in ways that would not be proper to spread before the English Government. You would as soon expect that Government to publish the details of the use of their secret service fund in their efforts to crush the legitimate Irish movement. Mr. Egan and those connected with him will not be driven into publishing a statement."

"There was a large amount of money used in aid of the 'suspects' in prison. Is it not possible that some went astray," asked the reporter.

"Doubtless in aiding the suspects mistakes may have been made," said Mr. Birdsall. 'Members of this murderous gang may have been aided, but if they were, it was because they were not known to be such at the time. It is not necessary for me to tell you that there has never been any connection in any respect whatever between the Land League and the crowd calling themselves Invincible. While the Parliamentary party deprecates the English methods of hiring informers like Carey and Kavanagh, their only desire is to see the murderers of Lord Cavendish hanged. I would go as far as the British Government in using proper means to that end."

"What effect have the revelations of the trial had on the contributions to the Land League fund?" asked the reporter.

"They have tended to increase contributions," replied Mr. Birdsall. [illegible] press

THE VIEWS OF [illegible] ALL MY ASSOCIATES when I say that if I thought any money contribution for legitimate purposes had been used otherwise I would have [illegible] it. At the same time I believe that [illegible] of the funds—small sums—may have been stolen by men who were trusted to distribute them. It was necessary to send the money through so many channels that it would be strange if some of it did not lodge sometimes. There is to be a convention of representatives of the Land League branches and other Irish societies in May. Mr. Parnell and Mr. Egan will both be here. There will be a more complete explanation regarding the funds."

"A good many people have been taking a guess at the identity of No. 1. Won't you tell me what you think of him?"

"I think he's a myth," replied Mr. Birdsall. "I believe that Carey was the head of the whole gang, and that when he found the net was woven around him he turned around and swore to these stories

TO SAVE HIS NECK.

His story that he went on to the ground to see a crime like that committed, shows he was was devoid of all feeling and the common instincts of humanity."

"Then you don't take any stock in what Rossa and McGahey say of him?"

"It is merely chaff to me."

"Have you any personal fears for your safety?"

"I would court a trial in the States in order that Americans might see what sort of testimony irreproachable men are hanged on in Ireland."

"Is there such a person as 'No. 1?'"

"If there is not, it would be necessary to invent him. He is too useful a person to be dispensed with, and I think he should exist."

"Do you believe in Michael Davitt?"

"I consider Michael Davitt one of the most honorable, patriotic and trustworthy reformers the Land League movement has produced."

Winter Wheat All Right.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

DECATUR, ILL., February 24.—During the last week a large number of farmers have been interviewed as to the condition of the winter wheat since the disappearance of the ice. The wheat has been examined and a majority of the farmers seen say it looks all right and the yield will be larger than ever if the weather is favorable from now on. There was frost last night and a pretty tight freeze. Freezing nights and thawing days are bad, as the roots are loosened up and exposed. Farmers from Logan, Christian and De Witt counties report that the wheat is looking well in their neighborhoods.

First Comet of the Year.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., February 24.—Director Swift, of the Warner Observatory, at 7:30 last evening discovered a bright telescopic comet about two and a half degrees north of the star Beta, in the constellation Pegasus, having a tail about one-half degree long and a slow eastward movement. The right ascension was about 22 hours 30 minutes, the declination north about 30 degrees. This makes the first comet of the year and promises to be a conspicuous object in the northern sky. It is the first discovered this year, and the second in the new Warner Observatory.

An Old Mason's Death.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

GALENA, ILL., February 24.—[illegible] Carnish, an octogenarian, and [illegible] oldest member of the Masonic order in [illegible] portion of the State, died at his [illegible] lena. He was a native [illegible] country he was made [illegible] for several years [illegible] English man-of-war [illegible] engagements, in one [illegible] wounded. He was [illegible] lens, and followed [illegible] and speculating for [illegible]

LATEST EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

McLean at Work.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 24.—McLeon has introduced a bill in the House to remove the military disabilities of Major Backof, of St. Louis, who was a member of the Second Artillery, and whose military troubles are familiar to the citizens of St. Louis.

A party of negroes from the Choctaw Nation, representing about 30,000 of that race in the Indian Territory, have arrived here, asking the passage of a bill by Congress, carrying out the terms of the treaty with the Choctaws, by the provisions of which these negroes have been transferred to Oklahoma. They say they are very badly treated in the Indian Territory, which formerly held them as slaves, and they want protection. Mr. McLean has them in tow this afternoon, and Senator Allison has agreed to try and get action in their behalf this session.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Genio M. Lambertson, United States Attorney, District of Nebraska.

Postmasters: Thos. G. Brown, Xenia, O.; Enoch Fribley, New Philadelphia, O.; Peter C. Given, Wooster, O.; Samuel Watt, Jr., Ada, O.; Albert S. Peacock, Attica, Ind.; James H. Anderson, Havelock, Ill.; James H. Gaff, Pontiac, Ill.; Jas. Douglas, Morehead, Minn.; Francis H. Rankin, Flint, Mich.; Wm. H Powers, Hastings, Mich.; Henry C. Ashbaugh, Newton, Kas.; Washington M. Pennill, Russell, Kas.; Christian Anderson, Valley City, Dakota.

Wreck of the Ashuelot.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—The Secretary of the Navy to-day received a cable message from Rear-Admiral Clitz, commanding the Asiatic stations, dated at Hong Kong, requesting instructions as to the disposition to be made of the wreck of the Ashuelot and her officers and crew. He reports that about $5,000 was in the safe on the vessel at the time of the wreck, and that operations upon it are impossible except by wreckers. He also states that an inquiry into the matter has been ordered, but gives no further particulars.

River and Harbor Bill.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Efforts will be made to take up the river and harbor bill this afternoon in the House. Much opposition to the bill is being developed to-day, and it is not improbable it may be defeated.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 24.—After a short executive session the Senate took up the Legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills.

Upon the provision for increasing the salary of the Public Printer to $4,000, a discussion arose as to the influence of the printers' union upon the management of the Government printing-office.

Senator Beck said he understood that the Public Printer was at the mercy of some outside association, both as to the wages he paid and the persons he employed, and asked the Chairman of the Committee on Printing what he knew on the subject.

Senator Anthony replied that there was too much truth in the statement. The Typographical Association assumed to fix the rates of compensation of printers without consulting the employer at all, and if any person not belonging to the association were employed members of the association would leave the office. This was a tyranny which the would not submit to if ordained by law, they imposed it upon themselves for their own benefit.

Senator Beck was willing to vote for any law and any amount of money to emancipate the Government from the control of this or any other association.

Senator Anthony said the Senate had once passed a resolution instructing the public printer to employ his men for the best interests of the Government, and to pay the market rates of wages, but the resolution had not met the approval of the House and there was an existing law requiring the public printer to pay about twenty per cent more than was paid in the private offices in Washington for similar work. His sympathies were all with the interests of labor, but he did not recognize the right of employes to fix the rates that should be paid for their labor without consulting the employers or to fix higher rates for the Government than for other employers.

Senator Rollins asked whether the Association did not also dictate who should be employed by the Public Printer.

Senator Anthony said if any person not belonging to the Union was employed all the members of the Union would leave the office.

Senator Hale thought the Senators must be startled at hearing that a Governmental establishment upon which millions were spent annually was helplessly in the hands of private, and, for aught he knew, a secret association, which controlled its management and monopolized its employment. If a tyranny existed which compelled the taking of all employes of the Government printing office from one organization to the exclusion of all other like working people in the United States, there ought not to be another dollar appropriated until that tyranny should have been overthrown and the Government printing office opened to every person in the country skillful enough to do the work whether he belonged to this association or not. He wished to know whether the public printer submitted willingly to this dictation or whether he protested against it.

Senator Anthony—"What is the use of his protesting when we have imposed upon him by law the rates of wages, which are higher than those fixed by the association?"

Senator Hale—"But do we impose upon him the necessity of being controlled by this association as to the men he employes?"

Senator Anthony—"We do not, but if he does not obey the behests of this association then the office stops."

House.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—Immediately after the reading of the journal the Speaker proceeded to call the committees under the "Pound" rule.

Mr. Randall, under instructions of the Committee on Ways and Means, called up the bill to prevent the importation of adulterated or spurious tea, and, there being but one objection, it was considered amended and passed.

Several other bills were called up and objected to.

Mr. Belmont reported back a resolution calling for information respecting so much of the Hawaiian treaty as relates to Sandwich Island sugar. Adopted.

Mr. Miller, from the Committee on Elections, submitted a report on the South Carolina contested election case of Lee vs. Richardson, granting the contestant leave to withdraw papers without prejudice.

Mr. Burrows (Mich.) from Special Committee on Improvement of the Mississippi River, submitted a majority report, which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Hill (Ill.), and Senator Butterworth have leave to file a minority report.

Mr. Kelley, bills were introduced as follows: Free of duty articles for exhibition to be returned after exhibition, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Randall, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the bill making appropriations for the payment of certain claims for stores and supplies reported by the Quartermaster-General, and for the payment of the claims for the destruction of certain vessels reported by the Secretary of the Navy, and moved that the House proceed to the consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, the pending question being on the amendment reported from the committee of the whole granting $5,600 to the legal representatives of Andrew Herron, of Louisiana, late member of the Forty-eighth Congress. There was a good deal of opposition manifested to the proposition to appropriate money for the benefit of the heirs of a man who had never served as a Representative and the amendment was lost. Yeas 53; nays 150. As there was in the bill a similar allowance to the family of the late J. T. Updegraph, of Ohio, as member elect of the Forty-seventh Congress, it was struck out by unanimous consent. The bill was then passed.

THE PRIESTS' SAVINGS BANK.

It Fails for a Big Amount—The Poor Depositors.

LAWRENCE, MASS., February 24.—Seven suits are instituted against the Augustinian Society, a Roman Catholic organization formed here in 1870 to receive deposits of parishioners of the church. Attachments have been issued for $27,000, and more are likely to follow. The society was formed by priests and subsequently chartered by the Legislature, with authority to hold property not exceeding $200,000.

Large amounts of real estate, including church property, has been conveyed to the Society since 1881. When Father Regan took charge of its affairs, depositors had a difficulty in securing deposits, and several claims have been entered against it. They have been selling real estate for some time past and have been a large borrower of money from the banks. At a meeting of the depositors the latter were notified no money was left, but the Society would endeavor to pay them at the rate of $24,000 yearly. The indebtedness was placed at $300,000 to depositors, and $200,000 to mortgage-holders. The depositors number seven hundred, the majority being poor female mill operators. It is generally believed this is the culmination of several years of gradual depreciation of affairs of the society. Father O'Donnell, one of its first controllers invested largely in railroad stock, resulting in heavy losses. In addition to the poorer depositors there are several heavy deposits from $16.000 down to $5.000. Much excitement exists and a statement of the society's condition will probably be made at a meeting of prominent Catholics on Sunday. Anxious depositors continue to pour in attachments.

CAUSE OF THE CRASH.

BOSTON, February 24.—The Herald says of the Augustinian Society, that its actual debt in round numbers is $540,000. Deducting mortgages to $110,000 there remains due the depositors $429,900. When the society was first formed the Catholics began to deposit their savings with Father O'Donnell. His death occurred in 1881 and a deficit of $150,000 is said to have existed then. The interest had always been large, equaling or exceeding 6 per cent, and as the deposits had not generally been well invested the result has been that a considerable portion of the deposits have been paid out in interest, but by far the greatest cause is found in the fact that in 1872 the society, then having a debt of $150,000, it began a new church, adding to the debt $300,000, and using the money of depositors to meet this amount, with the exception of $84,000, which was raised by subscription. In addition to the burden enumerated there is another of large magnitude.

For twenty-five years the society has maintained the Parochial Schools at an estimated expense of $175,000, including $40,000 expended in remodeling the old church for school rooms. To add to this load the society five or six years ago accepted charge of St. Lawrence Church and the Church of the Immaculate Conception, which had been considerably in debt. The depositors and public generally are convinced this result has come about through bad management and is in no sense the result of roguery. The clergymen now in charge made a full exhibit of the condition of the institution and admit the money of the depositors is gone. They claim that by reducing expenses and strengthening the revenues of the church, they can eventually pay off the debt in full, but the question of interest must for some years to come be held in abeyance.

A Nun's Funeral.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, February 24. — An impressive and solemn ceremony occurred in the little chapel of the Convent of the Sisters of Mercy, on Wabash avenue and Twenty-ninth street. It was the occasion of the funeral services over the remains of Sister Mary Alphonsus, who died at the Convent early Wednesday morning. Sister Alphonsus was something over fifty years of age, and had been a member of the Sisters of Mercy for thirty years, twenty-five of which were spent in charitable work in the city of Chicago. She was born in Galway, Ireland, and belonged to a wealthy and influential family, her father being a captain in the British Army. The best society was open to her at her home, but she determined, when very young, to devote her life to religion. She entered the Novitiate of the Order of Mercy in Galway when she had attained the age of womanhood, and upon the conclusion of her term of probation she was allowed to make her vows of perpetual chastity, poverty and obedience. She was sent to the Chicago mission, where she arrived in the spring of 1854. From 1855 to 1856 she was superior of the convent in Galena, but returned to Chicago the following year to take charge of the old Mercy Hospital on Wabash avenue.

Illinois Legislature.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., February 24.—After the reading of the journal in the House there was a motion to suspend rules to receive the report of the Committee on Appropritions on the subject of relief for the Braidwood sufferers, which was lost, there being a determination among some of the members that there should be no business done. A long struggle ended in a triumph for a motion to suspend the rules to receive the resolution for the relief of the sufferers from the floods. No quorum voted, though repeated calls of the House showed a quorum present. At length, after a seemingly endless rounds of roll-call and house-call, the House stood adjourned till Monday morning.

No Panic.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, February 24.—The Times this morning editorially says: "The merchant or the manufacturer who has held his business well in hand, who has not undertaken more than he can perform, who has not set up men in business for the mere purpose of securing customes and who has not drawn all his surplus and cut into his capital to gratify extravagant habits or to supply losses in gambling ventures on the stock board or the Exchange, need have no apprehension. If there are failures to come they must have considerably more significance than any that have occurred of late to justify the predictions of croakers, There is no panic in the air."

Two More Victims.

NEW YORK, February 24.—The funeral of the two remaining victims of the Fourth street school took place this morning from the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer. The names of the two children were Katie Gerlach and Louisa Florens. The church was densely crowded. The services were brief and simple, consisting of merely reading the prayers for the dead according to the ritual of the Catholic church. The bodies were interred in Calvary Cemetery.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 24.—It is stated that letters have been received by the authorities conveying threats to blow up the Kremlin, at Moscow, when the Czar is to be crowned. Search was made, but nothing indicating the preparations for the destruction of the palace was revealed. A close watch is being kept, and the public not allowed to enter the building.

England.

LONDON, February 24.—W. S. Crawford, the well-known turf man, is dead.

MAC ADARAS.

LONDON, February 24.—Gen. MacAdaras telegraphed Trevelyn, Chief Secretary for Ireland as follows: "I am willing to submit to the most rigid scrutiny of my actions."

Ireland.

DUBLIN, February 24.—Harrington, secretary of the Organizing Committee of the Land League, now in jail for using intimidating language, was elected without opposition to a seat in the Commons for Westmeath.

France.

PARIS, February 24.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day a vote of confidence in the Government passed. 368 ayes, 93 noes.

Germany.

COPENHAGEN, February 24.—Prussian officials are enforcing the new regulations in Schleswig with moderation.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

A Message From the Governor About the Penitentiary—The Legislature.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., February 24.—A message from the Governor, referring to the Penitentiary fire of yesterday and making suggestions and recommendation in relation thereto, was sent to the House this morning. The Governor says that in addition to the serious loss entailed upon the State by the destruction of the property a further loss will be sustained by the enforced idleness of the large number of convicts, whose employment constituted of a large part of the prison's earnings. Attention is invited to the necessity for immediate provision to rebuild the burned shops, the moral discipline of the prison demanding prompt action. The construction of Water-works and the procurement of engines and other appliances for the extinguishing of fires is strongly urged. The necessity for a change in the criminal laws is dwelt upon. In the opinion of the Governor the burning of the Penitentiary or any occupied building therein with the intention of exciting a mutiny or insurrection in the prison or with any lawless intent should be made a capital crime. The Governor recommends the extension of the walls of the prison or the establishment of a branch Penitentiary in some part of the State, and concludes his message by asking that, inasmuch as the Governor is held responsible for the management of the Penitentiary, he should be made a member of the Board of Inspectors of the institution.

No new bills were introduced in the House. The railroad bill prepared by the Committee on Internal Improvements to take the place of all other bills pertaining to the subject and introduced by Harmon several days ago, has been considered by the committee and its passage recommended.

In the Senate the Committee on Judiciary reported adversely on the House bill making constables elected for four years instead of two years; also against the adoption of the House bill making certain property exempt from execution for personal services. The bill to prevent persons afflicted with any infectious disease from attending school was recommended for passage. The joint and concurrent resolutions in reference to the duty on salt was read at length and signed by the President.

THE FLOODS.

No More Aid Needed at New Albany—News Elsewhere.

INDIANAPOLIS, February 24.—The following circular has been issued by the Relief Committee at New Albany: In view of the appropriation made by the Legislature of Indiana, and of the large funds being raised in New York, Indianapolis and other places, a fair proportion of which we have assurance we will receive, the citizens of the Relief Committee of New Albany feel authorized to announce that hereafter it will be able, with such aid as it can obtain from our own citizens, to feed and clothe the destitute and helpless sufferers by the flood in this city and county, and to replace the necessary household effects, farming tools and implements, supply seeds and aid in repairing the houses of such of the sufferers as are unable to help themselves; neither food nor clothing will be given to any who are able to work and who refuse to do so, nor will the committee feel at liberty to extend assistance to any one, however heavy his loss, who has sufficient means to help himself. On behalf of the city and county the committee offer their grateful acknowledgment for the generous responses which have been made to their appeal for assistance.

[Signed] W. C. DEPAUW, President Relief Committee.
J. B. MITCHELL, Secretary.

At Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., February 24, 12:30 P. M.—The Government gauge now shows 52 feet, being a rise of 1½ inches since last night, being the highest water ever known here. The levees are all in good condition and large forces of men are kept on watch. The Alton gorge commenced passing here at noon, doing no damage. The river is now stationary at Paducah. Heavy rain last night; clearing weather at noon.

Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, PA., February 24.—The river has fallen to fourteen feet above low water. Travel is resumed on the west side.

The Rhine Inundation.

NEW YORK, February 23.—C. B. Ritchard & Co. report having transmitted the following additional amounts for the aid of sufferers by the Rhine inundation:

To Carl Frederich Von Levetsay, President of the German Reichstag, Berlin, from Sebawaing, Mich., (additional) 140 reichmarks; Berlin, Ont., 800; Reading, Pa., 8,718; Saginaw City, Mich., (additional) 54; Lasalle, Ill., 4,172. To Herr Liebnecht, Socialist delegate German Reichstag, Berlin, from Chicago Arbeiter Zeitung, 1,000. To Rev. A. S. Beck, Stuttgart, from Cleveland, O., 3,000. To Jac Koechele, Stuttgart, from Cleveland, O., 1,500. To Joahnn Engels, Cologne, from St. Paul, 355. To American Consul General, Frankfort-on-the-Main, from J. F., New York City, 20. Total, 19,759. Previously reported, 112,174. Grand total, 131,933 marks.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—South Atlantic States, cloudy weather and rain, slightly warmer, easterly to southerly winds, lower barometer. Gulf States, occasional rain, followed by partly cloudy weather, rising barometer in southern and western portion, southerly to westerly winds in western portion, winds shifting to north, with stationary or slight fall in temperature. Tennessee and Ohio, threatening weather and rain, and in eastern portion slightly warm, easterly to southerly winds lower barometer, in western portion, rising barometer, winds shifting to northerly and westerly by Sunday morning. Lower Lake, snow and rain, slightly warmer, northwest to southwest winds, lower barometer. Upper Lake, snow and rain, generally cloudy, easterly winds, becoming variable, falling barometer, followed on Sunday by rising barometer and stationary or lower temperature. Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, rain and snow, northerly to easterly winds, followed by rising barometer in southern portions, winds shifting to northwesterly, with stationary or lower temperature by Sunday morning. Lower Mississippi, Arkansas and Red Rivers will rise, Cumberland and Tennessee will probably rise Sunday. Cautionary signals continue at Ludington, Grand Haven, Milwaukee and St. Joseph.

BERNHARDT'S HUSBAND

Will Become a Soldier Because He Cannot Act,

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, February 24.—M. Damala, Sarah Bernhardt's husband, has written the following letter to the Gaulois:

"My Dear M. Meyer:

Several journals have circulated the rumor that I and Mme. Damala are to separate. This is not true, and yet there is something true which accounts for this false news. The fact is, I am finally going to leave the theater to resume my old profession of a soldier. France, which treats my wife as if she were a spoiled child, will, I hope, have room for me under the shadow of her flag. Being passionately fond of the stage, I deceived myself as to the possibility of at once taking a place not too unworthy of that which my wife occupies in the first rank. But, notwithstanding the indulgence with which I was received, I must be more severe toward myself than the public and press have been. Reason and honor call upon me to make a manly resolution, and therefore I renounce my dream of being an actor and resume the carrying of arms. This day I enlist in the Foreign Legion, and solicit the favor of letters of grand naturalization. I hope the motives for this determination will be understood, and I shall be greatly obliged to you to make it known to all who may be interested.

JOSEPH DAMALA."

It seems that M. Damala was once a sub-lieutenant in the Greek army.

The Preston Bank Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, February 24.—It is rumored that Kerr, the embezzling clerk of Preston, Kean & Co., bankers, is arrested in Australia. The bank people say the matter is in the hands of detectives and they have not been informed of the fact, if it is a fact. Mr. Preston, the senior member of the firm, put $50,000 additional into the bank to make good the defalcation. The bank is still greatly annoyed by the persistent circulation of rumors among its customers by Kerr and his friends.

Insane Asylum Investigation.

PITTSBURG, February 24.—The Dixmont Insane Asylum investigation continued today. Dr. Sevin, of Erie, Pennsylvania, resumed his testimony, but nothing of an important or startling nature developed. Capt. Fisher, of Erie, was called, and testified to Dr. Sevin's habits, which he stated were quiet. He believed them to be perfectly sane.

Death of a Poetess.

MILWAUKEE, Febrpary 24.—Fanny Driscoll, the well-known poetess and writer, died yesterday. She was married in December last to H. T. White, of the Chicago Tribune. She was suffering at the time from a slight cold, which developed into quick consumption. The deceased lady's writings were very popular in the Northwest and the country generally.

Bad Weather Again.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 24.—At seven o'clock this morning a fine drizzling rain began, freezing fast as it fell. Buildings and sidewalks of the streets, the telegraph wires, etc., are already heavily coated with ice. The effect is already felt by the railroads and in the telegraph offices. Serious interruptions to trains and wires are probable.

Michigan Senatorship.

DETROIT, MICH., February 24.—There were three ballots for Senator to-day. The Democrats concentrated on Lothrop, 40. Palmer had 31 in all three, Stockbride 28 the first two and 25 the last, Willets 14 and 12, the remainder scattering. Adjourned.

Probably Foundered.

BOSTON, February 24.—A special from Hull, England, says: The steamship Bynell Castle from the Black Sea with a cargo of cotton-seed and beans, bound to this port, is thought to have foundered and all on board to be lost.

The Passion Play.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Judge Donahue, in the Supreme Court, denied the application of Salmi Morse for an injunction restraining the police from interfering with his proposed rehearsal of the "Passion Play."

Cincinnati Journals.

CINCINNATI, February 24.—The books of the Morning Journal Company were opened to-day. All the stock was taken by holders of the stock of the Gazette Company and in the Commercial Gazette.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS,
Have just received the choicest styles and novelties of spring specialities from foreign looms. Call at 722 Pine street.

Suicide by Shooting.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 24.—Albert J. Howell, broker, of the firm of Howell Cropser & Co., committed suicide by shooting, at noon to-day. Poor health the cause.

PARTIES who were refused at the polls, and all others prevented from voting, or having any knowledge bearing upon the late election for Congressmen in the Ninth Congressional District, held in this city on the 7th of November last, will please call or address E. Fox, at Dr. McLean's store, corner Broadway and Biddle, immediately. Information is wanted relative to contest now in progress between McLean and Broadhead in the Ninth District. Especially those who offered to vote the Independent ticket and were refused or prevented by the action of the police or otherwise.

BELLEVILLE.

The suit of George Killian against J. W. Thomas was compromised by agreeing on $1 and damages.

The water is falling in the Okaw River, and it is expected that the Cairo Short Line will commence running on schedule time next Monday. Mr. Hinckley, the superintendent of the road, has a large force at work near New Athens.

The case of Mahala Cloud vs. the city of Belleville, is on trial in the Circuit Court. Cloud was precipitated by a pole in the street and was injured.

ALLEN'S Brain Food is the most reliable tonic for the brain and generative organs. It positively cures nervous debility, nervous headache, loss of memory, and all seminal and sexual weakness. All druggists; $1 a bottle; six for $5.

OPTION TRADING.

The Attempt to Prohibit it Discussed by the Exchange Members.

The Granger Legislators of Illinois and Missouri seem to have one of their peripdical spasms of virtue just at the present time. Bills have been brought before the Legislatures of both these States to prohibit "option" trading. Besides the Carter bill at Jefferson City, E. G. Goddard, a well known St. Louis miller, has drawn up a cast-iron bill that will be presented shortly to the Missouri Legislature. There was something of a stir on 'Change over this move against speculative trading. A group of the members discussed the matter among themselves

"I think," said D. P. Grier, "that the Grangers must have been losing money lately and they've got mad and want to have revenge by stopping all trading in futures."

"The Grangers have'nt lost any money," returned R. S. McCormick, "and besides what could they do without option dealing?"

"They can't do without it," replied Alex. Smith "it would be impossible to transact the grain business now without the aid of the future trading. Davy, (to D. R. Francis) you will have to turn your attention to milling if this bill passes. There's more money in milling."

"I am about tired of this business anyway," said Francis "and I'm going to build a mill across the river with Frank Iglehart."

"The Grangers of this State are doing everything they can to hamper the trade of St. Louis," remarked President Ewald; "what with political inspections and prohibiting options, they will drive away all the business we have. I'll tell you what should be done. A barbed iron fence forty feet high should be built around St. Louis, the barbs to be very sharp, and an eighth of an inch apart. Around this fence let a Chinese wall be built. Then the State Grangers will be satisfied that trade can neither get in or out of the city."

"It's nonsensical," exclaimed Thos. Akin. "They can't pass such a bill. It's unconstitutional. Can they stop a farmer from selling his crop ahead? How can anyone tell how much of this option trading represents actual grain? A buyer may say I want the grain for milling or shipment: or I think well enough of it to buy for an advance. Can any one tell, after he has closed up his deals, how much of it represents actual grain? It would be impossible to define or draw the line between legitimate trading and what the Grangers call grain gambling. The dry goods man who sends over to Europe and buys his goods before the wool from which it is made is actually cut, is engaged in legitimate speculation. He believes that wool will be higher than what he could buy at the present time for future delivery. So with the grocer, who purchases a double stock of goods because he thinks they are cheaper now than they will be later on. He is speculating on the future. No, sir, they must prohibit future trading, for it would be unconstitutional."

"I tell you what we'll have to do," said J. C. MacGinnitie. "We will have to make St. Louis an independent principality pretty soon and let the whole State go to blazes."

"They may pass this bill in the House," remarked Webb M. Samuel, "but it will never go through the Senate. I suppose we will have to send some one up to Jefferson City to oppose this bill, and we don't want to send an active option trader, but some conservative member who, however, throughly understands the benefits of this style of trading."

Ohio and Mississippi.

On and after date (24th inst.) trains on the O. & M. road will run through to Louisville and Cincinnati without detention, making direct connection with all lines running East from Cincinnati and Louisville.

CRIMINAL COURTS.

An Arraignment of Prisoners—Motions Made To-Day—The Jones Case.

In the Criminal Court this morning Mr. John G. Boyle moved the court to admit Thomas Brennan to bail. Brennan was a witness to the killing of John Smith by Mike Welch who was indicted, tried and convicted of murder in the first degree. The Circuit Attorney, on reviewing the facts, accepted a plea to murder in the second degree, and Welsh was sent to the Penitentiary for ten years. Brennan was afterwards indicted as an accessory of the fact. The matter was laid over until Monday.

The following prisoners were arraigned in the Criminal Court this morning and pleaded not guilty: Frank Fister, Albert Lee and Fred Wilson, grand larceny; Alex Krueger and John Fleming, arson third degree; Geo. Lee, Frank Schileck and Arthur Bond, burglary second degree and larceny; Sadie Ross, assault to kill; John Nelson and Thomas Brennan, murder; James Thomas, alias Tom Toomey, and James Murray, robbery in the first degree, and Frank Walsh, attempted indecent assault. James Walsh pleaded guilty to assault to kill. All these matters will be docketed for the next term, which begins the first Monday in March.

By stipulation the motions in the case of Matt Lewis, convicted of murder in the first degree, go over until next term.

Arguments in the Emmet murder case were made to-day in the Criminal Court. Mr. Marshall F. McDonald making the opening presentation of the State case. Messrs. McEntire Bass spoke for the defendant. The case was given to the jury this afternoon.

The law docket in the Court of Criminal Correction was laid over until this mornıug.

JOHN M. GLOVER.

The Junior Counsel For Frank James Tells About His Client.

John M. Glover, junior counsel for Frank James, has just returned from Gallatin, Mo., where he attended the formal arraignment of his notorious client. A POST-DISPATCH reporter met Mr. Glover this morning and at once commenced to question him about the famous bandit and his prospective trial in Daviess county. He was not willing to say anything at first. Frank James has to meet three indictments for murder and one for robbery returned by the grand jury of Daviess county. Mr. Glover attended the arraignment in court at Gallatin on Monday morning, when Frank James entered in person the plea of "not guilty."

"When will the trial be reached?"

"About the third Monday in June," said Mr. Glover. "I am not anxious to say much about the case. You understood that I am not the leading counsel?"

"What are the charges in Daviess county against Frank James?"

"I can tell you that. One indictment charges that Jesse James killed Conductor Westfall in the Winston train robbery; Frank is charged as an accessory to the murder. A second indictment charges Frank with the murder of one McMillan, a passenger on the Winston train. A third indictment charges Frank with the murder of Sheetz, a bank cashier at Gallatin, and a fourth indictment charges him with the robbery of the express agent at Winston."

"Did you accompany your client to Gallatin?"

"No, sir. He was removed last week from the custody of the Jackson County authorities at Independence to the custody of the jailor at Gallatin without any notice being given to his attorneys, C. P. Johnson, Phillips & Slover, W. M. Rush, or myself. He was transferred under an order signed by Judge White, of Jackson county. The defendant's counsel were surprised by this action."

"Was there much excitement at Gallatin?"

"Frank had been confined there some days before the arraignment, but his appearance in court created a strong interest on Monday. The yeomanry from all the country around were on hand, and the court was crowded."

"What was the general feeling at Gallatin?"

"The people there want a trial on the evidence. They commend Frank's course in surrendering to the authorities of the State voluntarily, and some thought that an application for bail might be favorably entertained. No such application has been made, however."

"What are the chances at the trial?"

"I do not think that the evidence will convict him. All the appearances favor acquittal of the charges in Daviess county."

"Will he be vigorously prosecuted?"

"Yes, I should say so. At Gallatin it is said that the parties actually engaged in the prosecution are Messrs. Shanklin & Low, attorneys for the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad. The prosecution in court, however, is represented by Prosecuting Attorneys Wallace and Hamilton, of Jackson and Daviess counties."

"How is Frank James bearing his confinement in jail?"

Well the looks thin and pale, but he bears it cheerfully. The Jail at Gallatin is a small structure behind the Jailer's residence. Frank has an upper cell to himself. He is confident of being cleared of any complicity in the Winston robbery.

All the Great Pianists
Who have played here in the past two seasons have used the
HENRY F. MILLER PIANO,
the most durable piano made and destined to become the favorite piano of America.
J. A. KIESELHORST, 2706 Market st.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE total number of deaths from all causes this week was 139.

DR. HOLLIFIELD, of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church, will preach for Dr. Lewis at night.

A SURPRISE party will be tendered to Miss Annie Brownley, at West St. Louis Turner Hall, on Saturday evening, March 3d.

JAMES JUDGE was fined $50 by a jury in the First District Police Court to-day on a charge of frequenting a disorderly house.

LIVINGSTONE H. GARDNER and a family of wife and four children are reported in destitute circumstances at No. 3015 Broadway.

REV. DR. LEWIS, of St. John's Church, who has been confined to the house for the past week, will occupy his pulpit to-morrow morning.

DURING the recent severe cold snap over three hundred hydrants burst, and an average of $4 each was required to put them in repair.

LOUIS HARTMAN had his right leg broken by a piece of timber falling on him while at work in a saw-mill, corner of Dock of Kennet streets yesterday. He was taken to his home, No. 3421 North Tenth street. Hartman is 62 years of age.

ON THURSDAY the St. Louis Cotton Transportion Company loaded eighty bales of cotton on a car of the Pennsylvania road for shipment to Liverpool. This is the greatest number of bales ever placed in one car. The cotton was compressed by the St. Louis Compress Company.

THE ladies of the North Presbyterian Church will give a Pink Tea Party in connection with a musical and literary entertainment, on Thursday eve, March 1. Some of the best known literary names in the city will take part. An exceedingly interesting time may be looked for. Only 25 cents admission to both tea and literary exercises.

DR. LOFTON will preach at Park Avenue Baptist Church Sunday morning on the subject, "The Only Religion of Life and Immortality." In the evening his theme will be "The Dignity of Man." The series of meetings at Park Avenue Baptist Church have increased in interest and numbers during the past week. They will be continued during the present week.

Baby Carriages.
All persons wanting baby carriages are requested to see our line before buying. A few of last year's samples of carriages and bird cages at greatly reduced prices.
SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

The Probate Court.

The will of Ann Lumaghi, bearing date February 5, 1883, was admitted to probate today. The property is left to the husband for the benefit of the children.

Letters of administration were granted today to William Tepe, administrator of Philippine Busch, estate valued at $2,500, and to Chas. Whitney, administrator of William Veitch, estate valued at $22,500.

Letters of administration were granted today to Henry Hitchcock, executor of Laura M. Collier; estate valued at $150,000. The will provides that Henry Hitchcock and M. Dwight Collier shall be executors and manage the property, and shall pay to Mrs. Mary A. McPherson, mother of testatrix, an annuity of $3,000, or in the event of her death the sister Sophie E. McPherson shall receive $1,500 per annum so long as she remains unmarried. All the personal effects are bequeathed to the two sisters. The residuary estate is to be held for the benefit of the brothers-in-law William B. and Maurice Dwight Collier and the sisters-in-law Mary C. Hitchcock and Margaret D. Hitchcock.

Table Cutlery.
Do not purchase your table cutlery before seeing our line of carvers, table knives, etc.
Our silver-plated forks and spoons are selling at prices that well merit your attention.
SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

Federal Court Litigation.

Chas. E. Coburn and Harriet F. Billings, of Chicago, have entered suit in the United States Circuit Court against John F. Clarke, of this city, for alleged infringement of the Stevens Patent for Improved Egg Cases. The same firm also enters suit for the like purpose against O. N. Brainerd & Co.

The Philadelphia Safe Deposit Trust and Insurance Company and William L. Du Bois have entered suits on coupons against Scotland county, on account of its subscription to the Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska road.

Suits on coupons were entered to-day by E. C. Tittmann in behalf of J. N. Green, Frederick D'Oench and Albert D'Oench against the county of Cape Girardeau, in respect of its subscription to the Cape Girardeau and State Line Railroad.

Darleiden Aggressive.

Messrs. Gottschalk & Bantz have followed up the slander suit against Police Commissioner Lutz by another suit, filed this afternoon, claiming in behalf of J. B. Darleiden $6,000 damages against the aforesaid Police Commissioner. Mr. Darleiden asks $1,000 on account of deceit, alleging that Lutz falsely induced him to believe that criminal proceedings had been instituted against him. The second count calls for $5,000 damages for assault, alleging that Darleiden's whiskers were removed at the instance of Dr. Lutz.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Capt. Harry Parker, of Bissell's Point, has purchased a new row-boat for practice.

The Union Stock Yards Company will hold an election for directors on the 5th proximo.

The Filley Stove Manufacturing Company have put in a Hooker direct-acting steam pump to be used for subduing fires. The pump has a seven inch bore, a twenty inch stroke and a steam cylinder with a fourteen inch bore, and will deliver 30,000 gallons of water per hour.

LOCAL LAW-MAKERS.

Session of the Assembly—Measures Considered—Bills Passed.

The Council met last night with eight members present.

The annual report of the Forest Park Commissioners was received as follows: Receipts, $40,151 42; expenditures, $27,923 83; cash in banks, $10,979 91; cash in hands of Henry Shaw, $1,247 69; the improvement fund had $48,000 in bonds.

After considering fifteen sections of the Belt Railway bill, and amending it in some unimportant particulars, further consideration was postponed until Monday evening next. A memorial was presented from Chas. Turner, and other residents of on Twelfth and Pine streets, asking that the Union Depot Railway Company be allowed to retain its tracks along Ninth street to Clark avenue.

Among the large number of bills passed and signed were the following:

Bill prohibiting the sale of fire-arms to minors under sixteen; authorizing the Waters-Pierce Oil Company to lay a pipe on Gratiot street; defining the right of the Mayor to remit fines, costs and executions in the police courts.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

The following bills were passed: Bill extending the franchise of the St. Louis Railway Company for thirty years; authorizing the Comptroller to contract for heating Union Market; amending the license law; fixing licenses of architects at $25 per annum, theaters $150, circuses $300 per week and $50 per day in excess of one week; prohibiting the sweeping of trash from houses on the sidewalks; authorizing the Commissioner of Supplies to purchase supplies in cases of emergency; authorizing the Park Commissioner to appoint a clerk at at $1,200 per annum; authorizing the erection of an Exposition building on Missouri Park; authorizing the State Fish Commissioners to use certain ponds at Forest Park; authorizing the Board of Public Improvements to submit ordinances for the maintenance of streets proposed for reconstruction; providing for the appointment of plumbing inspectors; to abolish opium dens.

The bill authorizing the reconstruction of certian portions of Lucas place, Locust and Pine streets with asphaltum was ordered to engrossment.

THE RAILROADS.

Situation of the Various Lines as Regards the Floods—Notes.

Mr. Geo. F. Brown, General Superintendent of the Pullman Palace Car Company came down from Chicago this morning.

Capt. C.W. Rogers, General Manager of the 'Frisco returned last night from a week's trip over the line and reports everything in excellent condition.

Mr. J. L. Hinckley, superintendent of the Cairo Short Line, wired J. S. DePew this morning that the rapid falling of the water in the Okaw River would enable him to let over trains from both ways to-night, and that he would begin to move freight trains this afternoon. The O. & M. trains to-day are running their own track the entire distance to Cincinnati to-day, the break having been closed up last night. The C., B. & Q. bridge over the Illinois River at Beardstown was considered unsafe last night, and trains for the time being abandoned, but this morning the bridge is pronounced perfectly safe, and trains from both ends of that division left as usual this morning. The St. L. & C. is still unable to get into Cairo and is compelled to transfer at the Okaw, but Superintendent Hamilton says they will be able to cross by Monday. The Cairo Division of the Wabash is in great trouble, too. For quite a distance out of Cairo the line is at places deeply submerged and at Vincennes the Wabash River spreads over it indiscriminately, but mixed trains are being run between submerged points and the best made of a perplexing situation. On the Quincy Division, also, the Illinois River is causing them much trouble. The L. & N. are still cut off and run trains only from Quinis Lake, about thirty miles out of the city.

The Art Exhibition at the Pettes & Leathe Gallery.

Probably no collection of pictures ever attracted so much attention among those interested in art as the one now on exhibition at the Pettes & Leathe galleries, and which is to be dispersed by the popular plan of selling by auction to the highest bidder, on next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings. By an actual count the number of visitors to the galleries from Wednesday till noon to-day reached 4,643, and the opinions expressed have been almost unanimous in favor of the collection surpass

...AL LAW-MAKERS.

...he Assembly—Measures Con...ered—Bills Passed.

...ll met last night with eight ...ent.

...report of the Forest Park ...rs was received as follows: Re... 1 42; expenditure, $27,923 82; ..., $10,979 91; cash in hands of ..., $1,247 69; the improvement ...000 in bonds.

...ering fifteen sections of the Belt ...and amending it in some unim...iculars, further consideration ...d until Monday evening next. ...as presented from Chas. Tur... residents of on Twelfth and ...sking that the Union Depot ...any be allowed to retain its ...hird street to Clark avenue. ...arge number of bills passed ...re the following:

...g the sale of fire-arms to mi...tors; authorizing the Waters... ...pany to lay a pipe on Gratiot ...g the right of the Mayor to re... ...s and executions in the police

...USE OF DELEGATES.

...ng bills were passed: Bill ex... ...franchise of the St. Louis Rail... ...ny for thirty years; au... ...e Comptroller to contract ...e Union Market; amending ...w; fixing licenses of architects ...ium, theaters $150, circuses ...and $50 per day in excess of ...rohibiting the sweeping of ...ses on the sidewalks; author... ...missioner of Supplies to pur... ...in cases of emergency; au... ...Park Commissioner to appoint ...1,200 per annum; authorizing ...of an Exposition building on ...Park; authorizing the ... Commissioners to use ...nds at Forest Park; ...he Board of Public Improve... ...nit ordinances for the mainten... ...s proposed for reconstruction; ...the appointment of plumbing ...abolish opium dens. ...thorizing the reconstruction of ...ns of Lucas place, Locust and ...ith asphaltum was ordered to

...E RAILROADS.

...the Various Lines as Re... ...the Floods—Notes.

...Brown, General Superintend...liman Palace Car Company ...m Chicago this morning.

...Rogers, General Manager of the ...ed last night from a week's ...ine and reports everything in ...dition.

...ckley, superintendent of the ...dine, arrived in Pevo this ...he rapid falling of the water ...River would enable him to let ...on both ways to-night, and ...begin to move freight trains ...The O. & M. trains to-day ... their own track the ...nce to Cincinnati to-...reak having been closed ...The C., B. & Q. bridge over ...ver at Beardstown was con...d last night, and trains for the ...andoned, but this morning the ...nounced perfectly safe, and ...th ends of that division left as ...rning. The St. L. & C. is still ...get into Cairo and is ...to transfer at the Okaw. ...Interstate Hamilton says ...e able to cross by Monday. ...vision of the Wabash is in great ...For quite a distance out of ...is at places deeply submerged ...nes the Wabash River spreads ...riminately, but mixed trains ...between submerged points and ...of a perplexing situation: On ...Jacksonville, also, the Illinois ...ng them much trouble. This ...ill cut off and run trains only ...cake," about thirty miles out of

...bition at the Pettes & Leathe ... Gallery.

...collection of pictures ever attracted ...on among those interested in art ...on exhibition at the Pettes & ..., and which is to be dispersed by ...n of selling by auction to the high ... next Tuesday, Wednesday and ...ngs. By an actual count the num... to the galleries from Wednesday ...day reached 4,043, and the ...ased have been almost unanimous ...collection surpassing all previous ...quality, variety of subjects and ...nce. The artists represented com... known and popular names of the ...s of art, French, Italian, German, ...erican, among whom we notice ...Luigi Loir, Chabry, Troullebert, Di ...ier, Van Thoren, Rosierse, ...man, Pelouse, Van Schendel, ...otte de Quivier, pupil of the great ...d many others. ...s favorite, Harry Chase, has several ...ling the superb work, "Riding at ...le of Wind." Tracy's splendid pic... ...reat dogs, "Gladstone and Peep ...ensation," are also included in the

...be, as is usual with all similar ones ...well-known house, without reserve, ...eputation is so well estab... this point that every one ...rt sale at the Pettes & Leathe ...confident that there is nothing but ...ding allowed. ...have not already seen this rare ...ould say, go at once.

...ITY PERSONALS.

...E. Warner, representing the ...e" Company, arrived in the city

...E. Joy, attorney at law, has re... ...dice from No. 100 North Third ...Chestnut street.

...W. Norton has returned to the ...rton is recovering from his re... ...f malarial fever.

...am H. Harvey leaves for San ...xas this evening, to join her ...is in business there.

...ley, of Lebanon, Ill., and Miss ...ne, of Fairburg, Neb., are visit... ...me of Mrs. H. Tyler Wilcox, ...15 Garrison avenue.

...mas L. H. Marshall, who left ...Ohio eighteen years ago, for the ...had been given up as dead for ...is visiting his brother, L. R. ...1315 Washington avenue. Dur... ...ged absence he has accumulated ...and honors. He will visit his ...ers in Illinois, Iowa and Ohio ...eturn to Kansas.

The Musica Union.

...the last concert given by the Musi... ...a great success and the immense ...ttured, would not one-half express its ...with those who have used Maguire's ...iron Cordial, the great tonic, brain ...ood purifier, nervine and stomachic. ...at to take and so effective that every ...delighted with it.

LACLEDE ROLLING MILLS.

...nored Negotiation for the Sale of ... the Work.

...It has been a current report in business ...cles for several days that negotiations ...re pending for the sale of the Laclede ...olling Mills. Mr. Fusz was seen by a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning and ques... ...oned concerning the rumor. He was ap... ...rently very much surprised to hear of the report, and stated that he knew of no such negotiations and he would be likely to know of them if there were any on hand. He declared it may be safely stated that there is nothing in it. He said that the works had partially shut down and would close out entirely this evening; this action was due to various causes, the fact that there was a good stock on hand, the high price of iron and the uncertainty of Congress' action on the tariff. About 600 employes are thrown out of employment by the shutting down of the works. Notwithstanding Mr. Fusz's denial, gentlemen on the inside track declare that the owners are anxious to sell, if a purchaser can be found.

TO-NIGHT'S SHOWING.

What the Exposition Boomers Will Set Forth at the Meeting This Evening.

The workers on behalf of the Exposition are abundantly hopeful of being able to make such an exhibit this evening at the Mercantile Club that the least sanguine of the project's well-wishers will be able to acknowledge that the goal is in sight and that the reaching of it is only a matter of either a little hard work on the part of the soliciting committees or of a sudden outburst of enthusiastic generosity on the part of the wealthy gentlemen who have for the past two weeks been watching with silent but eager interest the work which can not fail to result in the permanent benefit of all the interests of the city. It is difficult when there are so many committees at work, some of whom have made only partial reports, to make any exact estimate of the total amount of subscriptions at any given time, but it is safe to claim that, provided the street and steam railroads report to this evening's meeting as favorably as is expected of them—the anticipated figures being $30,000 for the former and $65,000 for the latter—the total amount of Exposition stock to be reported as subscribed will reach at least $450,000. This handsome sum will, perhaps, not include some very generous subscriptions on the part of the wholesale and retail salesmen, who have responded to the appeal on behalf of the popular enterprise with an alacrity and generosity which shows how thoroughly they have at heart the interests of the city where they live and whose business they daily increase by their energy and tact. The retail salesmen will report at to-night's meeting, at least, a total subscription of $5,000. The wholesale salesmen this morning organized their committee, which consists of Messrs. Martin Donohue, of S. C. Davis & Co., chairman; S. C. Bunn, of Crow, Hargadine & Co., and David Isman, of Rice, Stix & Co., who at once went to work. Mr. Dunn stated this morning that the committee were feeling very much encouraged, and that they believed some $5,000 would be subscribed in all by those whom they would call upon.

The brewers and maltsters have come forward nobly, and their subscriptions have grandly swelled the total which will be presented at to-night's meeting. Their contributions were as follows:

BREWERS' SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Name.	No. Shares.	Amount.
Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n	200	$5,000
Samuel Walnwright & Co	100	5,000
J. Winkelmeyer Brewing Ass'n	100	2,500
Jos. Schnaider Brewing Co	100	2,500
Chas. G. Stifel Brewing Co	80	2,000
Wm. J. Lemp	80	2,000
St. Louis Grone Brewery Co	50	1,250
Brinckwirth-Nolker Brewing Co	50	1,250
Green Tree Brewery Co	50	1,250
Anthony & Kuhn	50	1,250
Hyde Park Brewery Co	50	1,250
Excelsior Brewery Co	30	750
A. Griesedieck Brewing Co	30	750
Cherokee Brewery Co	20	500
John F. Heidbreder	10	250
T. Spengler & Co	10	250
Schilling & Schneider Brewery Co	10	250
Total	1,020	$25,500

MALTSTERS' SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Chas. Hoppe	25	$ 625
Chas. Ellermann & Co	20	500
F. Becker	10	250
Total	55	$1,375

Grand total for brewers and maltsters, $26,875.

Among other new subscriptions received are: Simmons Hardware Company, $2,500; Bridge, Beach & Co., $500; T. Walsh, $500; Ralph Sellew, $1,000; J. Besley & Co., $250; Excelsior Manufacturing Company, $500; L. W. Hemp, $50; Western Stove Company, $25. Received in response to circular, $1,275.

The POST-DISPATCH subscription list has received some additional names, and now stands as follows:

Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor Post-Dispatch	$ 5,000
W. C. Steigers, advertising ag't Post-Dispatch	500
John A. Cockerill, managing editor Post-Dispatch	200
John M. McGuffin, business manager Post-Dispatch	125
L. G. Rogers, cashier Post-Dispatch	125
Henry W. Moore, city editor Post-Dispatch	50
Charles F. Joy	25
Ben R. Davenport	25
S. D. Dunbargin	250
Bedart Patent Pulley Company	150
George McManus, treasurer Grand Opera-House	50
Meyer Goldsmith	25
Dr. Kolbenheyer	25
T. E. Podesta	25
George Wetzel	100
Alex. Young	50
Hugo Muench	25
John W. Norton	250
S. S. Metcalfe	25
Leon F. Gros	25
S. Metcalfe, Jr	25
Mount Olive Coal and Mining Co	250
W. H. Hicks, reporter Post-Dispatch	50
Hilzen Flink	200
Total Post-Dispatch fund	$7,575

A SPECIAL JUDGE.

Elected to Try the Windsor Hotel Conspiracy Case in the C. C. C.

An election for a special Judge to try the Windsor Hotel conspiracy case, in which Messrs. Engleke, Peck and Barrett are defendants was held in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning. Judge Noonan is disqualified from acting because he was Assistant Circuit Attorney and present in the grand jury room at the finding of the first indictment on which the prosecution was originally based. A meeting of the lawyers present was held under an order of Judge Noonan. Mr. Davis placed the name of R. S. McDonald, in nomination, and Mr. R. W. Goode that of ex-Judge Henry D. Laughlin. The meeting then proceeded to ballot for these candidates, of the twenty-eight lawyers who voted twenty-five announced themselves for Judge Laughlin, and only three for McDonald. The election of Judge Laughlin was accordingly declared.

Mr. E. P. Barrett says that the published statements that he is in cahoots with Livingstone in the Windsor Hotel war are untrue. He is only with Livingstone as far as he can advance his own interests. Livingstone is for prosecuting witness in the case of conspiracy in the Court of Criminal Correction, in which Mr. Barrett is defendant.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

James Leip was sent to Belleville this morning, being unable to furnish a bond to keep the peace

John Miller fell from the Wabash tressel works last night and sustained a fracture of the right arm and an ugly cut on the left cheek.

Julius May accused Anton Lodenburger of stealing a revolver and administered a sound thrashing to the accused. May paid $3 and costs on a charge of assault and battery, and withdrew the charge of larceny, paying costs.

Judge Wall, in the Belleville Circuit Court, this morning granted an injunction to the city of East S. Louis, restraining the Toledo, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad from laying tracks on Second street. It was rumored this morning that the ferry company would run its tracks from the levee to the disputed point, the injunction not being directed against them, but no such action was attempted up to noon. A large force of officers are on the grounds and should the attempt be made serious trouble will ensue.

LACLEDE ROLLING MILLS.

Settlement.

The creditors of Connor Bros.' yesterday afternoon, the firm executed a statement showing their ledger assets to be $93,270 69, and credits $38,918 10, leaving a surplus of $51,566 81 was pronounced good. A proposition to pay 20 per cent cash and 20 per cent in one year, without indorsers, was presented and accepted by creditors present.

STILL STARVING.

Livingstone Remains a Prisoner—Lively Scenes at the Windsor.

Mr. Livingstone and his wife are still barred up in their rooms on the first floor of the Windsor Hotel, and have not left it for nearly forty-eight hours. He is not allowed to see anybody and no one is allowed to go near his room, which fronts on St. Charles street.

A crowd of people, numbering nearly 200, are gathered this afternoon in the Olive Street Park, across the way from Livingstone's window, watching developments. Livingstone occasionally pulls up the curtain and looks down. He is cheered on these occasions by the crowd, but says nothing. He has passed most of the day writing notes and throwing them down to his friends on the sidewalk. Many of them fall into the hands of his enemies, and he has no way of getting answers at all. Twenty-five men, under the charge of A. J. Stiles, still guard every entrance to the building. A stout young watchman sits in the next window to that of Livingstone's, two feet away, with his feet hanging out into the street. He is said to be heavily armed, and is ordered to prevent all attempts to victual the fort held by Livingstone and his wife. An attempt was made about noon to put Mr. Livingstone in possession of the means of receiving answers to his letters. Geo. Plunkett, the watchman at the hotel, appeared under authority which surrounds Livingstone's window, with a ball of twine under his arm. He whistled and Livinstone came out. Plunkett threw up the twine, which Livingstone missed, after

NEARLY FALLING OFF THE BALCONY

in frantic attempts to grab it. Plunkett caught it up again, and Livingstone missed it a second time. As it came down, it was taken in on the fly by Bob McClellan, a young man who boards at the Windsor, but who is not at all friendly to Livingston.e Plunkett rushed for McClellan, and the latter's friends say that there would have been a fight if Plunkett had wanted it. The latter says he was too much of a man to hit the young fellow. Anyhow, McClellan carried off the twine, and Livingstone's improvised Post-office was not established. A POST-DISPATCH reporter was admitted at the front door of the hotel, after giving the pass-word The guard at the door had occasion to go out soon after, and passed a villainous revolver over to the man who took his place. Mr. D. C. Thatcher was found in possession, aided and abetted by his twenty-five men. Mr. O'Grady, Livingstone's attorney, succeeded in getting into the hotel about noon by stratagem and attempted to see Livingstone. The lawyer was mildly but firmly escorted to the door and shown out. Then he secured a ladder and four men and attempted to force an interview with his client by means of a ladder put up to the window on the St. Charles street front. The men were warned by Stiles and his watchman that they would be hurt if they tried any such games as that, and they desisted. Mr. O'Grady tried persuasion, but they would not hoist the ladder. Mr. O'Grady said that Livingstone had some provisions and wine in the room but that these were neither water nor fire, and that he could hold out long. He hinted that Livingstone would be out before day. He would not tell in what way the removal was to be effected. Mr. O'Grady said that at 2:30 p. m. he would enter the room, by the ladder, and risk the shooting that he declared that he would call on the police, and if they did not assist him he would invoke the Governor's aid in calling out the militia. Before that time, something happened, and Mr. O'Grady announced that he would probably withdraw from the case. Mr. Barrett, Livingstone's partner, also said he was done with the case, and he hoped Livingstone would have kept then for 48 days. Mr. C. H. Krum was up during the day, and the Thatcherites claim that he instructed them to defend the property against all comers at all hazards.

CHEAPER THAN POSTAGE—OUR WANT COLUMNS—20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS.

Not Involved.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., February 24.—The appointment of a receiver for the incorporated company of Brown Bonnell & Co., here caused by the failure of John V. Ayers' Sons, Chicago, does not involve any of Brown's or Bonnell's creditors, they having sold all stock held by them to H. C. Ayers and Henry J. Higgins over three years ago, and received pay in full. The concerns in which Brown & Bonnell are now interested, namely, the firms of the Mahoning Valley Iron Company and Bonnell, Botsford & Co., of this city, are in no wise affected by the failure and receivership.

Forgery.

CHICAGO, February 24.—A Helena Mont., special says: Charles Story, employed in the bank of Nelson Story, at Boseman, obtained $10,000 from the First National bank of this place and left Saturday. He has been arrested at Miles City with most of the money.

Held for Murder.

WILKESBARRE, PA., February 24.—Dennis Malley, of Shickshinny, held by the coroner's jury as the real murderer of John Briggs, was sent to prison with six others implicated, now in jail to be released on bail.

FOR SALE.

$12,000 HENRY CO. SIXES.
$7,000 BENTON CO. SIXES.
$5,000 CITY OF LOUISIANA SIXES.
$8,000 LAFAYETTE CO. (Davis Tp.) SIXES.
$15,000 LAFAYETTE Co. (Freedom T.) SIXES.
Also a good line of other first-class Bonds and Stocks. For particulars, call or address
WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 North Third st., St. Louis.

MONEY.

Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, February 24, 11 A. M.—The stock market opened at an advance of 1⅛ for Alton and Terre Haute preferred, 1 for common and ¼@⅜ for the general list. There was a slight reaction in the early dealings, after which the market became strong and at 11 o'clock recorded an advance of ¼@1, the Villard stocks, Missouri Pacific and New York Central the most conspicuous. Wheat ⅝@⅞ higher and firm; rather quiet.

Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Loans, increase, $2,038,900; specie, decrease, $1,495,000; legal tenders decrease, $1,330,200; deposits decrease $1,437,500; circulation, decrease, $44,200, reserve decrease, $2,065,825. The banks now hold $1,209,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F	103¾	103¾
4½ 5 cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	113¾	113¾
4 cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	119¾	119¾

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1886-87	Jan. & July	107	109
Mo. 6's	1888-89	Jan. & July	109	111
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	117	
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1895-98	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1867	Jan. & July	100	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1903-04	June & Dec	112	114
City 6's, gold	1898	June & Dec	115	117
City 6's, currency	1886-87	April & Oct.	105	107
City water 6's	1887	Jan. & July	106	107
City water 6's	1890	Jan. & July	109	110½
City water 6's	1892	Jan. & July	112	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	106	108
City 4's	1902	Jan. & July	101	103
County 6's, gold	1895-96	Various	115	116
County Park	1905	May & Nov.	118	120
County 7's, currency	1885	Various	104	106

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	104	106
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7's	1891	Jan. & July	110½	112
N. Mo. 1st m 7's	1895	Jan. & July	119	120
K. P. 1st m 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	107½	109
K. P. 1st m 6's	1896	June & Dec.	107	109
K. P. D. Ex. 7's	1899	May & Nov.	108	107½
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	98	99
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	112	114

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$185	
Land warrants, 120 acres	135	
Land warrants, 80 acres	90	
Land warrants, 40 acres	44	

Clearings to-day	$ 3,318,937
Balances to-day	557,063
Balances this week for 5 days	2,386,491
Clearances this week for 5 days	14,474,746
Clearances last week	16,311,307
Corresponding week of 1882	12,065,223

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	65½	65¾	64½	64½
Central New Jersey	70⅞	71⅛	69¾	69¾
Central Pacific	81	81	80	80
Chesapeake and Ohio	21¼	21¾	20¾	20¾
1st pref	30	30	29½	29⅝
do pref				
Chicago and Alton	130½	131	130½	130⅝
Chicago, St. P., M. and O	47⅞	47¾	46¾	46¾
do pref	107⅜	108	106	106½
Chicago, R. I. & P	121	121	120	120¾
Chicago, B. & Q	118	118	117	117
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	100⅝	100¾	98¾	99
do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O				
Chicago & Northwest	130⅜	130⅜	129¾	129¾
do pref				
Clev., Col., Cin. & I	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Col., Chic. & I. C	65	65	65	65
Del., Lack. & W	121¾	121	120¾	120¾
Delaware & Hudson	108	108½	107	107
Denver & Rio Grande	44¾	44¾	43¾	43¾
Hannibal & St. Joe				
do pref				
Houston & Texas				
Ind., B. & Western				
Lake Shore	108¾	109	107¾	107¾
Lake Erie & Western				
Louisville & Nashville	53¾	53¾	52¾	52¾
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis & Charleston				
Michigan Central	90½	92¾	90¾	91¾
Missouri Pacific	106½	107¾	106¾	107¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	30¼	30¾	30¾	30¾
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	47	49	47	49
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	125¾	126	125¾	125¾
Erie	36	36¾	35¾	35¾
Northern Pacific	47¾	47¾	46¾	46¾
do pref	83	83¾	82¾	82¾
Nashville, Chat. & St. L				
Illinois Central	142	142	142	142
Nickel Plate	10⅝	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜
Ohio & Mississippi	31¾	31¾	31¼	31¼
Ohio Central	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Ohio Southern				
Omaha & Western	25	25	23	23
Pacific Mail	41¾	41¾	40	40
Phil. & Reading	52½	52⅞	51¾	51¾
Rich. & Alleg	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
St. L. & San F				
do pref				
Terre Haute	58	59	57	57
Texas & Pacific	38¾	38¾	37½	37¾
Union Pacific	94¾	95¼	93¾	93¾
Wabash, St. L. & P	28¾	28¾	27¾	27¾
do pref	47	47¾	45¾	47⅛
Western Union T. Co	81½	81¾	81	81

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, February 24.—Prime mercantile 5@6. Bar silver 110⅞. Exchange steady at 82½ long, 85¼ sight. Governments ⅛ lower for 4½s registered and 4s; balance unchanged. States neglected. Railroads dull. Stocks—After 11 o'clock market dull and generally weak. At noon prices sold off 1¼. Missouri Pacific, Omaha and Canada Southern leading. Omaha preferred, after suddenly dropping 1, recovered ¾, but at noon receded ¼. Fives extended 103¾, 4½s 113⅞, 4s 119¾, 3s 103⅞. Pacific 6s '95 128.

T. S. FOSTER, Jr. W. H. BARNETT.
FOSTER & CO.,
COTTON GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago. 322 Pine street Room D

COMMERCE.

Call Board Chairs.

The sale of the extra chairs lately added to the Call Board resulted successfully today, eighteen chairs selling at $3,221, which, with the annual rent added of $10 a chair, brings the amount up over $3,400.

St. Louis and Chicago.

Local grain markets lower to-day. Wheat closed at $1 11¼ March, $1 13¾ asked April, $1 15¼ May, $1 14 June, $1 08⅝ July. Corn closed at 52¾ February, 54½ March, 54¾ April, 56¼@56½ May, 56½ June. Oats closed at 38⅝ February, 38½ March, 40 April, 41½ May. Provisions firm but quieter. Hogs higher.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, February 24.—Grain market higher at opening and declined. Wheat closed at $1 08 February, $1 08¼ March, $1 09¼ April, $1 14 May. Corn 56¼ February, 56⅝ March, 57⅜ April, 61 May, 60⅝ June. Oats—39⅝ February, 39¾ March, 39¼ April, 42 May. Rye steady at 71½ May. Hog product weaker. Pork closed at $18 02½ February, $18 07½ March, $18 30 April, $18 50 May. $18 65 June. Lard—9.70 March, 9.85 April, 10 May, 10.10 June, 10.20 July. Short ribs—11.40 February, 11.45 March, 11.60 April, 11.72½@11.75 May, 11.75 June, 11.77½ July.

Coffee.

NEW YORK.

January 6.70 bid; February 6.60 bid; March 6.70 bid; April 7; May 6.95; June 7.30; July 7.45; August 7.45 bid; September 7.60 bid; October 7.65 bid; November 5.70 bid; December 7.70 bid. Firm.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators and Warehouses.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883.

WHEAT.

Bushels.		Bushels.
No. 2 white	967	Rej. winter	15,566
No. 2 red	1,031,788	No. 2 Med	9,832
No. 3 red	17,822	In special bins	14,739
No. 4 winter	3,884		
Total, 1,094,605 bu.			

RYE.

No. 2	44,930	Rejected	5,520
Total, 50,450 bu.			

CORN.

New white-mixed	25,939	No. 2 yellow	
New mixed	129,557	No. 2 mixed	1,330,983
St. Charles white		Rejected	33,419
New white		High mixed	
No. 2 white		No-grade	972
No. 2 white-mixed	45,575	New white	2,825
Rej. white-mixed	16,457	In special bins	3,230
Total, 1,577,983 bu.			

OATS.

No. 2 mixed	143,667	No grade	
No. 2 white	3,457	In special bins	
Rejected	4910,		
Total, 152,034 bu.			

BARLEY.

No. 3 spring		In special bins	45,731
Total, 45,731 bu.			

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS.—Wheat—21 cars No. 2 red winter, 11 cars No. 3 do; 5 cars No. 4; 6 cars rejected; total, 43 cars.

Corn—70 cars new mixed, 9 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 6 cars new do, 6 cars rejected do, 164 cars No. 2 mixed, 17 cars rejected, 15 cars no grade; total, 287 cars.

Oats—7 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected; total, 11 cars.

Barley—None.
Rye—3 cars No. 2.
Total in, 344 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS.—3 cars No. 2 red winter.
Corn—21 cars new mixed, 50,000 bu No. 2 mixed, 8 cars rejected; total, 29 cars and 50,000 bu.
Oats—1 car No. 2.
Barley—None.
Rye—None.
Total out, 33 cars and 50,000 bu.

The Markets.

FOREnOON SESSION.

The grain markets started in strong and higher prices were paid for some time after the opening. Chicago was higher, as it was sleeting up there and the weather in the West was unfavorable—raining all through the country. New York and other Eastern markets were also up in price, but there was nothing encouraging in European cables. The advance locally had the effect of checking future trading, the shorts standing off resolutely and waiting for a turn their way or the appearance of the sun, and as the bulls could not carry the market without their opponents' help, trading fell flat, and the "pit" looked deserted at times. Shortly after 10 o'clock signs of weakness commenced showing up in telegrams, and soon the other markets went off in price, anticipated large receipts in Chicago on Monday, weakening the feeling there, and the home market at once followed suit, sellers coming forward freely and a very weak feeling prevailing down to the close, which was at declines for wheat of ¼c for March, ⅝c for April and July, and ⅞c for May and June from yesterday's close. Corn closed ½c higher for February, ½c lower for March, ⅛c off for April and ⅛@⅜c lower for May. Oats sold down ⅛@¼c lower for May. The cash market was a quiet one for wheat, as offerings were small and there was no urgency to the demand, but corn sold actively, and was taken mainly for shipment; white sold to the extent of offerings to feeders and order buyers.

Wheat—Receipts 4,732 sks, 28,000 bu. No. 2 red $1 11 @1 10⅝ regular; February $1 11@1¼ bid on noon call; March $1 12⅝@1 12, closing nominal at $1 11¼; April $1 14⅜@1 13⅝, closing at $1 13¾ asked; May $1 17@1 15¼; June $1 14; nominal at close; July $1 09 and late $1 08⅝ asked; No. 3 red $1 06 regular, $1 06¼@1 05¼ this side; No. 4 $1 01 in E. and bid for this side, rejected 91 in E. and bid for D.; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 12 bid for C.-E. & U.; No. 3 do $1 05 bid this and $1 06 E. side.

Corn—Receipts 592 sks, 167,200 bu. No. 2 mixed 53¼@52⅝ regular; February 53½ to 53, closing at 52¾ nominal; March 54⅛ to 53¼, closing at 53⅛ asked; April 55⅞ to 54⅜; May 57⅛@56⅝ to 56⅛, closing at 56⅛@¼; June 57¼ to 56⅝, closing nominal at 56⅛; July 58 bid, 59 asked; No. 2 white mixed 53½ bid regular; Rejected do 53 bid for C.; new do 54½ in St. L., 54½@54⅝ in C., 53¼ asked for a; New mixed 49¼@49 this side, 50¼ in A.; Rejected 48¼@48 this side and 47½ E. tide; No grade 44 in St. L.

Oats—Receipts 480 sks, 17,100 bu. No. 2, 38⅝ in U., 38½ in D., 39@38⅝ in E., 39 in St. L.; February 38⅝ bid, 39 asked; March 39¼@39⅜ asked; April 40⅝, closing at 40 bid; May 42 to 41¾; rejected 38⅝ in St. L., 38¼ in E.

Rye—Receipts —— sks, 1,650 bu. Entirely neglected, so far as grades were concerned, none being offered or bid for. A sample lot of prime sold at 63¾.

Barley—Receipts —— sks; 15,600 bu. As brewers are all being supplied from sales made some time ago for forward delivery, there is little inquiry for spot, but holders are firm as the stock is small. We quote rejected at 47@47½; No. 3 55@60; prime to strictly prime 72½@67½; choice 70@72½; fancy 75@80.

Flour—Receipts 6,006 brls. Although there was no especial change to note in this market the trade was quiet. Prices weak and in buyers' favor at the quotations given below. The feeling was also somewhat unsettled and the market generally in a more unsatisfactory condition than was desired. We quote: Extra fancy $5 45@5 60; family $5 35@5 40; choice $5 15@5 25; family $4 60@4 75; XXX $4 10@4 20; XX $3 65@3 75; X $3 25@3 35; superfine $3 10@3 20; fine $2 85@3 00; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $6@6 75.

Buckwheat Flour—Very quiet at $6 50 for Western and $7 for New York.

Cornmeal—Quiet at $2 95@3 00 on orders delivered; grits, pearl meal and hominy at $3 90@4 00.

Rye Flour—Firm at $3 90@4 25.

Millfeed was slow, there being only a slight demand. Sacked bran sold at 77@78 E. trk, 78 at mill, 80 f. o. b., and on orders at 85; bulk bran at 63@64 E. trk, and middling at 80 E. trk.

Hay—Receipts 223 tons. Market quieter and a smaller business transacted, the wet weather keeping dealers away, but prices were fairly held steady. This side—Prairie $7 50@8 50 for prime so strictly prime; $9@9 50 for choice to fancy; common to choice clover mixed $7@12 50; timothy $8 50@13 for prime to fancy, $13.50@14 for strictly prime; $14@15 for choice; $16 for fancy. East track—Mixed $6 50@11; timothy $11@13 for prime to choice; $14@15 for choice to fancy.

Provisions—Receipts 2,600 lbs hams, 318,885 lbs meats, 600 lbs lard, 50,188 lbs grease. Another strong market, though the tone was not so very stiff to-day as yesterday, nor was the movement as large, and an active business was transacted in dry salted meats, little being done otherwise, as offerings of other parts of the product were small. Spot sales of loose dry salt meats were at 9¾@9.80 for longs and 9.80@9.90 for c' ribs; shoulders were held at 7¼ and short clear at 10.10; shoulders sold up country at 6¾, freight 20, and at 7.10, freight 10, and c.r.s. at March at 9.65, freight 20, and bacon for March at 9.70, freight 20; packed bacon moved quietly at 11 @11 for shoulders, 10.60 for longs, 10¾ for c'ribs and 10.90@11 for short clear; latter loose at 10.85. In pork the only sales were for June at $18 75, May offered at $18 60, bid $18 55, and $18 bid for March and $18 25 for April. Prime steam lard had 11¾ bid. Hams 11¾@13. Tallow 8 for fancy cake. 7¾ for choice in oil bris; falling off lots and irregular pkgs 7¼@7¾; grease tallow 7@7½. Breakfast bacon 11¾@13. Grease 5¼@5¾ for brown. 6@7 for yellow, 7½@9 for white. Beef—Extra mess $12@16 per bri according to brand; $7 50@8 50 per half bri; dried 12½@13¾, strictly choice 16 per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 20 this side $1 15 on E. side per bri. Ground alum $1 15 per sack for round lots, $1 25@1 25 in a small way.

Highwines—Local market steady $1 15, with sales of 163 bris. Cincinnati firm at $1 14; Chicago $1 17.

Lead—Dull and unchanged, with sellers asking $4 25 for refined and $4 20 for hard. Spelter dull and nominal at $4 30@4 35.

Grass Seeds—Market rather quiet. German millet dull and weak at decline, worth 90@$1 05; common do slow at 55@67½; timothy in demand, but little offered at $1 60@1 75; clover quiet, old $6 50@7, new $7 50@7 75; Hungarian 80@90; red top 60@65. Sales: 1 car German millet $1 02½; 60 sacks timothy $1 65.

Hempseed—Unchanged but in larger supply and offered at $1 35@1 40.

Flaxseed—Firm at $1 25.

Castor Beans—One car at $1 50; 5,000 bushels to arrive offered at same, but not sold; $1 50, however, bid for spot.

CLOSING PRICES—1 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Grain.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—February $1 08; March $1 08¼; April $1 09¼; May $1 14.

Corn—February 56½; March 56⅝; April 57⅛; May 61; June 60⅝; July 61¼.

Oats—February 39⅝; March 39¾; April 39½; May 42.

TOLEDO.

Whe

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market Street.

TWELVE PAGES.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883.

HAVE all the politicians in the city who are courting popularity subscribed to the Exposition fund?

CITIZEN FINK shall be Citizen FINK still. His name shines bright among the subscribers to the Exposition.

BERNHARDT'S husband, DAMALA, has decided to quit the stage and join the army. The honeymoon being over he is ready for the distraction of war.

COL. FLAD thinks he can abate the smoke nuisance in the Court-house chimney. If this is true he will confer a great favor by abating it before the Fourth of July.

ANOTHER subscription from GEO. KNAPP and Company to the Exposition. Their total subscription now amounts to $0,000,000, and the success of the scheme is assured.

WE do not find the name of GEO. KNAPP & Co. among the brewers on the list of Exposition subscribers. They will probably put in their subscription with the distillers.

ILLINOIS also is agitated over a dog law. The rural legislator in Illinois thinks that each county should maintain ten or twelve thousand "yaller dogs" to keep down the "varmint."

THE news that the GLEESON-DONNELLY trial will cost the citizens of the State more than a thousand dollars prompts us to express the opinion that the citizens would rather have paid a thousand dollars to prevent the trial.

YESTERDAY was a proud and happy day for the *Globe-Democrat*. A convict set fire to the Missouri Penitentiary and enabled that paper to repeat its stereotyped cry of "Poor Old Missouri."

BILL CHANDLER could not do a decent thing if he tried, and his gratuitous insult to Commander GORRINGE shows what our naval officers have a right to expect from the political bulldozer who now wears the mantle of ROBESON.

OUR hap-hazard interviews to-day show that all classes of people in St. Louis are in favor of an Exposition building. There is no division of sentiment. Even the KNAPPS are in favor of the enterprise, though they haven't subscribed.

As some curiosity may still be felt to know how we arrived at the exact amount of the *Republican's* subscription to the Exposition, we hasten to say that it is done by guessing at the half and multiplying by two: as the arithmetic class says, "Twice 0 is 0."

THE bar of St. Louis is not alone in its belligerent proclivities. A New York lawyer, arrested the other day for an assault upon a boy who had pelted him with a snowball, had concealed on his person three loaded pistols, three knives, and a sword-cane. The movement of the Western ranchmen to disarm their cowboys is enabling the members of the bar to restock their arsenals.

THE first gun has been fired in the battle over the Mexican treaty, and the sugar-importing interest of the United States has pro-[illegible] an article in the treaty on the [illegible]ounts to paying the [illegible]vo cents a pound on [illegible] objection which [illegible]ered, but it should [illegible]rotest is not exact-[illegible]e treaty imposes a [illegible]s for the benefit of [illegible] American citizens or any class of them be taxed by a bill which merely allows all classes of citizens to get their sugar at the lowest cost and leaves the sugar-growing interest free to compete on even terms for the custom of this country and of all others. The only valid objection to this clause of the treaty is that it is a repudiation of the protection idea and a step in the direction of free trade, but this objection extends to the whole treaty and is not limited to any special clause of it.

A CRIMINAL prosecution cannot be maintained against an embezzler under Tennessee law if the money is returned before a conviction is obtained. Treasurer POLK'S friends can save him from the Penitentiary by making up the amount of his embezzlement. It is a criminal act for a citizen to recoup himself by compounding a felony thus, but in such matters, as well as in regard to the payment of debts, Tennessee has one code of morality for the citizen and another for the State.

SUCCESS ASSURED.

Although the returns of the week's collections for the Exposition are not in as we write, our estimate is that the meeting to-night will be able to record a gratifying total of more than $400,000 of subscriptions.

This is a most gratifying result, and secures the success of the undertaking beyond any possibility of failure. It is all the more gratifying because it has been achieved through the hearty coöperation of all classes of citizens and of all interests, and thus the Exposition is made a municipal affair enlisting in its support the widest possible interest.

The work of securing the remainder of the needed amount will be much easier now that every one who is called on will have the most postive assurance that he is taking part in a grand movement. Nothing succeeds like success, and many who would have hesitated to lend their assistance to a doubtful cause will come forward readily to swell the lists of subscribers.

The hardest part of the work has been done; all that now remains is a matter of detail of choosing between different plans and methods, and carrying on to completeness an enterprise which now has everything in its favor. We congratulate the public-spirited gentlemen, one and all, who have been carrying on the work so judiciously and vigorously.

A MONSTROUS STEAL.

It is to be feared that during the last week of the session Congress will pass a bill which has been favorably reported conferring upon JAY GOULD and C. P. HUNTINGTON a free gift of 14,000,000 acres of land valued at $25,000,000. This is the land grant which the Texas Pacific Road may earn by extending its line between the western boundary of Texas and the Pacific Coast, but of which it has not earned an acre by building a single mile of the proposed extension. Ninety miles east of the western boundary of Texas the Texas Pacific met HUNTINGTON'S Southern Pacific and stopped there. HUNTINGTON'S road was built from the eastern boundary of California through Arizona and New Mexico to a junction with the Texas Pacific in Texas, with the proceeds of the great Central Pacific and Credit Mobilier robberies, and without the promise of a single acre of land. Now it is proposed by the pending bills to enable these roads to consolidate in such a way that the consolidated companies will be entitled to all the lands which the Texas Pacific might have earned by building through to the Pacific, in addition to the lands already granted to the Southern Pacific along its line in California.

The passing of such a bill would be a continuation of that most outrageous and disgraceful chapter of American history which records the dealings of the legislative, executive and judicial departments of Government with the railroad corporations. In less than twenty years the latter were given over 200,000,000 acres of the people's patrimony, and all the provisions of the grants which seemed to forbid the conversion of this vast empire of land into a tax-free land monopoly have been overruled and nullified by the Supreme Court. That august body has twisted and turned its own decisions and interpretations of law at the behest of the corporation monopolists, until it has made for itself a record as indefensible as the dirtiest court that TWEED ever owned and controlled in his palmiest days. Department rulings have been made in the same shameless and defiant spirit, by which the monopolists have been enabled to gobble up an illegal excess of more than 10,000,000 acres of indemnity lands, and all this has been done simply to enable a dozen self-confessed bribe-givers to amass in a few years over $500,000,000 and to control property worth $5,000,000,000, thereby mastering all departments of Government and wielding a corrupting and predatory power such as has never before been exercised by so few men on this earth.

A new grant of 14,000,000 acres to GOULD and HUNTINGTON, for nothing but the bribes which they may pay for Congressmen's votes, might turn out to be that last feather which proverbially breaks the camel's back. In that case it might bring about that popular awakening which has been so long expected in vain. But from every other point of view such an act of Congress is to be deprecated. Every such gift has become an untaxable land monopoly and an engine of corruption. The only excuse for a land grant is to induce the building of a road where there is none. But in this case it is proposed to give 14,000,000 acres to a road already finished, built without such inducement, promised or implied, and built with some of the $45,000,000 which it was proved the Credit Mobilier fellows made out of a former transaction similar to this. Another objection is that we have already more than 100,000,000 acres of land withdrawn from sale and settlement on account of the grants to railroads that never have been built and never will be. Some of these grants have stood thus for twenty-five or thirty years, and yet no law can be passed to retore the people's right to occupy them. Last, but not least, it is about time to exhibit something like a qualm or spasm of decency, and to halt in this course of heaping wealth, power and homage upon the money kings whose undue influence notoriously scandalizes our courts and legislatures and rides rough-shod over constitutions and laws and popular rights.

WE are told that innumerable squirrels ravage the fields of California; that husbandry in Arizona has to contend against destructive swarms of field rats; that both rabbits and rodents make life a burden to the Texas farmer, and that a movement is on foot to import the mungoose from India to rid the country of those pests. It is to be hoped that this movement will proceed with more caution and circumspection than attended the introduction of the English sparrow. We expected the sparrow to rid us of caterpillars, moths and all manner of insects injurious to trees; but our climate has changed his appetite without impairing his amazing fecundity, and all he has done for us has been to drive away all our song-birds and fill the air of our cities with his "weary, day-long chirping, like high-elbowed grigs in summer grass." If the mungoose had wings, and could be warranted to clean out the English sparrow, all American cities would joyfully welcome the mungoose. But he seems to be good for snakes, rodents and such vermin only, and, like the sparrow and all other immigrants to this country, he may, in a generation or two, get far above his original business and become either a disorderly loafer or a bloated monopolist. It does not appear that the boasted prowess of the mungoose has appreciably diminished the swarms of venomous serpents and other vermin that infest India, and in this country he may prove himself a worse nuisance than any we now have. "Rather bear the ills we have than fly to others that we know not of."

THE fire in the Penitentiary yesterday, the first account of which appeared in our extra edition, is of course to be regretted, but it is hard to see how it could have been prevented, and no blame should attach either to the State or to the management of the Penitentiary. The policy of making the Penitentiary self-supporting involves the necessity of carrying on trades in which combustible materials must be used and always kept on hand, and no watchfulness or strictness of discipline can prevent a desperate convict from starting a fire among these materials, and if he has accomplices to prevent the fire service from being used the fire will certainly destroy valuable property. But the success with which the revolt of the prisoners was managed speaks very well for the efficiency of the discipline, and, although the State's pecuniary loss is to be regretted, all of that depends on the question as so whether or not it is good management in the State to carry its own insurance. It would have been no loss if the ringleader had been shot in his attempt to escape, but as he and his fellow-rioters will probably get an additional sentence for arson, the interests of justice will not be injured permanently. We beg to offer our compliments to the citizens of Jefferson City, the State officials, legislators, lobby and others for the promptness with which they rallied to the cause of order. Their action will probably prevent any similar attempt from being made during a session of the Legislature.

THE *Republican* comes to the rescue of the LONGAN bill relating to legal advertising with the most remarkable assortment of arguments ever presented in favor of a bill. The present law requires the Circuit Judges of St. Louis to award the legal advertising to that daily paper with average circulation of more than 3,000 copies which shall make a bid and give a bond to do the printing at the cheapest rate. The new bill merely proposes to dispense with all question of price and to allow the Judges to award the contract to their political organ if they happen to have one. The *Republican* attempts to make the following points against the present law and in favor of the substitution of the new law: First, that "there is a general looseness about the act," whereas the real objection to it is that it is so tight that no other paper except the successful bidder gets the legal advertising. Second, that "grave doubts exist of the constitutionality" of the old law, while the new law is open to the same objection. Third, that "there are numerous complaints of overcharging to the extent of 30, 40 and 50 per cent," which is a willful, malicious and deliberate lie; and, fourth, that the advertisements do not appear in all our editions—a complaint which was manufactured in the *Republican* office, as we have not heard it insisted on by any one of the tens of thousands of legal advertisers. If the stupid old *Republican* wants the LONGAN bill to pass it would do well to quit defending it.

AMONG the provisions of the civil service reform bill is one which requires appointments to be distributed among the several States in proportion to population. If this provision is enforced it will compel the New England States and the District of Co[lumbia] to give up several hu[ndred clerk]s which they now hold through superior impudence. Of course a protest will go up against the discharge of those clerks, but what is to be done? It is not for the Civil Servic Commissioners to change the law, but to strictly enforce it, and in enforcing it they have no right to say that one section shall be enforced and another one ignored. There is no small amount of poetic justice in the retribution which overtakes New England in this matter. It appears that while New England has been protesting against the spoils system, New England has taken exceedingly good care to get more than her share of the spoils. The whole country will witness with delight the exodus of the excess of the New England clerks from the departments.

IN the spring an old man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of the nuisances which he has to endure at the hands of the builder in this same city of St. Louis. In spring the enterprising capitalist begins to tear down the old houses and fills the street with the choking dust of plastering pitched out by the shovel; in the spring we mend our roofs and fumigate the air by heating our furnaces of tar with a fire of tar; in the spring the cellar-digger never by any possibility leaves the sidewalk passable, nor are the public supposed to have any rights that the builder is bound to respect. We all respect and admire the man who builds houses. What would St. Louis be if there were no houses here? But is there no way by which building may go on and the rights of the public and their comfort be respected?

THE *Globe-Democrat* wastes a lot of its good space this morning in demonstrating that the POST-DISPATCH duplicated yesterday a special telegram from New York which appeared in the *Republican*. This is certainly true. That precious bit came to us by wire, as inquiry at the telegraph office will prove, but inasmuch as there is no competition between us and the *Republican* in the matter of printing news, we had no hesitancy about rerpoducing it. We carefully avoid duplicating matter that appears in the *Globe-Democrat* and other journals of widespread circulation, but when a piece of news gets into the *Republican* we regard it precisely as though it had slipped into a rat-hole, and insist that the reading public should not be deprived of its rights on account of such an accident.

THE tariff issue made its appearance in the Democratic Legislature at Jefferson City yesterday on the question of sustaining Senator VEST'S protection flop, and the Democratic Legislature, even like the Republican Congress, was brought to a standstill by the impossibility of removing both ways at once as it wished. This tariff issue is

"——the little rift within the lute
Which by-and-by will make its music mute."

WE should like to remind the O'DONOVAN ROSSAS, the MCGAHEYS, CROMES, SHERIDANS and other blood-thirsty patriots who break out whenever any public event in Ireland enables them to make themselves conspicuous that the best service they can render Ireland is to suppress their eagerness to force themselves on public notice. If they could succeed in making the people of this country believe that they were representative Irishmen, all sympathy for Ireland would disappear at once.

PERSONAL POINTS.

—"Ouida" has just received $7.000 for a fresh lurid novel.

—Editors' wives are very careless. An English traveler recently found a $1,000 diamond in a Niagara hack.

—Puck says: "Aged fishermen are usually the most successful. Long years of practice makes prevarication perfect."

—The Atlanta Constitution warns young men that it is the ruffian and not the gentleman who has need of a pistol pocket.

—Four-fifths of the daily press is calling upon Hazen to either let his predictions hit the weather once in five times or give up the job to a better man.

—Twelve women are managing a dozen theatrical companies in this country. Yet the Mormons think it takes a dozen women to manage one husband.

—The Empress of Austria has a little printing office of her own and is learning to set type. This shows that her thoughts are turning from field pursuits to the pursuit of wealth.

—The "V" on the new nickel seems to be meaningless. It may stand for V cents, V dollars, V anderbilt, or perhaps Alabamians wouldn't mind if it stood for V incent.—(Hartford Post.

—The diamonds worn by New York bartenders are said to be worth $350,000. The carbuncles worn on the noses of New York bar-patrons probably cost about $5,000,000, says the Philadelphia News.

—Susan B. Anthony is going across the sea to talk woman's rights to kings, queens and despots. As she recently received a bequest of $20,000, she may capture a French duke or an Italian count while abroad.

—Another English traveler notes the sadness characteristic of the faces of the American men of business. The trouble with these English travelers is that they are always running across merchants who never advertise.

—Philadelphia News: Jay Gould may be a very nice sort of a man, but he will never make any headway in New York society. He hates champagne, don't know much about polo, never chased an aniseed bag in his life, and cawn't dawnce.

A Road to Forest Park.

From the St. Louis Spectator.

A municipal absurdity, which should have been remedied years ago, is the existence of Forest Park without any means of reaching it. We doubt whether any other city in modern times has remained exposed in so ridiculous a position for a long time; but it is only now that we begin to hear talk of a charter for a street railway line to the park. There are two lines whose natural extensions would lead there: the Market street line and the Olive street line. The former line is not prepared to extend its line at present, but the Olive street line asks for a charter, and, of course, somebody wants it to go by a round-about way. Its route should be the shortest and most direct one, and we are glad to hear that, in case a satisfactory charter is granted, the extension will be finished by the 1st of July. It will be a boon to the [illegible] and a bonan-

SATURDAY CHAT.

THE death of good old Father St. Cyr, which, though not unexpected, brought a sense of personal loss to many of the old-time Catholics of the West, recalled with striking emphasis the newness of the great empire we inhabit. Father St. Cyr had preached in the old Cathedral which stood on the site of the present Cathedral on Walnut near Second. Not one of the churches now standing in the city had had its foundations laid then. He preached in Chicago, the first Catholic priest to preach a sermon in the first Catholic church which arose near the old Fort Dearborn. He lived in Ste. Genevieve in the days when that now sleepy village was the metropolis, or mother city of St. Louis, and when the solid men of the older town looked on the more rapid growth of the Yankee city up the river as something speculative and evanescent. It was all in the life-time of a man. Long as that lifetime was, there seemed to be as much of fitness as of fulness in it, for the old priest had that sweetness and holiness of life which the author of "Evangeline" must have known when he drew the picture of the Acadian Father Felician of Grand Pre, "priest and pedagogue both of the village."

SOME weeks ago the Saturday Chat spoke slightingly of the attainments in Greek of the frivolous girls of St. Louis, and lo! this week when Prof. Seaver, of Washington University, proceeded to give his promised reading in English of the great Greek plays, "The Œdipus of Sophocles," there was such an audience in the University chapel as filled the aisles uncomfortably. What was more, the audience listened with undiminished interest until the close, and the prospect is that whenever Mr. Seaver will favor the cultivated circles of St. Louis with further readings of the Greek tragedians, which are promised us, he will find that even the more ample auditorium of Memorial Hall will not be more than sufficient. Mr Seaver was one of the performers in the famous Greek play which was brought out with so much *éclat* at Boston.

THE common impression that the lecture is a discarded means of teaching or entertainment has been disproved by the experience of Washington University which is to be credited with the success of Mr. Seaver's first effort, and also with the very remarkable success of the admirable lectures of Professors Snow and Ives. Washington University is something more than a school: it is a center of intellectual culture in the widest sense and it is exerting an influence on St. Louis of which it has reason to be proud. It is building up the only aristocracy which has any right to exist in modern times—the aristocracy of learning, refinement and cultivation.

A PARTIAL measure of the intellectual life of St. Louis is found in the number of her sons who go abroad to perfect their education, and the Harvard Club has surprised itself and the university it is named after by the success of the first attempt to hold the preparatory and entrance examinations for Harvard in St. Louis. At the examinations last year ten candidates presented themselves, five in each class, and all but one passed in the most creditable manner. Even better results are expected this year, and more ample notice will be given of the examinations. The object of the local examinations is to save aspirants the trouble and expense of the trip to Boston on a mere contingency, and also to develop a local interest in the college, not only in St. Louis, but throughout Missouri and throughout the Western territory tributary to St. Louis.

THAT marvelous little grasshopper, Lotta Crabtree, has been playing at the Olympic this week to crowded houses—as usual. Lotta has been a wonderful dramatic success, and is now quite rich. She has lost her voice, so far as singing is concerned, but her vivacious kicking, skirt-hoisting and saucy manner still captivate the class of people who are fond of Joe Emmet and negro minstrelsy. By the way, Lotta is essentially a negro minstrel. In the early part of her California career she "played on the end" in a female minstrel company at the Bella Union Theater, San Francisco. Sophia Worrell was the other "end-man," and our adipose friend, Wm. Smith, of the People's Theater, was the Interlocutor. Lotta is decidedly high-toned now and fond of arristocratic society. It is to be said of her that she is a good little well-behaved woman. There is no taint of scandal on her name.

APROPOS of Lotta, there is a young Englishman named Cecil Rayne, playing juvenile parts in her company, who is said to be quite a social favorite with the young actress, and there has been talk of a matrimonial alliance. Cecil is of fine family and is said to be wealthy. He is fond of the stage and adventure and is only "acting" for fun. His hands are not the least bit aristocratic, for they are as large as smoked haddock and he is as awkward as a stump-puller. But he is very handsome. With the exception of young Salvini he is said to be the most painfully execrable actor that ever knocked the dust out of the American stage.

IT would not be a bad idea for the Missouri Gymnasium to catch Muldoon on the fly and get up an exhibition in one of the theaters to work up a "boom" in athletics, such as our city needs. There is less amateur muscle in St. Louis than there ought to be, and it is a small fresh-water college that cannot turn out more cricketers, football players, runners, jumpers and amateur athletes with record than can be furnished by the whole city of St. Louis. An athletic club was started here four years ago, but it took just one freezing winter and one burning summer to kill it as dead as a maple tree in front of a public school. Positively, while St. Louis is on the boom, I think it would be well to pay a little attention to health and exercise and make another attempt at a revival of athletics.

THE NEW YORK PRESS.

What the Journals of the Metropolis are Saying Editorially To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, February 24.—The Times to-day says: "Mr. W. E. Chandler, the Secretary of the Navy, has apparently been at some pains to involve himself and his greatly mismanaged department in another and unnecessary controversy. This time Secretary Chandler has been snapping and snarling at Lieutenant-Commander H. H. Gorringe, whose reputation as an officer and a gentleman is certainly very far out of the reach of Mr. W. E. Chandler. Lieutenant-Commander Gorringe, having been 'interviewed' by a newspaper reporter, expressed himself as in favor of free [China]. Thereupon the Secretary writes to ask if Lieutenant-Commander Gorringe is in the pay of anybody. To this Gorringe replies that he is, as before certified to the Navy Department, receiving a compensation, while on a furlough, as a consulting engineer. Secretary Chandler, with gratuitous impertinence, responds that a naval officer has the right to give his 'unpurchased opinions,' but that he (Chandler) has heard a suggestion that Gorringe's opinions were given tor the benefit of interests not American. Stung by the sly insinuation Gorringe asks that this suggested charge shall be investigated and that he shall be brought face to face with the 'corrupt, unscrupulous and malicious coward,' who has made it. The upshot of the business is that Lieutenant-Commander Gorringe tenders his resignation to the President, who accepts it and Secretary Chandler declines to give up the name of the 'corrupt, unscrupulous and malicious coward' who has thus succeeded in worrying an accomplished officer into escaping from the United States Naval Service."

THE JOURNAL.

The Journal says to-day: "On the evening of Washington's birthday, Judge Noah Davis, Chief Justice of the New York Supreme Court, gave his estimate of Andre's character and acts. The English soldier was painted as a briber and corrupter, who had not the courage to face the dangers of a spy, but whose unholy ambition led him to a crime which ought to be a soldier's scorn. 'Instead of a British Generalship' said Judge Davis, 'he won a felon's grave, and his memory shall not rise to dim the fame of his judges.' The American people will evidently adopt Judge Davis' estimate of Andre in preference to the romantic interest with which Mr. Cyrus W. Field would clothe his character and fate, because they laughed at Mr. Field's toadyism and blew up his monument. It is now evident that if Mr. Field still clings to his desire to monumentalize this 'hero' he had better do so on English soil and not in the United States."

THE SUN.

The Sun gives this "advice to Congress:" "There is one short and safe road out of the present trouble: Abolish all internal revenue taxes, except those on distilled spirits. Leave the tariff as it is. Do these things, and the people will feel that the Forty-Seventh Congress has not existed in vain."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The convicts of Missouri are 'co-operating' with Governor Crittenden as earnestly as those of New York and Massachusetts are supporting Mr. Cleveland and Gen. Butler in their efforts in behalf of convicted criminals. There has been a serious mutiny in the Penitentiary in Jefferson City. Although none of the inmates got out they succeeded in setting fire to the shops, which caused a loss of $300,000. It is to be hoped that in their surreptitious communications with the convicts at Sing Sing, the emissaries of Tammany Hall have not hinted that incendiarism would be a good form of co-operation."

THE HERALD.

The Herald says: "Money for the relief of the sufferers by the western floods continues to pour in. The fund subscribed through the Herald has already reached $16,000 and the number of persons authorized to receive subscriptions has been largely increased. The number needing relief is not yet accurately known, but as the geographical extent of the destruction is slowly being made known the fact that the worst was not told at first becomes very prominent."

NUTS TO CRACK.

A Few More Problems for the Edification of Our Readers.

ST. LOUIS, February 12, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[1.] Here is one for your mathematical Muldoons: A straight tapered pole, 120 feet long, 39 inches in diameter at base and 2½ inches at top. The pole is planted 20 feet in the ground, and a ribbon 3 inches wide is tacked to top and wrapped around the pole at intervals of 1 foot until it reaches the ground. A bird takes hold of far lower end and unwraps the ribbon—what is the diameter of largest circle the bird can fly. JUMBO.

ST. LOUIS, MO., February 22, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[2.] Below I give you a peculiar problem in mathematics. No doubt you have seen or heard it before, but I think a great many of your readers have not. I would like to have somebody figure it out. Suppose a man thirty-five years old marries a girl of five years. He is thus seven times as old as she is. They live five years together. She is then ten years old and he is forty years. He is only four times as old as she is now. They again live five years and she is fifteen, and he seven times. He is then three times as old. How old will they have to live to become the same? I claim this as original at all; only entertainment for your "subs."

Respectfully F. S. P.

ST. LOUIS, February 12.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[3] Please submit this to your readers for solution: A and B, two venders, each having 30 oranges for sale. A sells his 2 for 5c, which would net him, when sold, 75c. B sells his 30 oranges 3 for 5c, which would net him 50c when sold. Now in order for B not to run opposition to A they consolidate and sell (2 and 3) 5 oranges for 10c. Now as there is but 60 oranges to be sold in lots of 5 for 10c, there would be 12 lots at 10c a lot which would net altogether but $1 20. What becomes of the other 5c, and, who would be the loser of it, A or B? VENDER.

ST. LOUIS, February 22, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[4] I herewith submit the following problem for solution: Place the nine digits—1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9—in such order that when added, the sum will be 100, no figure to be used more than once.

H. L. MCILHENNY.

ST. LOUIS, February 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[5.] Please insert the following problem and oblige a subscriber: A man worked for a person 10 days, having his wife with him 8 days and his son 6 days, and received $10 30 as a compensation for all three. At another time he worked 12 days, his wife 10 days and his son 4 days, and received $13 20. And at another time he worked 15 days, his wife 10 days and his son 12 days at the same rate as before and received $13 85. What were the daily wages of each? Please inform "Kerry Patch," "Clod-hopper" and "Teacher" that their answers to No. 8 of February 10 are correct. J. M.

ST. LOUIS, February 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[6] Please insert the following problem and oblige a constant reader of your valuable paper: A market woman bought eggs to the amount of 65c; some at the rate of 2 for 1c, some at the rate of 3 for 2c. She afterwards sold them all for $1 20, thereby gaining 5c on each egg. How many of each kind did she buy? J. M.

ST. LOUIS, February 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

[6] Please insert the following problem and oblige a constant reader of your valuable paper: A market woman bought eggs to the amount of 65c; some at the rate of 2 for 1c, some at the rate of 3 for 2c. She afterwards sold them all for $1 20, thereby gaining 5c on each egg. How many of each kind did she buy? J. M.

OUR MAIL POUCH.

The German and English Languages.

ST. LOUIS, February 23.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of the POST-DISPATCH of to-day, to which I am a subscriber from the very beginning, you speak of the relative number of words as found in English and German dictionaries, and give the majority to the German language. This can only be in a relative sense. Knowing that among other languages you are also master of the German, I would point out to you one great harvest for multiplicity in the propensity of Germans to amalgamate two, three and more independent words together, in order to form a law-breaking new word, holding its place in the lexicon as if its component parts did not exist. Is it necessary to give examples? Lebenskraft, power of life; Eiweiss, white of an egg; Pflanzenernahrung, nutrition of plants, and thousands of others appear in the German dictionary as three words: Leben, Kraft—Lebenskraft, but in the English as only two—power, life—and restricting my remarks only to words of a double combination you see why for every three words of this kind in German you have only two words in English. Cut off this combination tendency in the former, and I am persuaded that the English language excels in number, as it excels in prompt, commercial and matter-of-fact expressions. LOGOS.

Thoroughbred Roadsters.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A bets B that there never was a Lexington or Telegraph thoroughbred that worked in harness satisfactorily. Does A or B win?

[Dr. Woodson, of Kansas City, has for ten or twelve years driven in his buggy a thoroughbred gelding by old Lexington and considers him in all respects the best harness horse he ever owned. We know nothing about the harness qualities of the Telegraph stock.—ED. P.-D.]

Citizen Fink and His Sobriquet.

ST. LOUIS, February 24, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your Thursday's issue you say that you desire the pleasure of recording my subscription to the Exposition building. You can put me down for $[illegible]. I am not opposed to any enterprise that will benefit St. Louis. I am in favor of the Exposition project and all others whereby our city shall be benefited, including horse and other railroads, but I am now and always shall be of the fixed opinion that whenever the city's property or public highways are demanded by corporations, the city shall receive just compensation therefor. As to your reference to the prefix "Citizen" which the press dubbed me with, I will say, if the cause thereof has been that I have heretofore been on the alert to detect and expose premeditated fraud upon the city, then I am proud of the cognomen. CHAS. FINK.

Where Slang Comes From.

ST. LOUIS, MO., February 21.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

As you so kindly invite correspondence, in corroboration of the assertion of the sage philosopher, "There is nothing new under the sun," allow me to give the origin of the cant slang phrase or word "kick," now so generally used instead of the verb "object." In an oratorical contest between Plato and his famous scholar, Aristotle, the latter was slightly getting the better of the divine Plato, when Plato remarked: "He has kicked against us as a colt against his mother." A careful research among the writings of the ancients, I think, will reveal the starting-point of nearly all of our slang and new words.

A PEDANTIC SUBSCRIBER.

A Blackguard Spotted.

ST. LOUIS, MO., February 23, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Much has been said about mashers, but mashers are nowhere compared to a six-foot human fiend who frequents the bob-tail cars on Delmar, Vandeventer and Finney avenues, and mostgrossly insults unprotected ladies. The aforesaid fiend bears the following description: Very dark complexion, very black eyes, black moustache, stands fully six feet and weighs about 175 pound. He stares every lady out of countenance and conducts himself in other respects in a manner too low and loathsome to mention in public print. Several of the business men living on said avenues have the aforesaid fiend spotted and I hope you may soon have occasion to chronicle the fact that he has been well and thoroughly horsewhipped.

CONSTANT READER.

The Soldier Boys.

ST. LOUIS, February 23, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In answer to your Mail Pouch: "Where are the soldier boys?" allow me, before leaving your city en route at Union Depot, to state that you will see them on the 17th day of March, in full dress, participating in the annual celebration of the greatest man that ever adorned this or any other country. To him alone is it due for our soldier boys to celebrate Fudge Washington! fudge Decoration Day, and treble fudge Fourth of July! Yours, etc.,

A. PEABODY.

Answers to Correspondents.

"HELLO"—Each telephone has a separate wire connecting with the Exchange.

ELOCUTION—Heard the poem of "Fall of Pemberton Mills" recited once by Miss Evelyn Spyer, of this city. Perhaps she could furnish a copy.

ALLEGED—It is difficult for us to give the proper pronunciation of words, for we have no properly accented letters. As near as we can get at it, the word should be pronounced "al-leid," as though the last syllable were "ledged" and not "lieged."

The Hotel of the Future.

From the Modern Argo.

An exchange speaks of "the hotel of the future." Well, if they have hotels there, it strikes us there will be a lively demand for fire escapes.

Protected Poor.

From the Buffalo Sun.

It will be gratifying to the poor man who has to pay double the value for blankets and a suit of clothes, owing to the tariff, to know that diamonds are to remain on the free list. The workingman who cannot keep warm in winter with a diamond shirt-stud or breast-pin deserves to be cold.

Matrimonial Market.

From the Philadelphia News.

The price of a wife in Siberia is eight dogs. The price of a wife in America is a brownstone front and sealskin sacque, with bonnets and other fixin's thrown in.

Jim Keen Not Broken.

From the Philadelphia News.

The report that Jim Keen, the speculator, has become very poor is denied. He admits that he went to see the Niagara ice bridge, but explains that he took his own carriage with him.

MAGOOGIN ON INFORMERS.

The Talking Policeman Rejoices Because St. Louis Holds No Treacherous Patriots.

Officer Magoogin was standing at Fopiano's peanut-stand this morning discussing peeled pecans and politics, when the conversation turned upon the trial of the assassins of Cavendish and Burke, and the astounding revelations made by James Carey, the Dublin Councilman, who has turned State's evidence.

"Data fella make-a de confess and save-a heez-a neck," said the Italian. "He got-a de big-a head. It eez wanna good-a juck."

"Ay, now, luk at that!" the officer cried out in amazement. "It's a quare oidea ye have av a joke, Fopi, fwhin ye talk av hangin' twinty min as loightly as ye wud av alrim a bit av toasted cheese or cuttin' aff a grasshopper's leg. Divil a bit av a joke it is at all, at all; anny more'n if I'd blow your brains out now, Fopi, an' carry thim home in a bucket to your woife, an ax her to laugh h'artily over th' occurrince. It's a great bit av foon, ain't it, ye mugahano ye, to have dacint gintlemin shwingin' from the gallus bekase a dirthy thraitor av an informer swears agin him? Faix 'n, Fopi, I believe ye must be takin' lave av yer sinses intoirely, fur, be the tail av Paddy O'Hara's goat, ye talk more loike a man who ought to be insoide av a lunatic asylum. Inshtud av bein' inthrusted wid the management av a big bizniss sich as yours is. Do yez know, me sun-burnt cherub, that an informer's oath isn't worth as much as a politician's promises, and that scoundirels loike that fellow Cary 'd rob the coffin off of their own grandmothers' backs and stale the coppers from their dead brethers' eyes to buy policy tickets wid? Don't ye make any mistake, me b'y, but they're well ped fur fwhat they sez an' does, an' my pray'r is that the bloody money they gets may be the mains av furnishin' ropes to stretch their ugly-lookin' necks. I'm glad to be able to say, Fopi, that we haven't any informers in St. Louis. Fwhin Mike Ryan, No. Tin, was thried afore the Boord th' other day for havin' takin' a dhrop too much an' bein' sick an dooty that they had to roide him home in the hoodlum wagon, divil blow the wan 'ould come for'ard to swear ag'in him. There was half a dozen or more pathrolmin seen him enjyin himself loike a man that'd be three sheets in the wind, but fwhin the kustion was axed by the Boord, 'was the officer intoxicated?' be heaven you'd think be the way they all answered that Micky niver knew fwhat it was to wake up in the mornin' an' not know fwhere he'd spint the noight or not he knew to be locked up in the calaboose. The result was that the Boord reinstated him quick as that, Fopi, and now I iver Micky Ryan wants a charackthur as to sobriety the Boord'll give him a shtrong recommind, an' me frind Dan Kerwin'll be the fusht to take his pin in hand to say that the soight av a black bottle or the pisthur av a glass av beer is sufficient to throw Micky into a fit av deleerium thremens. That's fwhat I calls l'yalty, me b'y, an' I wish there was more av it here an' in Ireland, too. It's a very warm berth the thraitrous informers re makin' for thimselves in the swate by-and-by, Fopi; but min loike Micky Ryan's frinds desarve ivry blessin' that's to be had in this world av thrue frindship, an' fur my part I hope their sowls will be six months in heaven afore the divil knows they're dead."

"Luk here, Fopi," did the officer who goes to see his Cass avenue girl when he gets off duty Friday nights, and always likes to have something nice to offer her, "I'll take this bag av pop-corn up to Chaff Hamhill; he sez he loikes it, and mebbe it 'ould be inthrumintal in doin' me some gud. There's talk a thransferrin' me to the Fusht Deestrikt to give me to that ind of the foogee an' I outlie-ordinary Capt. Price wants me down there party bad, an afraid unless the Chaff is subsidoized wid a occasional bag av pop-corn or paper of paynits, may have to tear meself away from ye permenently an' forever, Fopi. An' this fwhat would ye an' me do at all, at all? Thra-la-loo."

MR. W. C. STEIGERS,

Of the POST-DISPATCH, will call upon parties who wish rates for advertising in the paper.

THE POPULAR VOICE

Speaking Through the Post-Dispatch Columns On Behalf of the Exposition.

The Freely-Expressed Opinions of High and Low, Rich and Poor, Upon the Day's Ruling Topic.

The universal topic of conversation at present is the proposed Exposition and Music Hall, which, appealing to the interests of the business community and to the taste of the lovers of the artistic, has taken a strong hold upon the general public. Just how thoroughly the enterprise, which for a fortnight past has enlisted the support of the leading business men of the city, has gained favor, is faithfully indicated in the following expressions of opinion regarding it which were gathered yesterday by POST-DISPATCH reporters specially detailed to canvass the city in search of the *consensus communis* upon the very important subject. They were instructed to confine their visits to no particular district, and their questions to no particular class of persons, hence the result of their researches may be considered the candid and unvarnished popular opinion regarding the project.

H. LINDHORST,

of No. 2200 Franklin avenue, a grocer, said: "The Exposition will do us more good than has ever yet been accomplished by any effort specially made here to bring people to the city. When the Fair is going on there is a big rush for a couple of days, but it don't do us any good; the people all stay down town and are too busy sight-seeing to bother about making purchases to any extent. We hope, though, that when the Exposition is in progress we shall see our country cousins paying a visit to the avenue."

AUGUST SCHAPER,

a boot and shoe dealer of 2120 Franklin avenue, said: "The country people will be brought here in large crowds by the Exposition, which will provide them at least one day's good solid amusement. In the old cities of Germany such expositions are looked upon as a necessity, and visitors never think of leaving the city without paying its leading attractions a visit. We have been often at a loss here to know just what to do with our country visitors, but as soon as the Exposition is in progress we shall not have to give that subject a second thought. As far as the improvement of business is concerned, there is no doubt that the volume of travel to the city each fall will be largely augmented, and that the class of people to be brought here by the Exposition and musical festival will be a great improvement on that which has hitherto been attracted by the Fair and Veiled Prophets' procession, and that the amount of money they will leave behind them will be much larger per head than before. I sincerely hope that the Exposition will be a success."

GEORGE WEISS,

who keeps a boot and shoe store at 1611 Franklin avenue, said: "Those gentlemen who are going round town gathering subscriptions to the Exposition stock are doing more good work for the city than they are credited with as a rule. Up this way we have about come to the conclusion that the Fair and the procession do not do us a dollar's worth of good, and we are hoping that the city's visitors who are induced to come here during the Exposition season will take the trouble to look around the town, visiting Franklin avenue in their travels and buying from us if they seem to think we can supply them with what they want. During Fair week they keep down town with the rest of the crowd, and we are not benefited a particle by their presence."

R. KELLEHER,

a dealer in stoves and house furnishings, said: "The Exposition is a thing which we have been wanting for years, our sister cities having been ahead of us in this respect and reaped an advantage which I believe we shall now take from them to a certain extent. Such a building as it is proposed to erect will be a credit to the city and will be useful in a variety of ways. When the Saengerfest was here some years ago, we had to build a temporary structure which was torn down after it had served its brief purpose. Now we shall be ready for Saengerfests, National political conventions, or any of those great events which, while they last, concentrate the attention of the whole country upon the city where they are coming off. We are a little late in the matter, but the men who have it in hand will make up for this by erecting a building which will surpass everything of the kind in the country. I hope that at the meeting at the Mercantile Club this evening the reports will show that the raising of the required amount of money has been as good as accomplished."

MRS. KLIE,

a milliner, said that she was thoroughly in favor of the Exposition, which, she believed, would give the city six weeks of lively business in all departments of trade each fall.

J. M. WARD,

general house-furnishing store at 1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin avenue, said: "I have taken forty shares of stock in the Exposition and I hope that will show the faith I have in the enterprise, which I believe will do us more good than any other organized attempt to bring business to the city."

GEORGE HEIDZEL,

a dealer in musical instruments, said: "The Music Hall in Cincinnati helped out the men in my business very well, and I hope ours will do the same thing here. The Exposition will be good to all classes of the community and will provide the city's visitors with a resort which will entertain them agreeably and give them in an hour or two a better idea of the city's business resources than they could gain in a week during the excitement of Fair and Veiled Prophet season."

MR. LEUBRIE,

of the dry goods firm of Leubrie Brothers, on Franklin avenue, was warm in his commendation of the enterprise, which he felt sure would largely augment the value of the year's retail business.

KOESTRING & SIELING,

dealers in fancy and staple dry goods, indorsed the Exposition as a brilliant stroke of enterprise on the party of the city's business men, which would, both directly and indirectly, repay richly all the outlay which would be made upon it.

MR. PAUL ADAM,

a confectioner doing business at No. 414 Market stree said: "The Exposition is a thing which St. Louis has needed for years. It will undoubtedly bring us a steady influx of business while it lasts. I subscribed to its stock and did so willingly, as I knew that, although it might bring me no direct return of consequence in the way of dividend, it would help me indirectly to an extent that would warrant my supporting the enterprise financially in proportion to my means. I hope and trust that the gentlemen who are securing subscriptions will succeed in the undertaking."

A member of the firm of Horwitz & Cohen, whose store is on the corner of Market and Tenth streets, said: "The Exposition is going to do us a great deal of good, and the retailers ought to give as strong a support as their means will allow. From what I can learn from the POST-DISPATCH there is an excellent promise of the required amount being raised, and I believe such business men as have subscribed have made a capital investment."

MR. ISAAC JONES,

of the Tower Block clothing Store, expressed himself as strongly in favor of the enterprise. "St. Louis going to show the rest of the Western cities" he said, "that she is a go-ahead business city. The Exposition will bring us a volume of business which has hitherto been carried to Chicago, the half-rate fares which carried people there during their exposition season being the inducement which led them to give us the cold shoulder. The retailers will do a big business here during the weeks that the Exposition is drawing people to this city."

H. FRANKE,

of Market street, a dealer in fancy soaps, said that he felt that the Exposition, if its management was conducted with the same energy which had character zed the securing of subscriptions to its stock, would be a great success. Situated in the center of a rich country, St. Louis would draw to itself during the time the Exposition was open vast numbers of visitors who would come here to enjoy life and spend money. Instead of the rush and worry of Fair-week a prolonged season of steady prosperity would be the result, and all classes of the community would be more or less benefited. He hoped that nothing would arise to arrest the magnificent progress which has already been made by the Exposition projectors.

MR. F. ROESLEIN,

books and stationery, No. 312 Market street, said: "If only the management of the Exposition is wise and they succeed in raising a building suitable at once for the purposes of an Exposition and Music Hall, they will make themselves worthy of the praise and admiration of the community. Business men can have no question of the advantage of an Exposition such as is proposed; none can debate the great necessity which exists for a Music Hall. If only the building is rrised without loss to the first shareholders the whole affair will be a credit to the city and to all who have been connected with the enterprise."

At the Brunswick-Balke Co.'s place one of the managers said: "The Exposition may not directly benefit us to any great extent, but we are alive to the advantage it will bring to the city, and we shall do all we can to promote its interests. We have needed such an institution here for years, and we are very desirous that the present movement shall result successfully."

Julius Bongner, tailor, of Market street, said: "When the countryman comes to town he looks into the shop windows as he walks along and is tempted to do business by the display which is there made. We expect a large increase of custom of this kind when the Exposition is bringing in crowds of people from all parts of the surrounding territory. Our business is going to be largely increased by the Exposition which, deserves the suppprt of all public-spirited business men."

MR. LEE S. HOLDEN,

when asked about the Exposition, said: "I think it a great thing, and I have watched the growth of the subscription list with great pleasure. It will be a success here, I am sure, and it is greatly needed. We are now showing signs of enterprise which are creditable to our citizens. St. Louis has been known all over the land, first, by its public schools and second by its Fair, more than by any other features. The Exposition will be a third feather in our cap, and I hope as big a success as either of the others."

"You think the matter will be carried to a successful issue?"

"Oh, yes. I have not the slightest doubt. It is in the hands of good, pushing men who will carry it through. Then the people have been fully aroused to the importance of the movement and will not let it fail."

MR. P. J. TAAFFE,

the real estate agent, said: "It is bound to be a success. We have needed it. It is worth all the money it will cost. I saw Mr. Rowse to-day, and he told me that they had nearly $350,000 raised. I hope it will be successful. After all a half million dollars is not so much to ask from a big city like this for such an object."

E. F. STONE,

the attorney, is enthusiastically for the Exposition first, last and all the time. "They have been calling us old fogies," he said, "and here is a chance for us to show that we can and will do. I am not talking for myself, of course, but the whole business and mercantile community, and in fact every citizen should be for the Exposition.

MR. JAMES Y. PLAYER

said that he thought the subscriptions would undoubtedly be raised. It would be a shame if it were not. Some citizens had been extremely liberal for their means, and some, too, remarkably niggardly. If St. Louis could not carry through the scheme, the city might as well cease laying claim to progress or greatness and admit at once that nothing can be done here.

REV. BRO. JAMES,

President of the College of the Christian Brothers, said: "In my opinion the money will be raised, and I know something about how hard it is to get money, too. I have had some experience in that line. The Exposition building is a direct need of the city and one that the citizens can afford to pay for."

MR. JOHN JONES,

supply agent of the School Board, said: "It is not giving money away to place it in these Exposition subscriptions. It is investing it in a way that it will be pretty sure to return a dividend. And again, the Exposition will bring business to St. Louis, the benefit of which will be reaped by all classes of citizens, save those who have no property. It will make the town grow in every way, and all of us must be interested in a movement which will do that."

SCHOOL DIRECTOR FOERSTEL

said: "Do I think the Exposition a good thing? Well, I should say so. It is a big thing and it will be a bigger one before long. The committees may have a hard pull for the tag end of the subscription, but they will raise it, I am sure. St. Louis people are not exactly stingy about giving, but they need a great deal of persuasion and want to be convinced that it is a good venture before they come in. The committees are working hard and they will get the money."

PROF. HAYS,

the well-known teacher at the Branch High School, said that he could not see how anybody would do anything else but favor the scheme. Nothing need be said about its benefits. Anybody who cannot see at a glance the benefit of such a building and such an enterprise would not be likely to understand after it was explained to him. St. Louis raises large sums of money each year for the Veiled Prophets' procession, and that is a great affair. But the Exposition would be much greater, more permanent and more beneficial. It is just what we need and what we are suer to have.

DR. B. T. WHITMORE,

when interrogated on the subject, said, "If we do not succeed now we need never try any enterprise like this again. This is a supreme effort and cannot fail. If the men who are in charge of this movement can not raise the amount they wish from the people of St. Louis for such an object, then St. Louis must be very dead indeed. The committees are composed of the best business men, each of whom is doing all he can to insure the success of the movement. It is sure to succeed, in my opinion, and it is a thing which will be a great benefit."

MR. PHILIP DONAHOE,

the attorney, declared that there was every reason now to hope for the success of the Exposition. He thought it could not fail. St. Louisans would never allow such a thing to happen. Anybody could see the benefit of the scheme at a glance.

MR. SYLVESTER SAVIGNAC

said, "Why, it's nonsense to ask a man what he thinks of the Exposition. There can be only one idea about it, and that is that it is just the thing. I have lately returned from a business tour through the South, and in all the cities I visited I was everywhere asked about our Exposition. Now and then a man would say, 'Oh, St. Louis is too slow. She'll never do anything like that.' But the general opinion seemed to be that we would not let the opportunity pass. I tell you other cities are watching us closely in this matter, and they will judge us largely by the way we handle the project. We can not let it fail, and we will not."

MR. MILTON H. WASH

was in favor of any scheme that would benefit St. Louis, and he did not know of any one which would be more likely to do it than the one in question.

DR. F. L. JAMES

wanted an Exposition and was sure St. Louis would have the biggest one in the country before long. "This is too big a scheme to drop through," he said, "and it will not by any means. It is bound to go."

MR. D. C. THATCHER

replied: "Yes, I favor the Exposition, and I would like to see the subscriptions rolling in even more rapidly than they are. I have been spending most of my time lately trying to keep other people out of my new hotel, and in this way, I have not heard much about the movement for a couple of days, but I know St. Louisans too well to have a single doubt about the success of the plan. As to its benefits, they are too numerous to mention."

MR. HUGH L. FOX

said: "Every man who has any interest at in St. Louis should put his shoulder to the wheel. It is a great enterprise, and it must go through without any waiting or side-tracking."

SAID REGISTER BERG:

"It will be a grand thing, and I am glad to see the citizens taking to it enthusiastically. I do not think there will be any trouble in obtaining Missouri Park for the site of the building. The place isn't of much use for park purposes; that park does the city and the citizens no good; but a beautiful building there would be an ornament to the town, and the Exposition itself would be an attraction worth hundreds of thousand of dollars to this locality. I hope the thing will keep booming until we have it assured."

"I am in favor of anything that will wake the city up and keep it before the world,"

SAID CHARLES POPE,

the theatrical manager: "I favor the Missouri Park location for the building, but if we can't have it there, let us have it somewhere else, anywhere, in fact' so that it is built within the city limits and the city gets the benefit of the enterprise. I hope to see the project boom right straight along until the Exposition is a fixed fact and all the money is on hand to put up a magnificent building."

"Let us have the Exposition by all means," said

CITY COLLECTOR HUDSON.

"We need something of the kind here, and the sooner we get it the bett Exposition stock is a good investment just now, and I am right glad to see such a general demand for it."

CHARLES E. SMITH,

the druggist, said he had contributed up to the full limit of his means, and hoped that all other merchants would do the same. He would like to see the Exposition building erected on the site of Missouri Park, and did not see how it could well be built elsewhere, as the ground for a suitably large structure could hardly be purchased in the central part of the city for the money the committee was trying to raise.

"I am for the Exposition first, last and all the time," said Manager

GEO. F. MURPHY,

of the St. Louis News Company. "It is a good and grand project that should be encouraged by every person who has the welfare of the city at heart. It will add to the wealth and attractiveness of St. Louis and means increased attention directed towards us by outsiders, which, of course, means the growth of our trade and the extension of our business acquaintances to people and communities that now know very little of and deal less with us."

"We have subscribed for ten shares of stock," said

MR. LOUIS STRAUSS,

of Strauss Brothers, the photographers, "and that is a sufficient expression of our sentiment toward the enterprise. We believe in advancement and not retrogression. St. Louis has been hanging back a little too long. Now we have got a regular boom on wheels started, with hundreds of willing shoulders bent to the work to keep the boom a-rolling, and all that is necessary is for a few hundred more to come forward and add their strength to the effort. We think Franklin avenue is entitled to fair representation on the subscription list, and we know the committee will be warmly welcomed and generously treated all along this thoroughfare."

"The Exposition is just what St. Louis wants," said

MR. J. P. MULLALLY,

the livery stable man. "It will advertise the city and attract great crowds of visitors. When I was in St. Joe in 1855, I used to see the country folks flocking to town to get sight of a steamboat, which they looked upon for the first time. They came miles and miles and remained a day and a night, most of them taking in all the novelties before leaving. An Exposition is always attractive, and as it has been made pay in Cincinnati, Chicago and Louisville, I can see no reason why St. Louis should hesitate about unanimously indorsing and supporting the enterprise."

F. M. COLBURN,

ticket agent for the Vandalia, said: "I believe it will be a success without a doubt; when the large subscriptions are all in there will be no trouble in raising from $150,000 to $200,000 among the young business men and clerks on good salaries. It will be a big thing and will give an impetus to the railroads and all other kinds of business. Missouri Park could not be improved upon as a location; it is accessible from all parts of the city and has good surroundings."

JAMES MORRISSEY,

master drayman and property-owner, said he thought the Exposition would be a fine thing for business of all kinds and would increase the value of property, and he thought it would be put through, but it was a bad investment for a poor man, as the rich men were likely to gobble the whole thing up.

W. D. SCOTT,

of the wholesale grocery firm of Alkire & Co., was enthusiastically in favor of the Exposition. He said: "It will be a big thing and will distance the Fair and the V. P. ball, because half rates on the railroads will be given for a much longer period than one week, and heretofore Chicago and Cincinnati have had the advantage over us of having half rates for four or five weeks. Now we will get the same thing. Immense numbers of country merchants will come to town, and all kinds of business will be benefited. The shortness ot the time and the fear of not getting accommodations in the crowds have heretofore kept many back or induced them to go elsewhere. I think the project is solid, and I am in hopes that the full amount will be realized by Saturday night. Missouri Park is just the place for it. It is a rendezvous for all kind of characters now, and it could not be put to better use."

JOHN JORDAN,

hackman, said: "You bet I am in favor of it. It will bring strangers to town, and that is what we want. Put all of the Court-house hackmen down in favor of it."

JUSTICE JERRY RYAN

said: "I believe the Exposition will be a success and it will be a grand thing for the future of St. Louis, but before they complete the building I would advise them to improve some of the streets."

SERGEANT HOLMES,

of the Humane Society, spoke as follows: "I am in favor of anything that will put some life in this old town, and I believe an Exposition is the very thing we want. Anything that will drag us out of the old rut in which we have been traveling will satisfy me. It will bring lots of extra work for the officers of the Humane Society."

MR. GEORGE HEUER,

assistant treasurer of the Olympic Theater, said: "Of course I think, like everybody else, that it will be a grand success and will benefit the city more than anything else we have. I'm on hand when there's any subscribing to be done, and don't you forget it."

MR. CHARLES F. JOY,

the attorney, remarked: "It will be a grand success, and a couple of chances will be a good investment for any man who can afford to take them. It will be a big thing for the city of St. Louis and will place it in rank with other large cities. I think it shows a spirit of enterprise that has never been shown here before, and I am glad to see the fund increasing."

MR. RICHARD GARVEY,

the bicycle dealer, remarked: "If St. Louis don't build the Exposition building she had better do what Memphis did, give up her charter to the Government. The Exposition is just the kind of place we want for a grand bicycle tournament and everything of that character. It's a thing that has long been needed to enliven this old town. The best location for it, I think, would be Twelfth street and Washington avenue."

MR. BEN WASSERMAN

said: "It has my moral if not my financial support. You bet it will be a grand thing for St. Louis when it is completed. It is the best thing the people of this city have ever done for themselves, and it shows that they are not as far behind the age as they are said to be."

CHARLES GUNTER:

"Of course the Exposition will succeed. There is no doubt in the world about it. If it doesn't, then all I've got to say is that St. Louis will never have another opportunity to prove its enterprise in such a manner."

R. M. PARKS:

"There is no doubt but that the Exposition project will be carried to a triumphant success."

GEO. WEISSENBURGER:

"You bet, the Exposition will boom. I just wish I had $500,000 so that I could chip in right lively."

W. H. ETTER:

"Speaking for myself and for Hyde Park Council, I am certain the Exposition will be a success. The little giant and all the boys have given the movement their heartiest sympathy."

STANLEY WHEAT:

"Yes, sir! The Exposition scheme is bound to succeed. We'll cut Chicago and Cincinnati out with a bigger building and better entertainments than either of those cities can show."

C. CONCANNON:

"You can say for me and all my friends that the gentlemen who are pushing the Exposition scheme have our heartiest sympathy."

JOHN D. LAWSON:

"I am sure no one hopes more for the Exposition project than I do. It is just what St. Louis needs."

F. KOSKIEL:

"I am certain the Exposition building will be erected, and that it will prove a blessing not only to St. Louis, but to all the neighboring towns and States as well."

F. F. ESPENSCHIED:

"I don't suppose there is a man, woman or child in St. Louis who doesn't feel as I do, that the Exposition idea is the very best one that has been suggested for benefiting the city at large."

CHARLES W. FRANCIS.

"Of course the Exposition building will be erected. Do I think it will benefit the city? Emphatically I do. It will be a blessing to St. Louis in every way."

A. S. PARTRIDGE.

"Certainly, I hope the Exposition scheme will be carried out. No better idea for improving the city could be imagined."

O'TOOLE,

"I am enthusiastically in favor of the Exposition project. I hope and fairly believe that it is going to suceed and that the building, which will be the result will eclipse anything of the kind in the country."

DR. E. R. WRIGHT:

"I have no more doubt that St. Louis will have a magnificent Exposition edifice than I have that the Mississippi will continue to be the Father of Waters."

DR. R. LUEDEKING:

"Am I in favor of the Exposition? Well, decidedly I am. You can put me down as one of those who indorse the project most heartily."

EMORY S. FOSTER:

"Not only will the Exposition building be built, but the entertainments that will be given there are bound to prove that the musical culture of St. Louis is equal, if not superior, to that of Cincinnati."

PETER ADAIR:

"I have canvassed all the cricketers and lacrosse men of my acquaintance, and they all feel as I do, that the Exposition is going to be as healthful for St. Louis as bodily exercise is for the health of men."

N. GUHMAN:

"I am delighted to find that the Exposition subscription is proving that what I have always said about St. Louis enterprise is true: Give St. Louisans an opportunity and they will do as much for their city as the people of any other large town in the world."

DR. GIB CARSON:

"The City Dispensary is a warm friend of the Exposition movement. I fully believe that it will be a success."

LYNDON A. SMITH:

"Everybody who knows me is aware that I am heartily in favor the Exposition project. I am proud to think it has been started during Mayor Ewing's administration."

FRANKLIN FERRISS:

"It is exactly what is needed in St. Louis. I am not surprised that the soliciting committees have met with such instantaneous success."

G. V. R. MECHIN:

"The idea has never occurred to me that the Exposition movement would turn out anything but a pronounced success.

ARIE DE JONG:

"It doesn't require a prophet's vision to discern that the Exposition will do more for the future development of St. Louis than any other means that could be devised for furthering the welfare of the city."

C. H. SPENCER:

"I never read anything in a newspaper that pleased me better than the reports of the rapidity with which the Exposition project is being boomed by everybody."

F. M. NAYLOR:

"Yes, sir. I am in favor of the Exposition. I have not the slightest doubt that it will develop into a gigantic blessing to the city."

G. L. GRAHAM:

"Like everybody else, I am first, last and all the time in favor of booming the Exposition."

GEORGE STRODTMAN:

"The whole of that section of North St. Louis which is known as Duluth, have authorized me to say that they are waving their hats and shouting encouragement to the managers of the Exposition scheme."

SAM SOMERVILLE,

of the House of Delegates, said everybody in his ward—the Twelfth—would vote for the Exposition, with Music Hall and all the other attachments. He thought there would be no trouble in raising the amount desired or in securing Missouri Park for the site.

W. U. HESS,

superintendent of the St. Louis News Company, said: "Now, I don't know about making all this fuss over a little think like an Exposition building, when Chicago and Cincinnati and Louisville and those little one-horse towns can have one. Let us go quietly to work and then kind of spring it on the community when we get it all fixed. Oh, yes, I guess we'll have the Exposition all right, and from the way things look now I should say we were going to have a first-class one that will make Chicago and Cincinnati sick."

THOMAS HALPIN,

the druggist, said he favored the Exposition idea and hoped the committee would be able to wind up its work in a few days with the full amount subscribed. Mr. Halpin wanted the building put up and the enterprise established as soon as possible.

To the Consumptive.—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided Consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "*Wilbor's Compound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime,*" without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the Oil as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healthy property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shewn. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Matters are running along quite smoothly at the Vulcan, but as yet only by daylight. Night turns will be put on in a few days.

The masquerade ball given by the Fifth Social circle was a complete success, nothing occorring to mar the general enjoyment of the occasion.

Warrant for $2,000 has been received by the officers of Jupiter Lodge, Knights of Honor, payable to the beneficiaries of John O'Hara, deceased.

The "Witch of Wall street," Grace Courtland, will lecture to-night at Turner Hall. The monied men of the country will be "walloped" as per programme.

T. J. Talmage, the orator of Des Peres Council, American Legion of Honor, is an orator, not only in name but in genuine talent. The address at the last meeting was a most excellent one, and delivered in a most happy manner.

House Cleaning Outfits.

We would call your attention to our stock of brooms, brushes, dusters, buckets, sponges, chamois, mops, etc., etc. Step ladders, all sizes and all kinds. SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

ST. LOUIS Lodge No. 13, Knights of Honour, is on the boom, with its ninth anniversary in the near future and the weekly accessions to its ranks. The lodge has five applications now pending with an equal number to be initiated. In this lodge the care and attention to the sick is one of its chief aims. The lodge now ranks first among the Western lodges in numbers, with one-third "river-men." Assessment No. 114 has been called to the Supreme Treasury.

ENNO SANDER'S SUPERIOR PROCESS of manufacturing his pure, sparkling table waters is not only attested by the German importers of mineral waters, but also by the proprietors of American springs, who, observing the "delicious effervescence," render their waters sparkling by means of the soda water machine.

THE Fanny Parnell Ladies' Land League will meet Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m. sharp, in their hall, on Eleventh and Olive. All members are respectfully requested to attend.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS,
Have just received the choicest styles and novelties of spring specialties from foreign looms. Call at 722 Pine street.

DIED.

AKERS—At No. 334 West Lake street, February 21, at 2:30 in the afternoon, ROBERT C. AKERS, of the Inter-Ocean, Chicago, Ill., born in Carrollton, Ohio, June 26, 1842.

COGHILL—On Thursday evening, February 22, at 10:30 o'clock, MINERVA J., beloved wife of James C. Coghill, after a lingering illness, aged 42 years 10 months and 26 days.

The funeral will take place from family residence, No. 1405 Obear avenue, Sunday, February 25, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

Pittsburg, Allegheny City, Louisville, Cincinnati and New Orleans papers please copy.

MCCARTHY—February 23, TIMOTHY MCCARTHY, in the 58th year of his age, beloved father of Mrs. F. E. Fletcher and Mrs. Patrick Cooney.

Owing to sickness in the family of Mrs. Fletcher the funeral will take place from the residence of his son-in-law, Patrick Cooney, 2635 Adams street, on Sunday, the 25th inst., at 2 p. m., to St. Malachi' Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of th family are respectfully invited to attend.

TUTHILL—February 24, at 12:45 a. m., IRENE LILIAN, beloved daughter of John P. and Katie A. Tuthill, nee Burke, aged 21 months and 19 days.

Funeral from residence, No. 2019 Biddle street, Sunday, February 25, at 1:30 p. m. Friends respectfully invited.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

IN HOT WATER.
PRESERVE AND NOT DESTROY IS A SOUND MOTTO IN MEDICATION AS IN STATESMANSHIP, AND, DURING THIS COLD WEATHER, NOTHING SO PRESERVES AND KEEPS IN PERFECT ORDER THE FUNCTIONS OF THE BODY AS A TEASPOONFUL OF TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT, TAKEN IN HOT WATER HALF AN HOUR BEFORE BREAKFAST.

SOMETHING TO PAINT!
Barbotine Vases and White Holly Goods in various shapes. Examine them at
REDHEFFER & KOCH
ART GALLERIES,
S. W. Corner Tenth and Olive.
Also, a full line of Engravings, Picture Frames, etc. Best work. Lowest prices.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Chancey R. Barns and Jacob L. Beynon, composing the firm of Barns & Beynon, by their deed dated December 8, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in personalty book No. 1, on page 371, conveyed to the undersigned the following described personal property, situate at No. 215 Pine street in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: 1 single cylinder Hoe press, 29x41, with two rollers; 1 single Hoe press, 18x22, with two rollers; 1 quarter-medium Gordon press; 1 eighth-medium Liberty press, 1 steam engine and boiler, 200 fonts of type, more or less, 3 cabinets and all other machinery, type, tools, implements of trade and fixtures then in and upon the said premises used by said firm, except one cylinder Hoe press 29x41, with four rollers, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described. Now, therefore, by reason of the defaults in the provision of said deed, and at the request of the holders of said notes, and in pursuance of the powers vested in me by said deed, I will, on

THURSDAY, 15TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the premises where said property is situated, No. 215 Pine street, in said city and State, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM T. HAZARD, JR.,
Trustee.

FEB 24 3tw

STORY & CAMP,
203 N. FIFTH ST.
PIANOS. ORGANS
No House is Complete
Without a Piano or Organ, and nothing else adds so much to the attractions and happiness of a home. By our SYSTEM OF EASY PAYMENTS, it becomes possible for those with but moderate salaries, workingmen, and in fact all classes, to purchase the finest Pianos without inconvenience, and with but very small addition to cash prices. Our stock includes the unrivaled Pianos of Chickering & Sons, Decker Bros., Haines Bros., and Mathushek. Pianos cheerfully shown at any time, whether visitors wish to purchase or not.

JAMES HOGAN PRINTING CO.
Job Printing, Blank Books, Lithographing.
SEND FOR ESTIMATES.
413 and 415 N. Third St.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER
J. W. NORTON.....Manager
Sunday Evening for one week only, with Grand Langtry Matinees Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2.
THE REMODELED
J. H. HAVERLY'S CONSOLIDATED MASTODON MINSTRELS
J. H. HAVERLY, PROPRIETOR
J. A. GULICK, MANAGER
Combined with Mr. Haverly's Latest Acquisition,
HAGUES BRITISH OPERATIC MINSTRELS
J. H. HAVERLY, PROPRIETOR
J. A. GULICK, MANAGER
Pronounced by all the Greatest Minstrel Performers and the Superb Orchestra.
All the Great Comedians, the Greatest Minstrel Singers and the Superb Orchestra.
Not an Act, Song, Joke or Feature ever given in St. Louis Before.
The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "The comedy element is great. The singing of Keefe, Reed, Hawkins, Wood and Campbell has never been equaled in the history of minstrelsy, while the orchestra, with its harp and oboe addenda, is worthy of the concert stage.
In the first part, Messrs. PETE MACK and BILLY RICHARDSON on the ends.
Second change, the WONDERFUL GIRARDS, with Electric Jig. Mr. O'Keefe will sing "Sailing." Mr. Vernon Reed will sing "We Never Speak as We Pass By." Mr. J. M. Wood will sing "Coriolano." Mr. Thos. Campbell will sing "Colleen Avarra," and the famous soprano, Mr. WALKER CARPENTIER HAWKINS, will render the beautiful serenade, "Teresa."
The Great Finale:
"THE NEW YEAR'S WEDDING."
The Parson.....Mr. Pete Mack.
The Bride.....Mr. Thos. Sadler.
The Groom.....Mr. Dan Thompson.
The Mother-in-Law.....Mrs Jas. Gorman.
The Disturbing Element.....M. E. Manning.
In the Olio: Mr. E. M. Hall, the Premier Banjoist; The world's Five; Allen, Haley, Callan, and the Girard Bros.; The British Operatic Octette and Billy Richardson, Senatorial Large.
To conclude with Haverly's new spectacular satire,
LANGTRY OR BEN BUTLER AND THE JERSEY LILY
J. H. HAVERLY, PROPRIETOR
J. A. GULICK, MANAGER
(Copyrighted by J. A. Gulick.)
"And her gown was a stifled sigh,
Trimmed with superfluous regrets."
THE CAST.
Mrs. Langtry, Lily Edwards, (Costume crushed strawberry, satin, silver, brocades, pearls and Jersey lilies.) } A case of Corsican brothers. } Mr. Pete Mack.
Mme. Cavalazzi (of H. M. Opera Co.).....Mr. Thos. Sadler.
(Costume, gold, satin and Spanish lace.)
Gov. Ben. Butler.....Mr. E. M. Kayne.
(With one eye on the White House and the other on Langtry.)
Albert Edwards.....Mr. T. H. McDonald.
(A Boston Bandbox.)
Ginger.....Mr. E. M. Hall.
(The Gubernatorial Valet.)
The Earl of Beans.....Mr. Wood.
Lord Brown Bread.....Mr. Keefe.
The Marquis of East St. Louis.....Mr. Campbell.
The Duke of Spontaneous Combustion...Mr. Bishop.
Viscount Stein.....Mr. Curtis.
(Peers who appear only to disappear.)
Col. Lucinda Nerve..... } of the Salvation Army, oh. } Mr. Haily, E. Gerard, W. Gerard, Mr. Pressley
W. U. Telegraph, Esq.
Miss Letitia Graydress
Mutual Union, Esq.
(By permission of Harrigan & Hart.)
Captain Drumstick.....Mr. Billy Richardson.
"The Jay".....Mr. Maurice Haley
Mr. Abe..... } of the Shaw Guards. } Mr. John Gorman, Mr. Jas. Gorman, Mr. George Gorman, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Hooley, Mr. Callon, Mr. Manning, Mr. Williams.
Mr. Bable,
Mr. Bable,
Mr. Bable,
Mr. Bable,
Mr. Bable,
Mr. Jabie,
Freddie.
Scene—The Parker House, Boston; Time—Two weeks after Butler's election; Style—Very funny, elaborately costumed.
LANGTRY MATINEES Wednesday and Saturday at 2.
"You can't afford to miss it."

POPE'S.
GRAND MATINEE
This Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m., and evening at 8 p. m. Last two performances of Barney Campbell's greatest success, the
WHITE SLAVE.
Matinee prices 25c, 50c and 75c.
Sunday, February 25—GEISTINGER.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
TWO—Performances To-day—TWO
Matinee at 2. Evening at 8.
The latest Union Square Theater Success.
THE BLACK FLAG
Introducing
MR. AND MRS. NAT GOODWIN
(Eliza Weatherby) and
MR. EDWIN F. THORNE.
Scenery from Union Square Theater, New York City.
Farewell matinee Saturday.
Monday, February 26—Special performance, on which occasion LOTTA will present ZIP.
Monday, February 26—MAGGIE MITCHELL.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Sunday, February 25, Special Performance.
LOTTA
AS
"ZIP."

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Matinee this afternoon at 2. | Matinee prices
Matinee this afternoon at 2. | 25c and 50c
TO-NIGHT AT 8.
TO-NIGHT AT 8.
Last two performances of the celebrated actor,
FRANK FRAYNE,
And his Dramatic Company in the Historical Drama in Four Acts
MARIO.
Introducing Lions, Bears, a Den of Wild Hyenas, and the Acting Dog, "Jack."
Next Week—Commencing Sunday night, Hermann's Allied Attractions.

ST. LOUIS DIME MUSEUM,
Fourth, near Walnut St.
Elite Family Resort.
New Curiosities constantly appearing in rapid succession.
Grand gala bill this week.
Cordray's Celebrated Electric Clock—earth's masterpiece of mechanism.
A Living Skeleton—a marvel of human leanness.
Lady Giant—largest in the world.
Madagascar Lady—the armless wonder.
Electric Boy.
Rhoda Mystery—an extraordinary stage performance.
Open daily—1 to 10 p. m.
Admission to all, 10 cents.

SACKETT'S DIME MUSEUM.
Mr. W. M. SEBASTIAN.....Sole Proprietor
J. E. SACKETT.....Business Manager
15 SOUTH FIFTH ST.
GRAND OPENING TUESDAY, FEB. 27, AT 1 P. M.
Open Daily Thereafter 1 to 10 P. M.
A Magnificent Enterprise.
Elegantly Decorated Lecture Room.
Commodious, Luxuriant Theatorium.
New Marvels!
New Wonders!
New Acts!
New Features!
New Everything!
Delighting the Old!
Charming the Young!
Instructing the Mind!
Entertaining the Curious!
Amusing Everybody!
ODD MOMENTS AMONG ODD PEOPLE!
THE BRIC-A-BRAC OF THE HUMAN FAMILY!
REMEMBER!
THE PLACE! 15 South Fifth St.
THE TIME! Tuesday, Feb. 27, 1 P. M.
THE ADMISSION! ONE DIME!
ONE TICKET ENTITLES TO ALL!
For List of Attractions See Future Announcements!

THE ILLUSTRATED TIMES
Contains a D...
FREEMAN
Both send in t...
For
THE NEW

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

St. George's Church, corner Chestnut and Beaumont streets.—Rev. Dr. Fulton, rector. Services at 10:45, 3:45 and 7:45. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Grace Church, cor. of Twelfth and Warren sts.—Rev. Dr. Ingraham, rector. Morning service.11 o'clock; evening service, 8 o'clock. Sunday-school 9:30 a. m.

Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints meets at No. 1302 Broadway. Not connected with Utah Mormonism. Service at 2:30 and 7:30 o'clock. All are welcome.

First Presbyterian Church, corner of Lucas Place and Fourteenth street.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. H. D. Ganse, at 11 o'clock a. m. and at 7:45 o'clock p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m.

Trinity Church, corner Washington avenue and Eleventh street.—Rev. George C. Betts, Rector. Sunday: Holy communion 7:30 a. m.; morning prayer 11 a. m.; Sunday school 3 p. m.; evening 7:45.

Glasgow Av. Presbyterian Church, near Dickson.—The pastor, Rev. Wm. R. Henderson, will preach to-morrow at 10:45 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Subject of evening sermon, "Pilate." All are some made welcome.

Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church. This Congregation will worship to-morrow (Sunday) 11th inst., with the Central Presbyterian Church. Rev. A. Nelson Hollifield will preach at Central Church in the morning.

St. Luke's M. E Church, corner Potomac and Clara streets.—Pastor, Albert Jump. Morning service 10:30 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45 p. m.

Waters-Tower M. E. Church, Fourteenth and Obear avenue.—Rev. J. H. Corrington, Pastor. Morning service 10:45 a. m. Evening service 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30.

First Christian Church, Corner Olive and Seventeenth streets.—W. T. Tibbs, Pastor. Services each Lord's Day at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evenings. Seats free. All are welcome.

Central Christian Church, Twenty-third and Washington av. Rev. Joseph H. Foy D. D., pastor. Services to-morrow at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening. Seats free in this church, and a hearty welcome extended to all.

Washington and Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church.—James H. Brookes, pastor. Preaching on the Lord's Day at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 p. m. Lecture Wednesday evening, and prayer meeting Friday evening.

St. John's Episcopal Church, cor. of Hickory and Dolman sts.—Sunday services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Choir of men and boys. Mr. Larimore will sing at the offertory in the evening. The sittings of this church are free. Strangers cordially welcomed.

Carondelet M. E. Church, Corner of Second and Union streets, Carondelet, Mo.—Rev. G. W. Hasting, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. S. S. at 2:30 p. m. Class-meeting Sunday morning at 9:30, and Friday evening.

Fifth Congregational Church, corner Clark avenue and High street; Market street or Jefferson avenue cars.—Rev. Geo. C. Adams, the pastor, will preach at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Bible school at 2:45 p. m. Young people's meeting at 7:15 p. m. All are welcome. 8 seats free.

Rev. Theodore Clifton, pastor Third Congregational Church, preaches to-morrow morning on "The Double Life." The young people of the Third Congregational Church give a free entertainment next Tuesday evening, in the shape of a literary and musicale, in the parlors of the church.

Second Baptist Church, corner of Locust and Beaumont (Twenty-seventh) streets.—The pastor, Rev. W. W. Boyd D. D., will preach at 11 a. m., and at 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Afternoon school at 3 o'clock. Special services Wednesday and Friday evenings. All are welcome.

Park Av. Baptist Church, Park avenue and State street.—Rev. Geo. A. Lofton, D. D., pastor, preaches at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday schools at 9 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7:45 p. m. Wednesday. Young people's meeting at 7:45 p. m. Friday. All welcome.

St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Bell and Cardinal av.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Serv ces at 10:45 a. m., and 7:30 in the evening. Lecture and prayer service on Wednesday evening at 7:45. Catechetical class and Bible reading on Friday evening from 4 to 5 o'clock. Welcome.

Christ Church, Corner Thirteenth and Locust sts. Services: Celebration of Holy Communion 8 a. m. Morning prayer with sermon by Dr. Schuyler at 11 a. m. Evening service, sermon by Rev. W. W. Silvester at 7:30 p. m. All persons cordially invited to attend these services. Seats at the evening service are free.

Second Presbyterian Church. N. W. corner Seventeenth street and Lucas place.—Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, February 25, at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Evening service of special character. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. All are invited and welcome.

Good Av M E Church—M. B. Wood, Pastor. Corner Good av. and N. Market st. Morning service, sermon at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Excellent sacred music at each service. Sabbath school service at 9:30 a. m. Subject of morning service, "Israelites at Bochim." Subject of evening service, "Saints and Angels."

Pilgrim Congregational Church, cor. Washington and Ewing avs.—Rev. C. L. Goodell, D. D., pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. At night, 7:30 o'clock, he will deliver the fourth discourse in the series to the young subject: "The Kind of Waste in Life." Bible school at 12 m. Young people's meeting in charge at 6:45 p. m. Welcome.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church (opposite western gate of the park).—Rev. Dr. Marquis, the Pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Sunday School meets at 3 o'clock p. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Teachers meet for the study of the lesson Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend all meetings.

Plymouth Congregational Church Bellefaire avenue.—Rev. J. A. Adams, pastor. Morning service 10:45 a. m.; evening service 7:30 p. m.; young people's prayer meeting 7:30 p. m. Sunday; weekly prayer meeting 8 p. m. Wednesday; Sabbath school 9:30 a. m. Missionary Sabbath-school, Easton av., near Taylor, 9 a. m. A cordial invitation extended to all services.

Central Presbyterian Church, N. E. corner Garrison and Lucas avs.—Sunday services at 10:45 a. m., when the Rev. A. N. Hollfield will preach. Rev. R. G. Brank, D. D., at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:30 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7 p. m. Ladies' prayer-meeting Monday at 3 p. m. Lecture and prayer-meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All welcome.

First Congregational Church, Delmar av., near Grand.—J. G. Merrill, pastor, No. 3811 Franklin av. Services, 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday. Sunday-school at noon. Midweek meeting 7:45 p. m. Wednesday. Seats free. February 28: a. m., "Lying Lips are an Abomination Unto the Lord;" p. m., fourth in series Evenings with the Doctrines: The "I Am" of Scripture.

TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for *ten cents*, when not of a business nature.) Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geissler, Pharmacist, S. E. cor. Ange and Park aves.; C. E. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto D'Armont, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street; John W. O'Brien, Druggist, 127 Cass ave.; J. W. Tomlohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.; Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3340 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau ave.; J. M. Good, Druggist, 2568 Olive st.; Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marich and Menard sts.; F. Sunn, Druggist, 2634 Clark ave.; Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington ave.; Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2613 Carondelet ave.; A. Szerenyi, 2746 Morgan st.; Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury sts.

Telephone Numbers—

Business Department	588.
Editorial Rooms	501.

LODGE NOTICES.

LEGION OF HONOR.—Commercial Council, No. 13 will hold a regular meeting next Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at hall, 3d st. and Lucas pl. The "moval" question will then be decided. A large attendance is desired. By order

JOSEPH C. PRITCHARD, Recorder. m33

THERE will be a regular meeting on Tuesday evening, February 27, of Oak Lodge, No. 106, K. of H., when the degree of Youth will be conferred. Visiting Brothers invited.

JAMES THOMSON, Dictator.
Attest: EDWARD T. COOKE, Reporter. m33

THE Carpenters' Union No. 14 will give two grand prizes at Apollo Theater to-night for the best lady and gent costume. s33

THE Enterprise Social Club take this method of announcing to their many friends that they will continue their weekly receptions every Thursday evening at Social Turner Hall, 13th and Monroe sts.

PERSONAL.

Purely "Personal" advertisements are charged for at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter for insertion under this head can be sent through the mails.

PERSONAL—Friend: Have just returned from the ... Address me, Hattie Golden, No. 47 Peck ... Chicago. m1

... young lady correspondents, ... of good standing; ob... Turnpaugh or ... e. 4437. s1

...anding on cellar ... avenue, Thurs... down in cellar, ...dice. s1

...ood-looking and ... to correspond ... with a view ... s1

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Polly: Have written to P. O. as requested, but think the wrong "Polly" answered my personal. Will. s1

PERSONAL—Young man of 22, with good salary and education, well-connected, desires the acquaintance of an attractive young lady of good standing; please give real name, as all communications will be held strictly confidential. Address F. 4, this office.

PERSONAL—A young gentleman who has very few lady friends would like to form the acquaintance of some nice young lady. Ad. E. 40, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Two refined young ladies desire the acquaintance of two refined gentlemen; object, amusement. Ad. F. 7, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Young gentleman fond of fun and amusement desires to make the acquaintance of a young lady similarly inclined. Ad. F. 3, this office.

PERSONAL—Kitty: Please let young gent you met at Mardi Gras ball know your address. Address, in confidence, F. 17, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Theodore Hill: Please call to R. L. Bishop, 712 Olive st, or send address; business of importance. O. I. H. s1

PERSONAL—Will young lady who rode down in Franklin av. cars at 9 o'clock this morning and who put letter in box on 4th and Morgan please address F. 18, this office? s1

PERSONAL—Will stout brunette lady who went into hotel on Market st., near 4th, Friday at 2 o'clock, send address to F. 15, this office? s1

PERSONAL—Masque ball at Druids'; would like to know the lady dressed in blue with large blue poke bonnet. Ad. F. 6, this office. s1

PERSONAL—A young lady desires the acquaintance of a true gentleman; object, mutual benefit; answer by personal Monday. M. D., this office. s1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman of 27 wishes an agreeable, accommodating lady friend; object, mutual friendship; kill time. Ad. F. 11, this office. m1

PERSONAL—If the lady returning from Post-office Friday morning, wearing red hat and broaded silk cloak with deep, heavy fur trimming, who observed two gentlemen talking at corner of Olive and 4th sts., one with light overcoat and silk hat who thought he recognized her, will send address to F. 34, Post-Dispatch office, she will hear of an old friend. s1

PERSONAL—Wanted—The acquaintance of a lady 25 to 30 years of age, quietly situated; object mutual enjoyment. Ad. Henry Hoch, this city P. O. s1

PERSONAL—Wanted—To correspond with a respectable middle-aged widow; object to start a boarding-house. Ad. John Brown, St. Louis, Mo. s1

PERSONAL—Henry: I did not go to Rochester; call at old number on your way home and please L. D.

PERSONAL—Wanted—By gentleman of means and business position, acquaintance with some intelligent and handsome young lady of musical or dramatic tastes. Charles Osgood, P. O. s1

PERSONAL—Letitia: Meet me at N. E. corner 5th and Olive sts., Monday evening next at 7 p. m. s1

PERSONAL—Wanted, a young lady correspondent; object fun. Ad. Lock Box X, Jamesport, Mo. s1

PERSONAL—J. B. Fox: Will be in my office at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday. s1

PERSONAL—Will two young ladies who left 5th st. car on Washington av. Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, and noticed gentlema non 4th st., send address to E. 4, this office. s1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market street; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

EXCELLENT singing birds, talking parrots, fancy canaries, seashells, cheap. Loui Seashell Co., 59 S. Fourth st. 74

FOR coughs and colds try Hinart's Tar Drops. 414 Franklin av., west to Crawford's.

FRANK & SWETT, 1506 Franklin av., make the French enamel photographs. 74

JOHN LOTTRUP, 213 N. Seventh St., Boot and shoemaker, makes the finest shoes in the world for the least money. 74

LATEST STYLES. FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER. F. HACKEY. 724 Olive st

Call and see new Spring styles.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune-teller, 921 N. 7th st. Side entrance. 74

MRS. LAURA DENEVETT, natural clairvoyant, test and business medium. 1413 Morgan st. 74

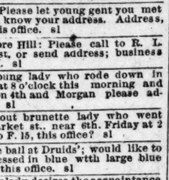
O. W. HEYER'S

Catarrh Remedy,

Manufactured by the Franklin Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo.

For the Cure of CHRONIC CATARRH

Headache, Cold in the Head, Etc.



Trade Mark Registered

This most valuable remedy for catarrh is prepared on strictly scientific principles and

Prescribed by Regular Physicians.

For Sale by all Druggists.

PRICE, $1. 74

PERSONAL—Oysters and meals at all hours, day or night. Hotel Cosby, 12th and Poplar sts., opposite Union Depot. 74

PERSONAL—Materializing in the light. Carrie M. Sawyer, the renowned medium, will hold a seance at her parlor, 921 N. 14th st., on Wednesday, February 28, and Thursday, March 1, at 2 o'clock p. m.; also Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, March 3. Full forms expected. s74

PERSONAL—Natural flowers preserved or embalmed to order; 1st premium and diploma at the two last Fairs, also wax flowers and fruit taught on reasonable terms by Mrs S. Connor, 820 N. 13th st.

PERSONAL—Boston Steam Dye Establishment, 802 Washington av., over Crawford's drug store: Best set of S. S. White's Gum Teeth, $7. A good set of Teeth, $4. Gold Fillings, from $1 50 to $2. Silver Fillings, 75c. Composition Fillings, 50c. Teeth extracted with gas, 25c. All work warranted. T. E. CASE, Manager.

PAINTINGS, engravings, mirrors, frames, gold frames, etc., cheap for cash, or on easy payments. American Art Mfg. Co., 8th and Pine sts. 74

PERSONAL—"Parts of the human body enlarged, developed and strengthened," etc., is an interesting advertisement long run in our paper. In reply to inquiries we will say that there is no evidence of humbug about this. On the contrary, the advertisers are very highly indorsed. Interested persons may get sealed circulars giving all particulars, by addressing Erie Medical Co., F. O. Box 513, Buffalo, N. Y.—(Toledo Evening Bee.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Misses' and Children's school shoes, sizes 11 to 2, $1.25; Misses' serviceable lace shoes, 98c; a prime Boys' shoe at $1.25 and $1.50, a good Child's button shoe No 7 to 10, $1. ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE, 608 Franklin av.

Silver-Plated Ware.

Lowest prices in the city for fine quadruple plate. E. M. Wadsworth & Co., manufacturers, 612 Olive st. Replating and repairing a specialty. 74

SEND 25c or 50c for a box of Hinart's Tar Drops. A sure cure for colds. 414 Franklin av., next to Crawford's. 74

WM. BELL & CO., Photographers.—These young and enterprising gentlemen have retained Fitz W. Guerin's old stand, 617 Olive street, and the work will retain the highest standard as when under the management of F. W. Guerin. These gentlemen were formerly the most important element of Guerin's gallery and will guarantee elegance of pose and style of finish in all work they undertake. 74

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BEST cabinet photos, $3 per dozen, at Feldotto's, 1724 Franklin av. Last week of cheap photos. 2

BUSINESS WANTED.

ALL first-class grocers should sell D. L. Wing & Co.'s popular patent flour, branded Neptune.

WANTED—To buy an interest in a mercantile business where I can be employed as clerk; not afraid to work. D 17, this office. s3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work, printing and bookbinding in all branches.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

The engine, boiler, machines, tools, etc., of the Nat. Mfg. Co., corner of Tenth and St. Charles sts. Rare chance for a good investment. Parties wishing to purchase are invited to call at factory and examine outfit. For further information inquire of Chas. K. Ramsey, assignee, 620 Chestnut st.

BOOK BINDERY for sale at Alton, Ill., in good order. Apply to Wm. Brudon, attorney.

FOR SALE—Cuba steam grist and planing mill. The mill is now renting. Rent pays 22 per cent on the amount of money asked for property. Address S. McCall, Cuba, Mo. s1

FOR SALE—For cash or improved real estate security, one retail grocery store; cash trade; money in it. Inquire at 726 N. 2d st. s4

FOR SALE—First-class newspaper with complete outfit; good reasons for selling. Ad. E. 36, this office. s4

FOR SALE—A complete beer outfit, very fine, on easy terms. For particulars, sue R. N. Wardlow, room 5, 517 Chestnut st. s4

FOR SALE—The finest candy and cigar store on Franklin av.; party having other business will sell at a bargain. Inquire at 1731 Franklin av. s4

FOR SALE—Small grocery store; will sell cheap if taken at once. Call at 1729 Broadway for information. s4

FOR SALE—Grocery stores, saloons, restaurants in great variety, by Chas. Kuhn, 720 Pine st., room

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A bargain if sold before Saturday—Corner grocery and saloon, doing good cash business. Owner leaving city. $750. Ad. C. 28, this office. s4

HAVE your photos taken while they are cheap, at Feldotto's, 1724 Franklin av. See "All Sorts." 4

SMALL notion and dry goods store on Carondelet av. for sale. Address F. 28, this office. s4

WANTED—To sell a small grocery and fixtures; cheap for cash; reason for selling, parties going to Colorado. 1616 Market st. s1

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work, printing and bookbinding in all branches.

A SMALL stock of clothing, hats and furnishing goods for sale at half value. A fine opening for hat and furnishing business. Intending to retire from business, I offer the best of chances. 1 good-size store room adjoining Post-office. Ad. B. J. West, Belleville, Ill. m5

A WELL-TRAINED Cashmere goat and complete harness, with or without sulky. Ad. F. 25, this office. s3

A SMALL stock of clothing, hats and furnishing goods for sale at half value. A fine opening for hat and furnishing business. Intending to retire from business, I offer the best of chances. 1 good-size store room adjoining Post-office. Ad. B. J. West, Belleville, Ill. m5

FOR SALE—Fire Alderney cow, 4 years old; fresh. Address M. 28, this office.

FOR SALE—Twenty pairs Winslow's "Vineyard" Roller Skates; have only been used one week; as good as new; will sell cheap. Address lock-box 43, Hillsboro, Ill.

FOR SALE—Second-hand sample trunks, sample trays, letter press and clocks. 1007 Locust st. s5

FOR SALE—One of the finest sets of office fixtures in St. Louis; suitable for a bank or counting-house; solid black walnut, made expressly to order by Seidel & Schoenle; must be sold by March 1. Ap. to J. Well & Bro., 5th and Pine. 5

FOR SALE—A good second-hand safe, with combination lock, cheap. 212 S. 2d st. 5

FOR SALE—A lot of wardrobes, from $10 up to $20; a nice mahogany wardrobe, $18; one sideboard, $8; another, new, $18; book-case, $10; bed-room suits, $18 to $25; a very nice one at $45, cost $85 a short time ago; marble-top stands from $5 up, and lots of bedsteads, bureaus and wash-stands very low; a good ingrain carpet at 25c; a good Brussels, of 20 yards, nearly new, $17; a lot of cook stoves, from $3 up; Charter Oaks, from $7 up; a 7t Brilliant cook-stove, used three months, $18, with ware and lots of other goods, bought, sold and exchanged. J. Neuroth, 18th and Franklin av. s5

FOR SALE—Large ice box for meat-shop; bar counter and fixtures; 10-gallon oil can. 1000 Gratiot st.

FOR SALE—Parker breech-loading shot-gun, two sets of barrels. 612 Olive st. s5

FOR SALE—A fine assortment leather-covered, linens lined, finely finished ladies' trunks, very cheap, at W. F. Cowperthwait's, 315 Locust. w3

FOR SALE—An 8-inch cook stove, extension top with water reservoir and warming oven, in perfect order. 2007 Lucas av. s5

FOR SALE—Tube-rose bulbs 35c per doz., or $2 50 per 100. 309 N. 2d st. s5

FOR SALE—Building material, cheap, on Main and Washington av. W. Hassett. s5

FOR SALE—A lot of sewing machines, all in good working order, from $5 up to $15. 713 N. 8th st. m5

FOR SALE—One "Genuine" Singer sewing-machine of latest style; 5 drawers; never used; party leaving city. Ad. F. 44, this office. s5

FOR SALE—Beautiful extension table, $15, cost $35; several nice bed-room suites from $20 to $45; carpets, stoves and nice assortment of household goods at way-down prices for cash. Highest cash figure paid for good second-hand carpets. Send postal. J. Hardaway, 116 N. 12th st. s5

FOR SALE—A lot of show cases and counters; a great bargain if sold at once. St. Louis Notion Company, 719 N. 6th st. s5

FOR SALE—One 14x24 inch steam engine;
One 12x20 inch " "
One 8x10 inch " "
One 6x8 inch " " and boiler;
One 4x4 inch " " and boiler;
One 1 horse pwr " " and boiler.
Four run of 4-foot millstones, with all irons, millbolts and feeders complete; one 17-inch Eclipse waterwheel and one large iron shaft. Apply to T. Q. Haltman & Co., Manufacturers of steam Engines and Mill Machinery. No. 1611 and 1613 S. 3d street. s5

FOR SALE—A thoroughly-broken setter dog; price, $75; satisfaction guaranteed. Address F. 31, this office. s5

FOR SALE CHEAP—One double-barreled shot-gun; good as new. Address C. H. James, 3736 N. 9th st. s5

FOR SALE—A handsome silver-mounted show-case, fifteen feet long, cheap, at 519 Poplar st.

FOR SALE—One good second-hand hydraulic elevator, in good order, cheap. Steam and hand power elevators of an improved pattern built to order. Wm. Ellison & Son, 914 N. Main st.

IF YOU want to buy or sell a business call at Chas. Kuhn's office, 720 Pine st., room 5. 15

PIANOS EMERSON

Have a reputation of 20 years' standing. For sale on $12 monthly payments or for rent at

H. KOERBER 1103 Olive St.

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at L. BARGMANN'S, 17 and 17 N. 2d st.

Special Bargains in Men's Shoes.

Gent's Genuine Calf, lace and button, Shoes, latest styles, warranted, $3; Gents' Grecian toe, hand-sewed, button, hand-sewed, $5; Gents' cheap leather pegters, $1.25. ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE, 608 Franklin av.

SEWING MACHINES for cash regardless of profit; $18 to $35. 313 Locust st. See All Sorts. 5

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that 2 Circus Wagons stored in Planters' Warehouse, by Mo. P. R. R., October 5, 1882, will be sold for charges (if same are not sooner paid) Saturday, March 3, 1883, at 10 a. m., at Planters' Warehouse, cor. Ninth and Spruce streets.

ST. LOUIS, February 12, 1883. E. V. RINGO, Proprietor. s3

WE will sell for storage charges, on March 15, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., one piledriver, in the name of J. W. Paramore, McPheeters Warehouse Company, 1104 N. Levee. 5

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

S. H. GEISEL & CO. sell D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

D. L. RIVERS, real estate and collecting agent, Bismarck, Mo., is offering splendid inducements to those who wish to build cottages for rent or sale at Montedumina, the great health resort, near Bismarck. m6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for a stock of merchandise, several tracts of fine timber and, lying only a few miles from the Paramore Narrow Gauge Railroad, in Woodruff county, Ark. Ad. J. Mortensen, Newport, Ark. 6

FOR SALE—A farm of 236 acres in Monitean County, Mo.; brick house 8 rooms; bank barn, cattle barn, 2 orchards, living water, hedge fences; to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific Railroad. Address M. A. R., 2720 Morgan st. 6

FOR SALE—Farm near Collinsville, Ill., 283 acres; 200 in wheat; good improvements; away down for twenty days. Ad. box 8, Collinsville, Ill. 6

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

PHIL. KRAMME sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

FOR SALE.

$17 per foot, 37x113, east line Spring av., about 500 feet south of St. Louis av.; street macadamized and graveled; short of cash reason for selling. F. 46, this office. s7

FOR SALE—A neat 8-room house, lot 30 feet front; stable, coal-shed, cellar, cistern, etc.; would like horse and buggy in part. Address D. 15, this office. s7

FOR SALE—My residence, 2938 Laclede av.; eight rooms; natural wood finish; also furniture for sale. S. M. Smith, 414 Olive st. m6

FOR SALE—Two 2-story brick houses, lot 25x155. Inquire E. Bruehne, 2007 Franklin av.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

J. P. CAMPBELL sells Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

FOR SALE!

On Vandeventer place, a beautiful building site, on the north side of the street. Lot 50x145, and situated 343 feet west of Grand avenue. Parties thinking of building will do well to examine this lot.

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine street.

FOR SALE!

Splendid site for manufacturing purposes, 245 feet on Main by a depth of 347 feet to the wharf, between Barton and Victor streets. Apply to CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine street.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House and lot No. 821 S. 7th st., 21 feet front by 127 6-12; 10 rooms, bath, gas, etc. Apply to T. W. Murray at E. Jacard Jewelry Company, corner 5th and Olive streets. f8

TITLE ABSTRACTS.

I am prepared to furnish on short notice abstracts of title to any parcel of ground within the city and the former county of St. Louis. My charges for an abstract, embracing all transactions on record concerning such parcel of ground for ten years last past, will be $5; for every previous period of five years $1 will be charged additional; $7 50 for a period of twenty-five years. Special contracts may be made for larger work of this kind.

BERNHARD N. STERNBERG, No. 6 N. Seventh st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

J. H. GIBSON sells Wing's Neptune flour.

TO HIRE an easy-riding horse, with saddle and bridle, one or two hours a day. 3678 Finney av. f11

WANTED—Wagon, light spring, second-hand; suitable for grocery; also coffee mill. E. 37, t. o. s11

For Sale.

A NICE lady's phaeton for sale cheap, or exchange for a piano box buggy. Inquire 2300 Scott av. s12

G. F. VOGEL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

FOR HIRE—A one-horse, covered delivery wagon, cheap. Inquire 1222 N. 5th st.

FOR SALE—Good road horse; gentle and stands without hitching. 1311 Franklin av. s12

FOR SALE—Enclosed rockaway, 5 spring wagons, 2 top buggies, 1 surrey, 1 sleigh. 1311 Franklin av. s12

FOR SALE—Light, two-seated spring wagon; good as new. Geo. W. Miller, southwest corner 7th and Morgan sts. s5

FOR SALE—Black mare, 6 years old, 16 hands high, sound and gentle and guaranteed, for $150; can be seen at 2812 Wright st. Jos. J. Wharton, builder. s12

FOR SALE—A No. 1 new one and two-horse spring truck; also top delivery wagons and buggies. A. Wackman, cor. 17th st. and Clark av. 12

FOR SALE—One dirt-wagon, as good as new; cost $48; will sell for $20; also one stake wagon, as good as new. Apply at 2032 Penrose st. s12

FOR SALE—One bay horse, 15¼ hands high; one Walking Dun double; can pull 3,500 lbs; price $65. Call at 111 N. 10th st. s12

FOR SALE—One fine bay baroueche horse and partition front, platform springs carriage. Apply 315 Locust st. s12

ONE new, top grocer wagon, 2 new side-bar open buggies, will be sold cheap at No. 1616 Franklin avenue. 12

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $15 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

T. CONROY sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—One large frunished front room; also hall room; southern exposure. s13

102 N. SEVENTH ST.—You can get room with fire, facing either on Chestnut or 7th st., for $1 15 per week. s13

112 N. THIRTEENTH ST.—For rent, nicely furnished room. s13

209½ N. SEVENTH ST.—Furnished front room for rent for two gentlemen; room 3 up stairs. s13

211 N. EIGHTH ST.—Small furnished room, cheap; without fire. s13

608 MARKET ST. (near business center)—Elegant furnished rooms by day, week or month. f8

910 N. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Large, airy, second-story front room; well furnish-d; private family; bath; every comfort; good attendance. s13

1023 N. FIFTH ST.—Large furnished rooms; first and second stories; for keeping rooms or for light housekeeping by families without children; terms reasonable. s13

1110 OLIVE ST.—A nice large, newly furnished room, with or without board. Reference required. Terms reasonable. s13

1110 PINE ST.—Two good unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, to respectable party.

1124 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furn shed front room suitable for two gents. s13

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room for gentlemen only. 13

1211 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished room, suitable for parlors, en suite or single. 13

1314 CHESTNUT ST.—One nicely furnished front room, suitable for gents or man and wife; fire and gas; rent reasonable. s13

1413 OLIVE ST.—Well fur. front rooms, by the week or month; transient roomers accommodated. s13

1500 OLIVE ST.—Two finely fur. 2d story front rooms, gas, fire and bath; terms reasonable; very desirable. m13

1723 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished second-story front room; with or without board; terms moderate. s13

2228 CLARK AV.—Two connected rooms, second story, front and back; water, bath and gas refrigerator. f13

2603 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegant rooms by March 1st, with bath, hot water, elegant hall and attendance first-class; best ref. 13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, single or en suite; all conveniences and convenient to good board. w12

2937 OLIVE ST.—Parlor bed-room handsomely furnished.

3138 PINE ST.—Three furnished rooms, with or without board, single or en suite; reference exchanged. s13

A PRIVATE family of two have three furnished rooms with bath-room connected, gas and water, for light housekeeping, to a couple without children; large grounds, convenient to two lines of cars; handy to Lafayette Park; price $25 per month. Address D. 43, this office. m13

A PRIVATE family of two have 3 unfurnished rooms with bath-room connected, gas and water, for light housekeeping, to a couple without children; large grounds, convenient to two lines of cars; handy to Lafayette Park; price, $25 per month. Address D. 43, this office. s13

CASS AV. FLATS—Two rooms and kitchen, completely furnished for housekeeping; water in kitchen. S. e. cor. 21st and Cass av. s13

DELIGHTFULLY furnished rooms for rent; convenient to good day board; at 1321 Chouteau av.

FOR RENT—A hand-somely furnished room for gent and lady; board for latter only. Ad. D. 33, this office. s12

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished front rooms on second floor, single or en suite, to gentleman only. Apply 814 Washington av. s13

FURNISHED ROOMS—Two, four or six gentlemen, or gent and wife, can rent newly furnished rooms cheap. 409 S. 15th st. s13

FOR RENT—Nice fur. rooms by the day or week; for gentlemen and their wives; open day and night. For particulars ad. F. 34, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Four rooms on first floor; water in house. Apply at No. 1714 Salisbury st. s13

LARGE, neatly-furnished front room for rent at $3 per week; also, one small front room at $2 per week, with fire and light. 814 Washington av. s13

NICELY furnished rooms for rent; front, back and middle rooms; reasonable rates; centrally located. Inquire up stairs, 709 St. Charles st. s13

NICELY furnished room, with gas; southern exposure, with breakfast, if wanted. 1620 Park av., two blocks from Lafayette Park. s13

ONE or two rooms to gentleman, or man and wife; no Foomers, must be quiet. Ad. F. 22, this office.

PARTY to take lower floor of six-room furnished house and furnish meals to family of four. Ad. A. 5, this office. s13

ROOMMATE WANTED.—Gent, occupying nicely furnished back parlor, wants room-mate; room and board $5 per week. 1916 Morgan st. s13

TWO plersant connecting unfurnished rooms on second floor; possession given March 1, references exchanged. Call or address 2700 Locust st. m13

UNFURNISHED, three rooms and basement kitchen, stone-front house, close to business center; hot and cold water, gas, etc. Rent $25. Ad. B. 15, this office. s13

WANTED—A young man as room-mate; nicely furnished second-story room; only $7 per month. Call or ad. 1313 Chouteau av. s13

WANTED—Nicely furnished room not further west than 12th st., between Walnut and Washington av. Ad. C. 12, this office. s13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

3623 N. TENTH ST.—Two-story brick house, six rooms, bath, gas, hall, etc., at $25 per month. Apply Chas. Krauss, 822 North Market st. m14

DWELLINGS FOR RENT:

2121 Pine st., 10 rooms, modern improvements,...	$70
2616 Locust st., 10 rooms, all conveniences,.....	75
2221 Market st., 6 rooms, hall, gas, bath,.....	27 50
2325 Chouteau av., 6 rooms, hall, gas and bath....	30
1109 Pine st., 5 rooms,.....	27 50
1134 N. Second st., 4 rooms,.....	13

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine st.

FOR RENT—Desirable eight room residence in pleasantest part of Stoddard Addition, 2934 Morgan st., large yard, brick stable, etc., $42 50. J. E. Kaime & Bro., 409 Olive st.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

FOR SALE—Six-room house, gas, bath and water, No. 3324 Locust st. Apply at Brennan's shoe store, 3329 Olive st. s14

FOR RENT—2307 Chestnut st.; ten rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply to Chas. L. Hunt, 106 Pine st.

FOR RENT—Four-room house, side and rear yard; water in kitchen. 2111 Utah st. L. B. Jones, 107 N. 8th. s14

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

MICHAEL O'LOUGHLIN sells Wing & Co.'s Neptune patent flour.

525 N. SECOND ST.—First floor and office. Apply on premises. m17

1616 FRANKLIN AV.—Two large and commodious store rooms, 30x90, suitable for dry goods, carpet house or furniture store-rooms. Inquire on the premises or at Grether & Boeck's, 207 N. 8th st. 17

BEST card photos, $1 50 per dozen, at Feldotto's 1724 Franklin av. Last week at this price. 37

DOCTOR'S OFFICE—Two very desirable rooms for a physician, used four years as such. Inquire at 701 S. 4th st. m13

FOR RENT—Store and three rooms; rent $15 per month; southeast cor. Broadway and Warren st.

FOR RENT—Second floor, 25x

ORTS.

ERTISING CARDS

Eastern prices. Largest and ew designs added as soon , 713 Olive st. 32

eater and Party furnished on office at low rates. ording Stable, 406 and 408 N. given to boarding horses

hat Human Friend Bitters for sale at all first-class sal-

rchased of W. W. St. John e manufacture of his cele- ion Cylinder Packing, to- patterns. We now notify need of a first-class pack- red to furnish it at short 913 N. Main st. 32

ully trimmed by Philip st. s32

'Take my washing to the Laundry, 717 Locust st." t st., 818 Olive st., 711 Olive Franklin av. s32

MILL, 2213 Bismarck st., le kain. Orders respectfully

ough and conscientious n an experienced teacher ewland, 2621 Olive st. s32

TUATION by a boy of 15 as office boy; can give ref. Ad. E. 7, this office. m42

TUATION in store or office, by a boy writing a good hand and speaking German; lives Compton av. Wetz, 3053 Morgan st. 142

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 13 in wholesale house; can bring best city references. Ad. C. this office. s42

WANTED—By a boy of 18 years, a situation of some kind. Ad. C. 6, this office. s42

WANTED—By a boy 17 years of age, a situation either in an office or wholesale house; can furnish good reference. Ad. E. 16, this office. m42

YOUNG boy, 17 years old, wishes a situation of any kind. Ad. C. 10, this office. s42

Miscellaneous.

P. McDONALD sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

A SITUATION wanted by a shorthand writer, who can use a caligraph; can furnish undoubted references; willing to do any kind of office work, insurance office preferred, or any place where, by attention to business, advance can be obtained. Good worker. Please answer with name, address and salary. Address C. 14, this office. s43

A SITUATION wanted as porter or fireman in hotel or saloon by a young German. Ad. E. 23, this office. s43

A SITUATION wanted by an old gent to work about the house, and to take care of horses; willing to make himself generally useful. Ad. 2059 Broadway. s43

A MAN with family wants a position as watchman or porter in a store or factory. Ad. D. 23, this office. s43

A HANDY man wants a situation of any kind in a private family; coaching, work with carpenters' tools, repairing furniture or anything inside or outside. Ad. 1424 Poplar st. 143

A HANDY man; can do most everything around a private house; understands horses and coaching works with tools, repairing furniture or carpenter work. Call or address No. 1424 Pine st. m43

BY a young married man and wife, a situation to take care of a farm; no incumbrance; city ref. Ad. C. 8, this office. s43

COOK, house girl, man and wife and boy 13 years old want work. 919 N. 14th st s43

EMPLOYMENT wanted by an Irishman, sl gle, who is willing to work either on a farm or in a store; can keep book accounts. Ad. D. 25, h. o. s42

EMPLOYMENT wanted in the country by a reliable single man; can milk, drive, make repairs and has some knowledge of gardening. Ad. D. 36, this office.

SITUATION wanted in a wholesale house by an experienced porter; can give good refs. Ad. F. 9, this office. 143

SITUATION wanted by a young man as useful man about the place; no objections to the country; best ref. E. 35, this office. 142

SITUATION wanted by a middle-aged married man who can make himself generally useful in a store, or as clerk in jewelry store. Ad. F. 29, t. o. 143

SITUATION wanted by a young man in the wholesale or retail saw mine or liquor business; has worked before. Ad. D. 34, this office. s42

WANTED—Situation by a man to do almost any kind of work about the house. Address E. 33, this office. 143

WANTED—By a practical man, the care of a gentleman's place; is willing and handy around the house. Ad. F. 8, this office. 143

WANTED—Work by a young man who is able and willing to do anything from porter up to bookkeeper. Ad. E. 12, this office. m43

YOUNG man wishes situation to drive or milk cows, or to work around the house. Ad. R. 20, this office. s38

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

GOOD, practical plumber wanted, who also understands machinery, to go to the country. Gage & Horton Manufacturing Co., 701 N. Main st. s38

MOLDING machine hand to work on a Lee molder. Phil. Scholz, Dock and Kennett. m38

PLANING-mill engineer wanted. Phil. Scholz, Dock and Kennett. m38

STENCIL-CUTTER wanted. Excelsior Stencil Works 224 Pine st. m38

TAILORS wanted. 722 Pine st.; first-class coatmakers. Our prices are from $7 50 to $15 per coat. Martindale & Paule. m

WANTED—Builders, carpenters and bricklayers to know that Isley & Richardson, dealers in hardware, cutlery, tools, etc., for seventeen years at 603 Market st., have moved to 824 Market st., under Druids' Hall. 58

WANTED—An experienced pants cutter for a wholesale clothing house at Evansville, Ind. Inquire at 10 S. 4th st., between 12 and 1 o'clock. m58

WANTED—100 young men to sit for photos; cards, $1 50 per doz.; cabinets, $3, at Feldotto's, 1724 Franklin av. Last week at these prices. 58

Laborers.

TWO first-class job printers wanted. Smith & Owens, 207 N. 3d st. s59

Boys.

A. HOPPE sells Wing's Neptune patent flour.

BOY wanted with city refs. to attend horse and housework. Ap. at Lochr's, 110 N. 3d st. t61

GENERAL utility boy wanted; must be able to read and write, 13 to 15 years of age, live with parents and know the principal streets in the city. No others need apply. $3 per week. Call Monday at 609 S. 2d st. Laitner Brush Mfg. Co. s61

NEAT, clean boy wanted to wait on a sick person nights. Apply to-day at 3129 Thomas st. t61

PRESS-BOY wanted for steam job presses. H. M. Brockstedt, 513 Elm st. m61

PASTE boy wanted to work with paper hanger. 722 N. 9th st. s61

WANTED—Boy waiter who lives with parents, at restaurant 410 N. 8th st. s61

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single bed 15c; single rooms 25c per night. Open day and night. s82

A HOSTLER wanted at 1531 Franklin av. s62

A YOUNG MAN wanted, not afraid to work. 1624 Broadway. s62

BARBER apprentice wanted (young man); wages $20; time, six months. Seventh st., bet. Market and Walnut. s62

FURNITURE repaired, packed and shipped; mattresses renovated; jobbing in general. J. C. Miller, 210 N. 10th st. 62

FINE snow pictures at $3, cabinet size, at Feldotto's, 1724 Franklin av. See "All Sorts." 62

WANTED—A experienced young man with references to solicit and make estimates from plans and specifications on tin cap and galvanized iron work; tinner preferred; state salary expected for permanent situation. Ad. E. 24, this office. m62

WANTED—Young man who understands blankbook forwarding. Keim, Engau & Co., 314 Olive st. m57

WANTED—Young man to have work at your own home in a new business; no peddling is required; from $6 to $12 per day can be made; one dozen samples sent free that will do to commence work on; send four 3-cent stamps for postage and advertising and address Hunt & Co., West Acton, Mass. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

J. H. LINDENSCHMIDT sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

A YOUNG lady, well-educated, wants a situation as book-keeper, saleslad, translator or correspondent. Ad. E. 36, this office. 44

A LADY, thoroughly consistent and of large experience, desires a position to superintend and take entire charge of a restaurant or boarding-house dining-room, or would go in partnership with another party in a boarding-house. Address F. 10, this office.

A YOUNG woman who has facilities for doing copying and circular work by type-writer in the best and most satisfactory manner and at a less cost than it is done by pen, would be pleased to show sample work and give estimates of cost. Address M. E. K., this office. 44

BEST panel photos, $4 per doz., at Feldotto's, 1724 Franklin av. Come while they are cheap. 44

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

WANTED—By a young lady, position in dry goods store; she has experience and can give first-class city ref. Call or ad. K. W. B., 1305 Pine st. t44

WANTED—By a young lady of experience, a situation as copyist or sales lady in book store, where I am sure she will give every satisfaction, being in same position for some time past. Ad. M. O., 1506 Pine st. t44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaker wants to go in families, or would take work home; terms moderate. Address F. 21, this office. 146

WANTED—Situation by a good dressmaker to go out in families for $5 per week and board; to go home at night. Ad. D. 14, this office. m46

Housekeepers.

A LADY wishes a situation as housekeeper of an aged gentleman. C. 16, this office. s47

A MIDDLE-AGED woman wants a situation as housekeeper for a widower, or to nurse the sick or cook in a private family. No. 1313 N. 7th st. s47

GERMAN girl wants situation to do housework, dining-room or general housework in small family. 1605 Benton st. f48

SITUATION by a young lady of 21 years as housekeeper; capable of taking charge of any size house; prefer with children. Direct or call 1424 Poplar st. m47

WANTED—Situation by young lady as housekeeper. Call at 1211 Pine st. 147

WANTED—A position as housekeeper by a widow; can give best of reference as to ability, or would go as a traveling companion to invalid lady. Address J. L., this office. 147

General Housework.

A WOMAN wishes a situation to do general housework. Address 817 Market st. w48

A LADY wishes a situation to do general housework, also sewing. C. 13, this office. s48

GERMAN and Swede girl want places, either for nursing and housework or dining-room work, or as chambermaids. Call 919 N. 14th st.; postals ans.

Cooks.

BY a first-class colored cook and laundress. Call or ad. Maggie Cooper, 107 S. 10th. m49

FIRST-CLASS cook; good ref. Ap. at Workingwoman's Home, 1107 N. 12th st. s49

SITUATION wanted as cook in private family, hotel or restaurant. Ap. 1407 N. 12th st., Workingwoman's Home. s49

SITUATION wanted to cook and assist in washing. 1718 Morgan st. First class ref. s49

SITUATION wanted by first-class colored cook and laundress. Call or ad. Maggie Cooper, 107 N. 10th.

SITUATION wanted to cook, wash and iron. Call at 1407 N. 12th st., Workingwoman's Home. s49

TWO German girls, sisters, want places as cook and house girl. 919 N. 14th st. No postals answered.

Nurses.

A LADY experienced in nursing the sick would go out by the day or week, or would act as daily companion to an invalid; a good reader and amanuensis. Ad. V. 10, this office. 150

SITUATION as nurse or companion to an invalid by a young widow; willing to make herself generally useful; ref. ex. Ad. C. 18, this office. s50

WOMAN wants a place as nurse for sick or as seamstress or as housekeeper; city or country. Call 919 N. 14th st.; no postals answered. s50

WANTED—Place as wet nurse by a colored lady, in good health, and can give good doctor's reference. Address D. 49, this office. m50

Laundresses.

RESPECTABLE Swede, with fresh breast of milk, desires nursing in first-class family; good references. Apply at Working Woman's Home, 1407 N. 12th st. s50

WANTED—Washing to take home or go out. Mrs. Rose, S. E. cor. Clay av. and Montgomery st. s51

WANTED—Washing to take home by an experienced washwoman. 1616 Market st. Send postal. m51

Miscellaneous.

A WOMAN with child wants a situation; will work for small wages. Apply at 1211 Wash st. 152

BY a white woman, as stewardess on steamboat; one that understands her business. No. 1605 Market st. Inquire in tailor shop. s52

ROUNDERS, reggers and heelers wanted on men's pegged shoes. Wittemann, Rost & Co., 807 Morgan st. s52

TWO steady girls want a place to work in restaurant. Call at 2017 Columbus st. s52

TWO German girls wish situations in the same family, one as cook, the other to do housework. Ad. 893 Franklin av. m52

WANTED—Situation in any respectable capacity—lady's companion, governess or seamstress; no objection to leaving the city or traveling. 902 Locust st. 152

WOMAN with boy of 14 would like a place in country to do any kind of work. Ad. B. 15, this office.

WANTED—First-class bookkeeper; reference required. Ad. D. 12, this office? m53

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

A FIRST-CLASS lady wanted as copyist occasionally, to do writing at home; must charge moderately; only first-class writers need apply. D. 24, this office. s63

Housekeepers.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

WANTED—American or German housekeeper to keep house for a man and servant boy; must be neat. Inquire at southeast corner Goodfellow av. and St. Charles Rock-road, Sunday. s63

General Housework.

D. SIGNAIGO sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune patent flour.

A GERMAN girl wanted for general housework, 2945 Dickson st. m66

A GIRL for a small family. Apply 913 N. Jefferson av. s66

A GOOD German girl to do general housework at 840 Gratiot st.; good reference needed. s66

A GOOD girl wanted for general housework at 2702 Wash st. m66

A GOOD German girl for general housework at 910 Benton st. m66

A GOOD German girl for general housework. 2738 Vineyard st. m66

A GIRL for general housework, cook and iron; no washing. 3120 Franklin av. s66

A GIRL for general housework in small family. Apply 3029 Easton av. 166

A GERMAN girl for general housework; no washing; also nursegirl 14 or 15 years old. Apply immediately 1709 Olive st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2535 Dickson st. 166

WANTED—A girl to do general housework at 1308 Hickory st. s66

WANTED—Good girl for genera housework. Apply 2222 Walnut st. s66

WANTED—A reliable woman (German preferred) to do general housework for family of three; good home; no objections to a child. 1313 Poplar st.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; family of three. 1821 Mississippi av. s66

WANTED—A good German girl for general house work 2907 Sheridan av. m66

WANTED—Small girl to do general housework at 724 Locust st. 168

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 1721 California av.; good wages paid. 166

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family at 1302 Gratian st., near Park av. 166

WANTED—Immediately, a tidy girl for housework; small family. 1810 Olive av. 168

WANTED—Immediately, girl to assist with housework. 1214 Elliot av. 166

Laundresses.

A FIRST-CLASS laundress wishes to take home ladies' and gents' washing. Ad. 1625 Clay st. 151

A LAUNDRESS wanted by the month. 914 Locust st. m67

FIRST-CLASS laundress wanted to act as forewoman. Ad. D. 32, this office. m67

WANTED—A washwoman one day in each week at 933 N. 8th st., city. s67

Cooks.

A GIRL wanted to cook, wash and iron. 1127 N. Compton av. s62

A MERICAN or German woman wanted to cook and assist with housework. 2637 Olive st. 168

WANTED—A good family cook, with reference. Call on Monday at 2719 Olive st. w68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron, at 2040 Clark av. s68

WANTED—German or Swede girl, to cook, wash and iron in private family; good wages to good girl. 3518 Washington av. s68

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

100 GIRLS wanted to run knitting machines Apply at 302 N. 5th st. 69

A SEAMSTRESS wanted at 4018 Delmar av. for plain sewing; please call at once; one who can use Wheeler & Wilson No. 8 machine. m69

WANTED—A good seamstress who understands dressmaking, for one week's work. 3122 School st. t69

WANTED—Good sewing machine hands on coats; also good hand sewers on coats and pants. Chas. R. Lewis, N. W. cor. Main and Locust. s69

Nurses.

BY a healthy young woman, a place as wet nurse; place in Stoddard addition preferred. Ad. for three days, stating where interview may be had. W. A. S., 3401 Olive st. m70

NURSE girl wanted at 3114 Clark av. 170

WANTED—Wet nurse, with fresh breast of milk; no others need apply at 3735 Laclede av. s70

WANTED—A nurse girl. Ap. 2325 Chestnut st. s70

WANTED—A good nurse girl, willing to assist in light housework. Apply at 118 N. 12th st. 170

WANTED—A German girl to attend to a two-year-old child, at 222 S. Beaumont st., bet. Walnut and Clark av. 170

Miscellaneous.

$10 PROFIT per day to ladies canvassing for Ladies' Undergarment Protector for this State. Circulars sent for 6c. 1214 Olive.

A GOOD, strong, healthy woman wanted as scrubber and paint-cleaner at Hotel Barnum, 6th and Washington av. m71

A NEAT, good girl wanted for up stairs and dining-room work. Call at 908 Pine st. m71

A GOOD girl wanted to do chamber work and assist in dining-room. Call at 1203 Washington av. m71

A GIRL wanted for dining-room and chamber work; one who understands waiting on table. 1113 Locust st. m71

A RESPECTABLE young woman as superintendent where 18 hands are run; only a practical person need apply. Address D. 32, this office. s71

GOOD dining-room girl at City Hall Restaurant, 4th st., East St. Louis. Good girls can get good pay. Call immediately. m71

GIRL wanted at 2803 Russell st. m71

GIRLS and women furnished with work free of charge at 919 N. 14th st.; wages $10 to $16 per month; cigar making may be had also until work is furnished. s71

NO. 1 STARCHER for machine wanted at Park Laundry, 1217 Olive st. s71

SMALL girl wanted to do errands and assist with light housework. 1914 Pine. s71

WANTED—At 2849 Washington av., a dining-room girl. Apply to-day. 171

WANTED—Two good girls—one for general housework, the other to cook and take care of children. Apply at 2713 Stoddard st. m71

WANTED—Experienced girls to make artificial flowers, rose and bud-makers; also small girls to learn. Inquire at 717 Olive st., room 22. 871

WANTED—100 young ladies to sit for photos; cabinets, $2 per doz.; cards, $1 50. Feldotto, 1724 Franklin av. Last low-price week. 71

WANTED—LADIES OR YOUNG MEN TO TAKE nice light and pleasant work at their homes; work sent by mail; no canvassing; good salary; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Drawer 77. s71

WANTED—Neat, clean girls at Williamson's Corset and Brace Co., 208 N. 6th st. s71

DRESSMAKING.

F. SPENGLER sells D. L. Wing & Co.'s Neptune flour.

LATEST styles and first-class work in dressmaking 1303½ Chestnut st. s72

MRS. GORDON will open her dressmaking establishment, March 1, at 713 N. 4th st. w72

NEW YORK Dressmaking School, teaches dress cutting and designing, in one third time elsewhere; formerly lived with institution. 872

POSITION as governess; would take charge as managing housekeeper. Can teach music and the English branches and thoroughly understands household economy. Best ref. given and req. Ad. E. 11, this office. m52

SEWING Machines, 25 kinds, at one-half or less agents' prices; $25 saved. 313 Locust st. See All Sorts. 72

SUITS and manties for every age and size, cut to fit and designed in the latest and most artistic style. 1832 Franklin av. Take Franklin av. car or pleasant walk across on 18th or 19th st. from Pine, Olive or Washington av. cars. 872

AGENTS WANTED.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

AGENTS wanted to sell the celebrated goods of the Sterling M'f'g Co.'s make; first-class agents well paid; must have best ref. R. Cross, Manager, 1910 Franklin av. 173

A GENTLEMAN, that is willing to be agent for a Pennsylvania factory of desks and school furniture is asked to call in the forenoon at 1504 Lafayette av. 873

TEN men of good address wanted at once. 1225 Olive st. 873

TWO or three ladies or gentlemen wanted for agreeable and profitable work in a new field. Crane, 923 N. 11th st. 873

WE are still offering our finest cabinet photos at $2 per dozen. "When," 1733 Franklin av. 63

WE have pleasant, profitable work for people of character and ability. Address or call on Hubbard Bros., publishers, N. E. cor. 4th and Market sts., St. Louis, Mo. 873

WANTED—Local agents in counties for Burruss' Carriage Lifting Jack; all iron; tony, handy little thing; new patent; cheap; durable and warranted. Address Canvasser, 1214 Spruce st. He will bring and show it to you, taking orders at retail or wholesale. s73

WANTED—Experienced newspaper subscription canvassers. Apply at this office before 9 a. m.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.,

A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of **Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood** Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain. SURGICAL Cases receive Special Attention.

Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Headache, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without instance to business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose and Lung Disease. Liver Complaints.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill, and physicians in regular practice all over the country, knowing this, frequently recommend cases of this kind of cost office in America, where every known appliance is resorted to, and the **proved good remedies** of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and all are treated with skill in a respectful manner; and **knowing what to do, we experiments are made.** On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

Marriage Guide. 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES

Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c in money or postage stamps. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who to marry, When to marry, Where to marry, Who marry first. Manhood. Womanhood. Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition 25c in postage stamps, sent sealed; pamphlet 3c; German, 84 pages, 25c. Calls or letters of consultation free and invited. Consultation other hours and private entrance by appointment by mail. Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 12 m. to 1 p. m. only.

Manhood Restored.

A victim of early imprudence, causing Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N. Y.

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE GREAT VEGETABLE

PAIN DESTROYER and SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATION AND HEMORRHAGES.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the **Extract.** Our **Plaster** is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c. Our **Ointment** (50 cents) for use when removal of clothing is inconvenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory cases.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our **Nasal Syringes** (75 cents) and **Inhalers** ($1.00) are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the **Extract** promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

Catarrh. The **Extract** is the only specific for this disease. Cold in Head, &c. Our **"Catarrh Cure,"** specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the **Extract;** our **Nasal Syringe** invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and unexpensive.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our **Ointment** in connection with the **Extract,** it will aid in healing, softening and in keeping out the air.

Burns and Scalds. For **Burns** heat and pain it is unrivaled, and should be kept in every family ready for use in case of accidents. A dressing of our **Ointment** will aid in healing and prevent scars.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes. It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all inflammation and soreness without pain.

Earache, Toothache and Faceache. When the **Extract** is used according to directions, its effect is simply wonderful.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding, or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. **Pond's Extract Medicated Paper** for rectal use, is a preventive against Chafing and Piles. Our **Ointment** is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

For Broken Breast and Sore Nipples. The **Extract** is so cleanly and efficacious that mothers who have once used it will never be without it. Our **Ointment** is the best emollient that can be applied.

Female Complaints. No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the **Extract** be used. Full directions accompany each bottle.

CAUTION.

Pond's Extract Has been imitated. The genuine has the words **"Pond's Extract"** blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Avoid all pretenses having **Pond's Extract.** Take no other preparation. *It is never sold in bulk, or by measure.*

Price of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00 and $1.75		
Toilet Cream	1 00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	25
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cks)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	25

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO.,

NEW YORK AND LONDON.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Orders for $2 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $2 25. Orders for $5 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $5, if addressed to 14 West Fourteenth street, New York.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Catherine McLaughlin, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Catherine McLaughlin,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 23d day of February, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of February, 1883.

THOMAS McDERMOTT.

Administrator of the Estate of Catherine McLaughlin. 1w

ESTATE of William Roach, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

William Roach,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the sixteenth day of February, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are require to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this twenty-first day of February, 1883.

JAMES ROACH.

2w

ESTATE OF Frederick Winkler, deceased.—Notice is hereby giv n that letters of administration on the estate of

Frederick Winkler,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 19th day of February, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1883.

ALBERT WINKLER,

Administrator of the estate of Frederick Winkler, deceased. 3w

ESTATE of Dorothea Draksmith, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Dorothea Draksmith,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the seventeenth day of February, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this twentieth day of February, 1883.

GEORGE GUENTHER,

3w Executor of Dorothea Draksmith, deceased.

TO the stockholders of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company—Take notice: That a meeting of the stockholders of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company for the purpose of voting upon increasing its capital stock from thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)—the amount of its present capital—to forty thousand dollars ($40,000), in accordance with law, will be held at the office of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company on the N. W. corner of Tenth and Mullanphy streets, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 26th day of March, 1883. You are hereby notified and requested to attend said meeting, and to take part in the proceedings of the same. By order of the Board of Directors of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company.

F. LOHSE, President.

St. Louis, January 22, 1883. 54F

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER of the assignment of L. Blum & Co.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of L. Blum & Co. that on Monday, April 9, 1883, I will file in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in room No. 2 thereof, my final account as assignee, and apply to said court for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said L. Blum & Co.

H. HYSINGER,

St. Louis, February 21, 1883. 5W Assignee.

CURE YOURSELF.

Bohannan's "Vegetable Curative" cures all Nervous Diseases, Mental and Physical Weakness, General Debility, Kidney Complaints, Organic Weakness, or any of the train of evils arising from Indiscretions, Over Brain Work, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE, which often terminate in Consumption or Insanity. Many men, from the effects of Youthful Ingredience, have brought about a state of weakness that has reduced the general system so much as to induce symptoms of nearly every other disease, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever being suspected they are doctored for everything but the right one. Notwithstanding the many valuable remedies that medical science has produced for the relief of this class of patients, none of the ordinary modes of treatment effect a cure as promptly as

BOHANNAN'S VEGETABLE CURATIVE.

It has been used by old Dr. Bohannan in his private practice for over thirty years, has never failed in curing even the Worst Cases. The patient gains strength and elasticity of spirits at once, as it acts directly on the parts affected as a soothing and healing tonic and anodyne, imparting power and tone and restoring them to their natural state, the same as if never affected. The ingredients are simple productions of nature—barks, roots, herbs, etc., and are a specific for the above diseases. Permanently curing most cases in from two to seven weeks time.

Price Five Dollars sent to any address. For sale only at Bohannan's Drug Store, No. 611 North Fifth Street, corner of Christy avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ A Treatise fully describing the above sent FREE.

PILES CURED. "Bohannan's Pile Ointment," cures the worst cases of Piles, no matter what form or how long standing, in from 2 to 5 days. Prepared by BOHANNAN & CO., Druggists, N. W. Cor. Fifth and Christy ave.

SOCIETY NEWS.

Gossip About Personal Movements --Weddings.

In the Sunny South--Entertainments in Lent --General Personal Paragraphs.

Miss Bessie Shorb is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Eugene Cuendet is pronounced convalescent.

Miss Valle is entertaining Miss La Pice, of New Orleans.

Miss Percy, of Massachusetts, is the guest of Mrs. W. Price.

Mrs. Ben. Kimball gave a card party on Thursday evening.

Mrs. A. S. Alce is entertaining Miss De Pinna, of New York.

Misses Ida and Theresa Taylor will spend next month in Florida.

Miss Flora Cranch is visiting her friend, Miss Lenoir, of Columbia.

Mrs. John Gough has returned home after a pleasant visit to her sister.

Mrs. Filley and the Misses Hopkins have returned from New Orleans.

Mrs. Judge Sherwood, of Jefferson City, is visiting friends in this city.

Miss Margroth's French class met this week at Mrs. Ashley D. Scott's.

Mrs. Will Horner, nee Minnie Winans, is visiting her mother at Columbia.

One of Mrs. Angelica G. Carr's little children is suffering from scarlet fever.

Miss Malloy, the guest of Miss Emma Barney, leaves this week for New York.

The Comus Club will give a masquerade at Liederkranz Hall on Friday evening.

Miss Phœbe Cousins was entertained by a banquet in Boston on Friday evening.

Miss Laura Richardson entertained a few friends informally on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Judge Laughlin is spending this week in town, at her apartments at Hotel Beers.

Mr. Roderick D. Leggett, of Montana, is the guest of his brother, Mr. Alex Leggett.

Miss Fannie Liggett is again the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Col. Butler, of Grand avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cupples have returned from a pleasant trip to Philadelphia.

Madame Renouard's French class met last week at Miss Dimmock's, on Washington avenue.

Miss Morris, of Eugenia street, is entertaining her niece, Miss Belle Morris, of Mexico, Mo.

Misses Temple and Lizzie Clark, daughters of Mr. Wm. J. Clark, are visiting friends in Baltimore.

Dr. E. P. Kingsley's many friends will be pleased to know that he is pronounced out of danger.

Mrs. Anderson and Miss Georgie Anderson are at home again from their visit to New Orleans.

Miss McKinney, of St. Charles, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Laurie Day, of Laclede avenue.

Mrs. William Arnold leaves this evening to return to San Antonio, where she will join her husband.

Mrs. Carington and daughter, of Virginia, are the guests of Judge and Mrs. Samuel Breckenridge.

Miss Lulu Redmond, of 1426 Lucas place, spent a few days last week with her parents in St. Charles.

Miss Lizzie Hockaday, who was the guest of Mrs. Frank P. Blair, has returned home to Fulton, Mo.

Mrs. Henry Ameling has been quite ill during the past week at her residence, 3220 Chestnut street.

Misses Marie Flannigan and Mimi Morrison spent last week with Miss Lulu Brown, of Kansas City.

The Whist Club will hold its last reunion at the residence of Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison on Saturday night.

Miss Fannie Douglas, of Columbia, Mo., after a visit to Mrs. Frank Blair, has returned to Columbia.

Mr. Hartwell, a prominent insurance man of Worcester, Mass., was the guest this week of Mr. E. S. Warner.

Miss Almy Breckenridge entertained a small party of friends at dinner on Tuesday to meet Miss Carrington.

Mrs. Beatty, wife of the Representative from St. Louis, is in Iowa attending the Hammond-Wilson wedding.

Mr. Walter Cowherd, a former resident of the city, was here last week attending the Lippincott-Harris wedding.

Capt. and Mrs. Boffinger and Miss Bettie Boffinger have left the city to spend the spring months in the South.

Misses Jennie Nanson and Belle Billingsley go to San Antonio next week, where they will visit Miss Nanson's sister.

Miss Cora Liggett and sister will accompany their father to Florida next week, where they will spend six weeks.

Mrs. Wm. Arnold returned on Friday from San Antonio, and will make a brief stay preparatory to going to Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kern will receive at their residence, No. 3217 Pine street, on Thursday afternoon after March 20.

Dr. and Mrs. Lewis leave soon for Denver. They will be accompanied by Mrs. Dr. Jennings and her grand-daughter, Miss Annie McClenny.

Mr. La Pice, of New Orleans, spent this week in the city. He leaves on Sunday, accompanied by his sister, for their home at New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. Whipple, en route from New Orleans on a bridal tour, spent a few days in the city last week attending the Lippincott-Harris wedding.

The Misses McCullough, of Louisiana, who have been the guests for some weeks past of Mrs. Dr. Broaddus, of Pine street, have returned home.

The ladies of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church, have been invited to hold their weekly meetings at Mrs. Will Anderson's, on Lindell avenue.

The arrangements have all been completed to open the Riding Academy at the Armory about March 1st, under the management of Messrs. Mayne & Jennings.

Misses Amelia Cupples, Mattie and Mazy Lowman, chaperoned by Mrs. L. S. Pierce, are enjoying the gayeties of New Orleans and will return on the J. A. Scudder.

Miss Jennie Nanson, Miss Belle Billingsley and Miss Garth, of Hannibal, with their attendant cavaliers, Messrs. Sale, Smythe and Allen, occupied a box at the Olympic Tuesday evening.

Miss Sallie Orrick was married last week to Mr. George Dugan, of St. Charles. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's sister. After a short bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Dugan will make St. Charles their future home.

The following marriage announcement has been received this week: "Mrs. Alexander Munson desires to announce the marriage of her daughter Leckie to Robert Horace Kern, Tuesday, February 27, 1883, 1642 Indiana avenue, Chicago."

Mrs. Dr. Yost gave last week a petit souper and card party, the occasion being the thirteenth anniversary of her marriage. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hull, Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Reece, Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox and others.

On Wednesday evening Mr. and Mrs. Dean Cooper gave a card party to a few friends connected with the Cooking Club, at their residence 3631 Washington avenue. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Abadie, Mr. Louis D. Picot and Miss Picot, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Plant, Miss Isabel Wezler, Miss Van Court, Mr. Charles E. Ware and Dr. Vaughn.

On Thursday, February 22, Mr. James L. Blair,

COMMISSION
Sales Books
Printed form can be had from
Robt. D. Patterson & Co
STATIONERS,
316 and 318 N. Third Street.

CRUSHED BRYDEN COKE,
Made from Washed Coal,
The cleanest, purest and most desirable fuel ever offered to the citizens of St. Louis for kitchen, laundry or furnace uses. Orders promptly filled by
Carbondale Coal and Coke Co., 509 Olive St.
ALEX. BRYDEN, Supt.

DOCTORS
SUSANNA W. & MARY DODDS.
We treat all diseases successfully without medicine. Diseases of women a specialty. Send (with stamp) for circulars.
2826 WASHINGTON AV.

CHAS. K. RAMSEY,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
620 Chestnut St., Rooms 22 and 24.

12 LBS Clarified Sugar $1; 11 lbs Granulated Sugar $1. Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
106 N. Fifth Street.

DR. J. CONZELMAN'S COUGH SYRUP. FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CROUP. UNSURPASSED. FOR WHOOPING COUGH. THE ONLY SPECIFIC CURE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

St. Louis Shorthand Institute.

ARTHUR J. BARNES, law stenographer, 502 Olive street, St. Louis, February 22, 1883. Arthur J. Barnes, Esq: Dear Sir—Your lessons by mail are all I could wish for. You could not help me more by oral instruction. Edw. Fitchle, bookkeeper, A. Frankenthal & Bro., 409 N. 8th.

HARD AND SOFT COAL!
SOLE AGENT
Brookside Coal Co.
JAS. J. SYLVESTER, 416 Olive st.

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
Twelfth and Washington Av.
Removed to the new and elegant establishment. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel. Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

CITY NEWS.

WE would again call attention to the magnificent bargains D. Crawford & Co. are now showing in their ever-popular silk department, and more especially to the beautiful all silk rhadames, which they are now so freely selling for the low price of $1 25 a yard. These goods really cost $1 75 a yard to import. They have them in all the new colorings.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington ave.

SHE has a complexion like a rose. Why? She uses Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

DR. E. C. CROSE,
22 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE MEDICINE furnished matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. DR. WHITTIER, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles st., unparalleled success, treats with unparalleled success, blood impurities, immediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility—diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposure, initially cured. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially, scales advice free. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 200 pp., sent by mail 25 cts.; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail or express. All, express or boat.

Sleeper to Jefferson City During the Session of the Legislature.

Commencing February 20 the Missouri Pacific Railway will run a special Pullman sleeper to Jefferson City on the train leaving the Union Depot at 8:40 p. m. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, until further notice.

DR. A. D. WILLIAMS, Oculist and Aurist, 723 Chestnut street.

Neuril Cures Neuralgia

A few drops applied kill the pain instantly. Sold by all druggists at 50c.

Blair's Pills.

Great English Remedy for Gout, Rheumatism and Kidney Complaints. Sure, prompt and effective. Oval box, $1; round 50 cts. Of druggists.

Lundborg's Perfumes.
EDENIA AND MARECHAL NIEL ROSE.

Dr. Adams' Turkish Baths,
311 N. 7th street, open until 9 o'clock P. M. and Sundays until 12 M. for Gentlemen.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Horace Greeley's Chapaqua estate is to be sold at public auction.

Joseph Gorkin was killed and three others were seriously injured by the explosion of a boiler at Smith & Connor's wharf, in Boston, on Friday.

The boiler in Banhalzer's Brewery, in St. Paul, Minn., exploded on Friday, injuring eleven persons, none fatally. The loss is between $15,000 and $20,000.

The Joint Committee of Congress on Library on Friday reported the Senate bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the purchase of land for the commencement of work upon the new Congressional Library building.

In Moberly, Mo., on Thursday night, a woman named Mattie Woolf took a dose of "Rough on Rats" with suicidal intent and died shortly afterwards. Domestic trouble was the cause. She leaves a husband and five children.

The Mississippi Valley Horticultural Society met in New Orleans on Friday and elected the following officers: Parker Earle, Illinois, president; S. H. Nowlin, Arkansas, vice-president; William H. Rogan, Indiana, secretary; J. C. Evans, Missouri, treasurer.

C. R. Davis, a prominent young lawyer of Mineral Wells, Texas, has been in jail for three weeks for failing to pay his occupation tax. He claims that the tax is unconstitutional, and that it is illegal to imprison a person for debt, whether due the Government or individuals. He will sue the town for $40,000 damage for false imprisonment.

On Thursday night two well-known thieves, Eddie Preston and Jack Flaherty, robbed a store in Joliet, Ill., of $3,500 worth of silks, and checked the trunk containing them for Chicago. The baggageman in handling them felt the bolts of silk jolt, and supposed they were dead bodies. He telegraphed to Chicago, and on the arrival there the thieves were arrested and returned to Joliet.

...is of families is called to ...flavoring extracts.

...ICES.

...constant song, ...ggists.

SPORTING SUNDRIES.

Billiards—Wrestling—Pugilistic—General News and Gossip.

The billiard tournament at Mussey's during the past week has been attracting large crowds of spectators as usual. On Monday Tom Gallagher defeated Frank Knight by 119 points. Gallagher played 650 points to his opponent's 250. During the game the winner made a run of 237. Ed. Nelson and Wm. Emery played on Tuesday evening both receiving odds of 325 in 650 points. Nelson won, going out on a run of 105 and leaving his opponent at 543. Catton receiving 150 odds defeated Reed, who received 325 points in 650 on Wednesday evening. Catton's best run was 192. Gallagher and Tom Sawyer played on Thursday evening, the former playing the full 650 points, while the latter received odds of 400. Gallagher won in his thirty-fourth inning. His best run was 77. Wm. Emery and Frank Knight crossed cues last evening. Emery played 325 points to Knight 300 and won the game. His best run was 34. There will be no game this evening.

Two matches at billiards, have been arranged between Eugene Carter, of Chicago, and Frank Maggioli, of New Orleans. The purse which goes to the winner of both games, is $500. The first game was at cushion caroms; 300 points up, and was played at New Orleans, on Tuesday evening. After a fine contest Carter won the game, leaving his opponent at 230. The second game will be straight rail, 1,500 points up, and will be played on next Tuesday evening.

WRESTLING.

An amateur wrestling match takes place at the Western Rowing Club's boat-house, to-morrow morning between John Campbell and Lambert Metzger.

The Græco-Roman match for $100 a side, between Fred. Dueller, of St. Louis and Thoral Ohlsen, a South American, that was to have taken place at New Orleans, Saturday evening, was postponed on account of the weather.

Jesse H. Robinson, of Batavia, N. Y., and J. W. Bashaw, of Cleveland, O., wrestled a match, collar and elbow, for $500 a side at Batavia, N. Y., last evening. The contest was very scientific. Robinson won the first round in eight and a-half minutes, Bashaw the second in about one minute, and Robinson the third in three and one-half minutes. Robinson is the champion of western New York, and it is claimed that he has never been defeated.

NOTES.

E. D. Price, a well-known journalist, has applied for the position of manager of the Detroit Club, and it is probable that he will be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Doscher's suspension.

The Cincinnati Club has not yet received the pennant emblematic of the championship of the American Association, won by its nine in 1882. At the March meeting of the American Association this oversight should be rectified.

M. H. Lockwood, the pitcher of the University of Michigan's nine in 1883, is wanted by several professional clubs for next season, but has not yet signed with any one. Walker, his catcher last year, has signed with the Toledo Club.

The great pigeon shooting match for a purse of $1,000 between Capt. A. H. Bogardus and Dr. Wm. F. Carver, at Louisville, on the 22nd, was won by Carver, who killed eighty-three to his opponents eighty-two birds. Dr. Carver now holds the championship of the world as a wing shot. There is some talk of another match.

FRUMENTINE,
A preparation of rock candy, old rye whisky, pure glycerine, wild cherry and the phospates. Excellent for coughs, colds and consumption, and all throat troubles.
For sale by J. T. Cadwallader & Co., 1400 Market street, and all druggists.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest from Towns and Cities in This Vicinity.

Jerseyville, Ill.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JERSEYVILLE, ILL., February 23.—Jefferson Crull, Monterey, Calhoun county, is recovering from his recent stroke of paralysis.——The Jersey County Teachers' Institute will meet in the High School building here next Saturday, February 24.——The Opera-house boom continues——Ex-Sheriff Massey and wife returned from a visit to Brighton Wednesday evening.——The Little Duke Opera Company will perform at Villinger's Hall, this city, Saturday, March 3.——Dr. Barry, this city, in partnership with his nephew, J. C. Warthur, of New York, has recently purchased 800 acres valuable lands in Southern Kansas. They will begin improvements the coming season.——The Jersey County Fair Association has appointed J. P. Holcombe superintendent of races to take place at the next county fair held here next October, 1883. Mr. Holcombe has held this position for the past five years and has given satisfaction in every respect.——James Wedding, of Rosedale, was visiting in this city Thursday.——Two carloads of Chesterfield coal arrived at Eisah via the Wabash Tuesday night.——The survey of the Quincy, Vandalia and Eastern Railroad, the projected line of which passes through this city and westward, will begin in a few days.——Thomas Herdman, brother of Circuit Judge Herdman, is here on a visit to his father, who was reported last week as being dangerously ill.——N. W. Argust, attorney at law, Calhoun county, is in this city on legal business.——L. W. Stone, for a long time an employe in the Democrat office here, will go to De Soto, Mo., in a few days where he intends to establish a newspaper.——The Eaglehoff Bros. have just received a new agricultural stock.——The Jerseyville plow factory is in active operation.——The suit of Lutt against Hartman for damage was decided in the County Court on Wednesday evening, Judge Payne presiding. A verdict for plaintiff was given.——Fred and Will Bertman will go to Nebraska next month.

Montgomery City, Mo.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MONTGOMERY CITY, February 23.—The vacancy occasioned by the death of Recorder R. L. Whitehead on the 15th inst., was filled by the Governor on the 19th inst., by the appointment of Silas Carr, of Jonesburg.——Joseph Charles, an old citizen of this place, died on the 21st inst., at the age of 80 years. His funeral on the 22d was conducted by the I. O. O. F., of which he had been a member for 39 years.——Library Hall is being refitted with drop curtain and scenery, and when completed will be the best public hall in the county.——Miss Maggie Furguson, of St. Louis, is visiting her sister Mrs. E. A. Pegram, of this place.——Lewis and Bruner recently sold to Chas. W. Fliser, of Illinois, 212 acres of land three miles from Montgomery City for $5,300.——Robert Charles, of St. Louis, came up on Wednesday to attend the funeral of his brother on Tuursday, returning this morning.——The young ladies of the kettledrum held a meeting at the rooms of their president, Miss Anne Gilchrist, Tuesday afternoon.——Mrs. McFaden will give a concert with her class at Library Hall this evening.——Miss Dora Woodland, of New Florence, was visiting our city on Tuesday last.——Miss Della Bost and Ida Nelson, of this place, who are attending Hardin College, at Mexico Mo., are at home for a few days' visit, and will return to Mexico next week.

Canton, Mo.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

CANTON, Mo., February 22.—It is feared that Canton will suffer more from high water this spring than ever before. The river continues to rise at this point, and when the ice starts, if it should gorge below here, the whole town would be flooded.——Miss Eva Morton was married Tuesday afternoon to Mr. Bloodgood, from Rockford, and the happy couple left shortly afterward for their new home.——Wm. Richard is now a man of leisure and a resident of our city. Mr. Chas. Rees is also perambulating the streets.——Wm. Fryer will shortly take a rest and recuperate in the country for a month or so.——The grain merchants paid twenty-five cents an hour last Sunday to have their grain removed from the warehouses, fearing the ice would break up and smash them, which it is liable to do at any time.——Mr. Daniel Broy, of corn-planter fame, returned last night from a long trip to Virginia and the Eastern States.

Eureka, Springs.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

EUREKA, SPRINGS, ARK., February 23.—Our popular city treasurer, H. D. Field, has broad grin on his usually smiling face. He says it is a girl and the mother doing well.——Chief Jackson's fire company's parade yesterday relieved the monotony, and their festival at the Perry House and ball at the Metropolitan Hotel were well attended. The chief deserves much praise for his interest in raising and equipping his company. He is the right man in the right place.——Major Marlin, wife and daughter, of Oswego, Kas., are here to spend the summer.——The new Democratic paper, the Times, Don J. Perry, editor, has made its bow, and is a well-filled, spicy sheet.——Wm. Seach and Miss Ann Martin were made happy by Squire H. H. Moose.——The stream of visitors is constantly increasing, and we confidently expect a good season this year.——Dr. Ducker has been quite sick, but is now convalescent.——Col. S. W. Peel, of Bentonville, Congressman-elect from this district, has been here several days.——Col. Vandeventer has returned from Fayetteville.

Neosho, Mo.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

NEOSHO, MO., February 23.—Weather lovely. Mud disappearing.——Society ladies were out calling yesterday.——Mr. B. Einsten's new cottage, on the hill, is considered the finest in town. He expects to terrace the front yard down to the spring.——Senator Lloyd, as Circuit Judge, has won laurels during court.——E. E. Carnes & Sons are getting ready to burn 2,000,000 brick this season.——The original Tennesseans and booked for this place in March.——Sheriff Hutchison has been moved to his farm in Buffalo, East Louisiana.——C. Hawkins has resigned as School Director and Jas. Robinson appointed in his place.——Dr. Benton has purchased the Uttery property, and the query is, "What does a single man want with a house?"——Dr. Maas was called to see Perry, the partner of Shipman, in the murder case, who is sick in Jail. It is thought he is going to attempt the insanity dodge.

Mount Olive, Ill.
Correspondence to the Post-Dispatch.

MT. OLIVE, February 23.—Henry Hassmeier, of Beardstown, Ill., visited here this week.——Ed. Rodenburg, from Belleville, is visiting his brother Charles.——Simon Oschinsky and family have removed to Chicago.——Mr. Henry W. Behrens was married at Bunker Hill, Illinois, Sunday last, to Miss Mary Tobias, of that city.——The Young Mens' Society of the Immanuel Lutheran congregation have received the instruments for their new brass band.——Louis Schmidt has returned from his prolonged stay at Beardstown, Ill. He is still suffering from rheumatism.——Mr. C. C. Taylor, of St. Louis, son-in-law of J. H. Smith, visited here Thursday.——Mrs. Thade Dannenman and Miss Hannah Kurlbaum, from Prairie Town, Ill., visited here this week.——Mr. George P. Bayless, one of the oldest and most prominent farmers, is quite ill with paralysis.

Galena, Kas.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

GALENA, February 23.—Main street received a thorough cleaning yesterday, the Mayor proposing that if the busiuess men would clean the street in front of their places of business he would have the debris hauled away.——The City Council at an adjourned meeting held on the 15th inst., created a Borrd of Health.——The Ladies' Aid Society received a handsome sum of money from Hon. J. R. Hollowell, United States District Atlorney for Kansas, for the benefit of the poor of this section.——The county officials here are greatly exercised over a bill introduced in our Legislature by Representative G. P. Anderson, reducing their salaries, some to the extent of over one half. The bill applies to this county only.——E. C. Weiley is in Topeka attending the meeting of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W.

Beardstown, Ill.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

BEARDSTOWN, ILL., February 22.—Dr. Gray will conduct the funeral services of Henry Rausch, who was killed yesterday in the machine shop of the C. B. & Q., in the Congregational Church at 1:30 p. m.——The Fry Concert Company, of Boston, will give one of their entertainments in Seger's Hall Saturday night.——Miss Critchfield's concert in the Opera-house last night was a success.——The river is still rising slowly and the ice is expected to move out almost any moment.——The bridge of the C., B. & Q. is in a dangerous condition on account of the ice.

Astoria, Ill.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

ASTORIA, ILL., February 22, 1883.—J. Easterly, of Nokomis, Ill., was visiting his friend, N. A. Cruzan, this week.——Miss Ollie Allison, of Table Grove, is visiting here this week.——W. W. Emerson was in Springfield this week.——Miss Minnie Oviatt was visiting at Lewistown the first of the week.——Mrs. Wallace, of Monmouth, is visiting Mrs. D. Carter.——David Martin, of Sandwich, was visiting his brother this week.——R. L. Craigo returned from his Southern trip the first of the week.

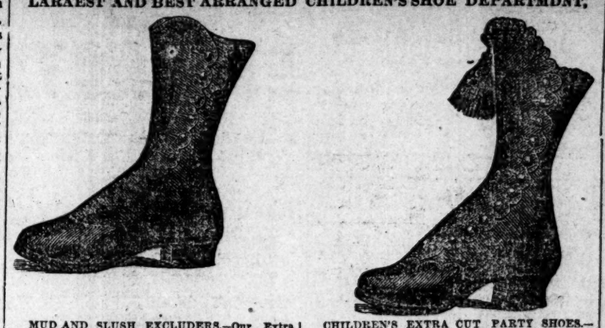
Murphysboro, Ill.
Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MURPHYSBORO, ILL., February 23.—The Big Muddy River has been higher than for fifteen years.——The sidewalk between Murphysboro and Mt. Carbon is washed away and a transfer has to be made in boats which is a harvest to owners of small boats.——The Big Muddy bridge, built on high abutments had to be protected from drifts by men in boats who plied their work day and night. Many miners feared a repetition of the Braidwood disaster and refuse to work.

Martindale & Paule,
DRAPERS AND TAILORS,
Have just received the choicest styles and novelties of spring specialities from foreign looms. Call at 722 Pine street.

"CHARTER OAK A B C," is a very handsome book just issued by the manufacturers of the "Charter Oak" stoves, and is after the style of nursery books, giving a rhyme for each letter of the alphabet, singing the praises of the "Charter Oak Stoves. It also contains some valuable cooking recipes. The cover is a very neatly executed piece of work, and is printed in bright colors. A copy will be mailed to any address on receipt of one three-cent stamp. Address the Excelsior Manufacturing Company, St. Louis.

LARGEST AND BEST ARRANGED CHILDREN'S SHOE DEPARTMENT.



MUD AND SLUSH EXCLUDERS.—Our Extra High Button School Shoes are just what is needed if you wish to keep your children's feet well protected. They are made of the best Oil Goat, with good thick soles and fit the foot and ankle perfectly.

CHILDREN'S EXTRA CUT PARTY SHOES.—We keep the nicest thing in this line that can be found. We carry all the widths, so there will be no difficulty in getting a correct fit.
POPULAR PRICES.

J. C. BRANDT, 504 and 506 FRANKLIN AV.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
Have opened their New Store, Nos. 1111, 1113, 1115 Franklin Av.
With a magnificent stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and everything needed for Housekeeping.
Goods sold for CASH or on TIME PAYMENTS at the lowest bottom prices. Call and examine.
Open every night until 9 o'clock.

VARNEY CARRIAGE COMP'Y,
2109 TO 2117 MORGAN.
We have a large stock of Swell Door and Fender Barouches that we will sell at cost of manufacturing. Call and see them.
REPAIRING SOLICITED.

LEGACIES OF THE DEAD.

What Sort of Property City Hospital Patients Bequeath to the City.

Most of the unfortunate people who die in the City Hospital leave no heirs to claim their small effects, but occasionally a search among the clothing of the deceased reveals small sums of money, cheap jewelry, and the like, and at rare intervals some article of value is discovered. All of these belong legitimately to the city as a trifling remuneration for the food, shelter and medical attendance which the patients have received at the hospital at the expense of the city. The hospital authorities always turn these articles over to the Health Commissioner who causes them to be sorted out and afterwards sold for the benefit of the city. A table in Health Commissioner Francis' office, this morning, was littered over with just such material as has been described, and on the floor lay a pile of old letters, pocket-books, photographs, etc. An old-fashioned gold watch and chain were the only things of any value in the entire collection.

"What are you going to do with all this stuff?" the reporter asked the Health Commissioner.

"Well, I'm going to send the watch and the jewelry to the Supply Commissioner to be sold, and the proceeds will be paid into the City Treasury. The letters and photographs will be burned up, and all the life histories in which they formed a part will end with them."

St. Jacobs Oil
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

KIDNEY WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.
Ladies, to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.
Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

RUBBER STAMPS
for general printing.
SEALS
for Lodges, Corporations and Notaries, made to order.
DATING STAMPS
and machines and devices for Numbering, Canceling & Dating.
CARDS, TYPE, PRINTING PRESSES.
ADAMS & WATHENE,
314 N. Sixth St. ST. LOUIS, MO.
Write For Prices.
CATALOGUES FREE

ELEGANT FAMILY CARRIAGES,
Landaus, Demi-Landaus, Broughams, Coupelets, Cabriolets, English, Berlin Coaches, Rockaways, Doctor's Phaetons, Dog, T and Village Carts, warranted equal
To the Best New York City make and at LOWEST PRICES.
The James Cunningham, Son & Company,
1104 and 1106 Washington Avenue.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF
T-R-U-T-H-!
The Reputation of firms, as well as of individuals, should be so prized as to induce sincerity and all that the name implies. Promises made in our advertisements are given in good faith, and in full expectation of being held accountable for every statement.
S-P-R-I-N-G O-V-E-R-G-A-R-M-E-N-T-S-!
We most respectfully invite the attention of the public to our assortment of SPRING TOP-COATS for Men, Boys and Children, conscientiously believing it to be without an equal in the West.
We have paid every requisite attention to Fit, Fabric and Finish, and as we have ALL the NEW STYLES, we are honestly proud of the superb display we make.
Please call and see them.
Doors open until 10 o'clock to-night. Store brilliantly illuminated by ELECTRIC LIGHT.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Leaders of Fashion, Corner of Fifth and Pine Sts.
Country orders carefully filled.

ANDREW F. BROWN,
UNDERTAKER,
BOARDING, SALE & LIVERY STABLE,
Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,
CORNER OF WALNUT.
I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.
Telephone No. 785.

FINE PREMIUM CANDY
Is Manufactured Only by
BLANKE & BRO. CANDY COMPANY
610, 612 Market street.

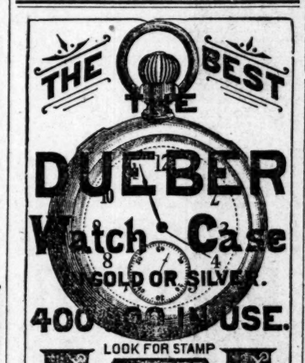
Stoves! Carpets! Furniture!
Large and complete stock of
Cook Stoves, Heating Stoves, Best Hard Coal Base Burners.
Magnificent Stock of elegant FURNITURE and CARPETS; together with everything used for Housekeeping.
BEST FOLDING BEDS in the World, selling very low for cash or on payments.
Open Tuesday and Saturday until 9 o'clock.
J. W. STALEY & CO.,
S. W. Cor. Seventh and Morgan

BOSTON Art Furniture

38 BOSTON PATENT ROLLER OFFICE DESKS!
WALNUT. | ASH. | MAHOGANY. | ALL SIZES.
Three feet six inches, four feet, four feet six inches, five feet, with combination locks, small stamp drawers, letter files and large book closets. Best desk in use.
GUERNSEY FURNITURE COMPANY, 500 N. FOURTH STREET, ST. LOUIS.

GUERNSEY Furniture Co.

GEO. SCHERER & CO
Just received another lot of
Large Quarto Albums!
At the New Book Store.
N. W. Cor. Fifth & Pine.



POST-DISPATCH
NEW DRESS
Was made by the
DICKINSON
TYPE FOUNDRY,
BOSTON, MASS.
PHELPS, DALTON & CO.,
Proprietors.

OPERA Glasses
Just received from Paris, the largest stock of fine Opera Glasses in the States
We defy competition as to price and quality. Our Glasses are made specially for us, of extra quality and power. At the only first-class, reliable Optical House of
ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO.,
Corner Fourth and Olive Streets.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC R. R. CO., St. Louis, February 10, 1883.—A regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this company will be held at the general office of this company on Tuesday, March 13, 1883, at 2 p. m.
JAMES F. HOW, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Helena and New Orleans Transportation Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 141 North Second street, St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, February 26, A. D. 1883, to consider a proposal to increase the capital stock of the company from one hundred and fifty shares of the par value of fifteen thousand dollars to six hundred shares of the par value of sixty thousand dollars, and the transaction of such other business as may brought before the meeting.
Polls open at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at 12 m.
C. C. MAFFITT,
PAUL FUSZ,
CHARLES MILLER,
WM. H. THORWEGEN,
A majority of the directors of said company.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of "The Conrad Seibel Copper and Sheet Iron Company" will be held at the office of said company at Nos. 810 and 814 South Second street in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1883, at 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purpose of voting on a proposition to increase the capital stock of said company from six thousand nine hundred dollars to twenty-five thousand dollars, being an increase of one hundred and eighty-one shares of said capital stock at the par value of one hundred dollars per share.
CONRAD SEIBEL, Supt.
FRED. SUESSDORF, Sec'y
PHIL. IP SEIBEL,
CHARLES SUESSDORF,
All of the Directors of said Company.

NOTICE—A meeting of the stockholders of the Oakdale Iron, Coal and Transportation Company will be held at the office of said company at No. 11 South Third street, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on the twenty-first day of February, 1883, for the purpose of increasing the amount of the capital stock of said company to the sum of $250,000.
JOHN G. SCOTT,
D. A. CARPENTER,
THOS. J. SCOTT,
E. C. LACKLAND,
St. Louis, December 23, 1882. Directors.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Grow Shovel Company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of St. Louis, on Monday, March 26, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., to act on the proposition to increase the capital stock of the said company from $30,000 to $75,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
JULIUS C. BIRGE,
EDWARD K. HOLTON,
P. W. GROOM,
St. Louis, January 23, 1883. Directors.

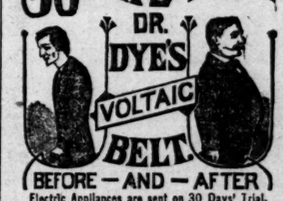
OFFICE TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY Company in Missouri and Arkansas, St. Louis, Mo. A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas, will be held at the company's office, 23 and 25 South Fourth street St. Louis, Mo., on the second Tuesday, being the 13th day of March, 1883.
J. W. PARAMORE, President.
A. C. Stewart, Secretary

ELECTION NOTICES.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC R. R. CO.—St. Louis, February 16, 1883.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of five directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the general office of the company in St. Louis Tuesday, March 13, 1883, commencing at 9 o'clock.
JAMES F. HOW, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the Missouri Midland Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, 41 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 20, 1883, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for such other objects as may be brought before the meeting.
GEORGE F. BAKER, Secretary.

30 DAYS' TRIAL
DR. DYE'S VOLTAIC BELT.



BEFORE—AND—AFTER
Electric Appliances are sent on 30 Days' Trial, TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, WHO are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, LACK OF NERVE FORCE AND VIGOR, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration of HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. The grandest discovery of the Nineteenth Century. Send at once for illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

TROPIC FRUIT LAXATIVE
KEEP THE SYSTEM regular with Tropic-Fruit Laxative, and you will always feel and look well. It is better than pills and the usual purgatives. Unlike them, it does not sicken or weaken the stomach. The dose is small, the taste delicious. Ladies and children like it. Try a 25 cent box, and you will be sure to adopt it as a family necessity.
Sold by all Druggists.

ESTABLISED 1869.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Cleaning. Dyeing.
Coat.....$1 00 | Coat.....$2 00
Pants.....50 | Pants.....1 00
W. SURBLED,
6 North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

WESTERN
ASSURANCE COMPANY,
OF
TORONTO, CANADA.
Statement December 31st, 1882.

Subscribed Capital.....$800,000 00
Cash Capital.....400,000 00

UNITED STATES STATEMENT.
ASSETS.
United States and State bonds deposited with Insurance Department.....$501,320 00
Securities deposited with Trustees in New York for the benefit of policyholders in the United States.....235,885 00
Cash in Banks.....26,506 15
Premiums in course of collection and sundry accounts.....65,859 18
Total assets in the United States....$919,630 33
LIABILITIES.
Losses under adjustment...$62,989 39
Re-insurance reserve New York Standard.....409,200 65
All other liabilities.....12,278 61—484,468 65
Surplus to policy-holders in the U. S....$435,161 68

HOME OFFICE STATEMENT.
Total cash assets.....$1,361,572 98
Total Liabilities including unearned premiums and capital stock.....834,635 31
Surplus to policy-holders.....$506,937 67

RECORD
OF
Business for the Past Eleven Years.

1872, total income	$588,535 30
1873, total income	625,398 96
1874, total income	754,012 49
1875, total income	795,227 87
1876, total income	810,323 27
1877, total income	842,150 56
1878, total income	860,526 53
1879, total income	1,001,052 20
1880, total income	1,301,74 59
1881, total income	1,443,92 05
1882, total income	1,602,92 45
Par value of stock	$30 00
Market value of stock	57 00

HALL BROS.,
217 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR
MISSOURI,
KANSAS and
ARKANSAS.

THE PATENT
Owlaid Side Corset.
Elegant in shape, comfortable to wear, cannot break over the hips. Perfect fit guaranteed or figure. Also other styles
MADE TO ORDER
BY
Mrs. W. L. McCabe,
1915 Lucas Av.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Attractions at the Theaters Next Week.

Return of Geistinger to Pope's--Maggie Mitchell at the Opera-House--Haverly's Minstrels--The Davenes.

Good attractions have been presented during the week at the four theaters, and the attendance has been somewhat above the average for Lent. At the Olympic the ever-popular little actress Lotta played to large houses, appearing in the favorite features of her own peculiar repertoire. "Bob" was the selection for the greater portion of the week. At the matinee to-day "Musette" is offered, and this evening "The Little Detective" will be the bill. Lotta will appear tomorrow evening at an extra performance at the Grand Opera-house, when "Zip" will be presented. Mr. and Mrs. Nat. Goodwin and Mr. Edwin Thorne scored a marked success at the Grand Opera-house with "The Black Flag," all the original scenic features of the production at Union Square being presented. "The White Slave" enjoyed a good second run this season at Pope's. At the People's the Frank Frayne combination did a fair business. The special attractions of the coming week are set forth below.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

On Monday evening Maggie Mitchell will commence her engagement at the Grand Opera-house. This is a welcome announcement to the ladies, with whom Maggie Mitchell is especially an old estabished favorite. She presents all the popular plays of her repertoure, and the arrangements for the week are as follows: Monday, "Fanchon;" Tuesday, "The Little Savage;" Wednesday, "Pearl of Savoy;" Thursday, "Little Barefoot;" Friday, "Fairie;" Saturday matinee, "The Little Savage;" Saturday evening, "Fanchon." Maggie Mitchell comes with a good company this season, and the plays will be mounted with the well acknowledged elegant resources of the Grand Opera-house stage.

POPE'S.

Some. Geistinger will reappear at Pope's Monday evening, commencing a second engagement this season. She will be supported by an excellent company, and the selections for the week will be as follows: Monday, "Mardi Gras;" Monday, "Boccaccio;" Tuesday, "Three Pairs of Shoes;" Wednesday matinee, "Fatinitza;" Wednesday evening, "Parisian Life;" Thursday, "Carmopette;" Friday, "Bluebeard," the benefit of Miss Schuetz; Saturday, matinee, "Mardi Gras;" Saturday evening, "La Belle Helene." There will be an extra farewell performance on Sunday evening, March 4.

THE OLYMPIC.

This house to-morrow evening Haverly's London Minstrels will occupy the boards. The troupe has been strengthened by the addition of several new artists, and the bill will embrace many novelties. A season of Haverly is welcome at this time, and Haverly's Mastodons may count upon a warm welcome and crowded houses throughout the week.

THE PEOPLE'S.

Manager's Allied Attractions will be present at this popular house to-morrow evening. They come well recommended, as will be seen by the following notice from a London exchange: "The company is, indeed, a good one. It is headed by the French artiste Davene, that daring acrobatic family who have always created a sensation wherever they appeared. The family is composed of Mlle. Lotto, the wonderful lady gymnast, who dives blindfolded from the dome of the theater; Mme. Magerotte, female Samson, and W. M. Davene. There is also Miss Ella Wesner, the society lady impersonator, and Miss St. George and the Irish male impersonator; the Bicycle troupe in their wonderful act, that fashionable machine, the bicycle. Miss Alice Gleason is a well known dancer and vocalist, while Fred Hallen and Hart appear in the sketch "Over the Left." The comical Cawthorns, Herbert Cawthorne, arewell known comedians. Boyd Stansfield have a new sketch called "Going to the Ball," while Sheehan and Coyne, in their own stotches, are famous.

"THE BLACK VENUS."

Nowing Mm. Geistinger Kiralfy Bros. present at Pope's the spectacular play "The Black Venus." Its production is thus told by a New York correspondent: The novel production in the way of a spectacular play ever seen in this city was that of the Black Venus" at Niblo's Garden last evening. The piece is by Belot, and was in the event of the season in Paris. It came here by the Kiralfy Bros., who have certainly risked a large amount of money in the venture. The play presents the adventures of a white traveler in Africa, the court of a black princess and elsewhere, and is a successful of stage wonders and splendors. Most of the costumes and scenery has been brought from Europe. The first act was a panoramic view of the Nile from the deck of a slave vessel; the second a desert scene, with 50 live camels, all involved in a sand storm; in the third the gorgeous palace of the Black Venus, with a picturesque cortege; in act four a novel ballet of Africa slaves; in the fifth a battle by 40 Amazons. The play is written in the style of Jules Verne, and essentially resembles "Around the World in 80 Days," but it sticks pretty close to the discoveries of Baker, Cummings and Stanley, and does not depart far from probability. The production was a brilliant success, exceeding anything of the kind ever seen in this city.

"THE WHITE SLAVE."

This evening, at Pope's, the farewell performance of "The White Slave" will be given. It has had a remarkably successful run. The play is elegantly mounted and the cast admirably sustained. Miss Julia Stewart, in the leading role, Liza, which calls for rare emotional powers, made a most pleasing impression. She is an actress of great ability, and her appearance as Liza has elicited the warmest encomiums. Miss Minnie Lee is entitled to credit for a graceful portraiture of Miss Lee. Frank Roberts, as Clay Britte, makes a strong feature of that role, and Etelka Wardell, as Nanee, shared in the popular recognition of an excellent company.

THE DIME MUSEUM.

This attractive place of amusement, Fourth and Walnut streets, offers special features for the coming week. There are performances every day, afternoon and evening.

THE NATATORIUM.

The Natatorium, Nineteenth and Pine streets, is now fully recognized as the fashionable resort for roller-skating. The building is open on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon.

"MAGGIE LUCAS."

The Story of a Morgan Raider and His Mare.

From the Louisville Commercial.

Maggie Lucas, a mare that went through three years of the hardest service of the war of the rebellion, is 34 years old. The mane and tail of the hardy little animal are deeply streaked with gray. She has lost the sight of the left eye and is somewhat deaf, but she is as frisky and lively in the barn-yard as most animals twenty-five years her junior. "Maggie Lucas" is an historical mare. She was ridden by Mr. John H. Whallen through all of the daring raids of John H. Morgan, and for three years was ridden in the courier service, the most toilsome and dangerous branch of war service. Her owner, Mr. Whallen, paid the old mare a state visit the other day, and spent an hour amid the recollections of the past, and in resuming the almost human intimacy that once existed between the intelligent animal and himself. She was found at Miller's farm, five miles from the city, on the Eighteenth street road, where she has been kept in ease and comfort for years, and where she will remain until death claims her gallant spirit. At first she did not recognize her old master, who was wrapped up in a heavy overcoat, and frisked away from him with the spirit of a colt, but with the heavy movement of age in her limbs. But when she was cornered, and he called her name in her ear, she looked up quickly, and then, recognizing the well-remembered voice, laid her head along his arm and stood gentle and quiet while he patted her head and talked of the adventures they had seen together.

Mr. Whallen obtained the mare in 1862. He was at that time a boy of 14 years and had been in the service a year. He was a courier and had many a long and rapid ride to make, but the gallant mare never was sick and seemed never to tire, going all day in a "lope." She was in all the skirmishes and fights in Indiana and Ohio and Kentucky, and was ridden away by her owner from Granville, Tenn., on the day that Morgan was betrayed and killed.

At the close of the war Mr. Whallen surrendered at Mount Sterling, and, wishing to keep his mare, he left her in the country, and after surrendering his arms, returned to her. He was arrested, however, at Lexington because he had not surrendered the animal, and she was confiscated. He made every effort to keep trace of her, determined to buy her as soon as he had made enough money. In this he was disappointed, as she was sold and he could not find her. Years passed, and one day while he was standing on the river bank at Portland he saw a colored man ride his mare on the ferry-boat. He recognized her at sight, and, hurrying down to the boat, walked up to the colored man, who was astride of her, and said:

"Uncle, you've got my horse there, sure."

"Bless your soul, honey," said the old man, "I've had this mar' nine years and bought her in the bluegrass."

"Well, she used to be mine," persisted Mr. Whallen; "that is, I think it is the same mare. If it is, she won't carry double."

With this he put hands on the mare's rump and she kicked vigorously. "And," continued Mr. Whallen, "this is her name," and he called out behind her, "Maggie!" In an instant the mare whirled around, almost unseating her rider.

Mr. Whallen gave $26 and a side-saddle for the mare, and used her for several years in his buggy. Then, as she got old, he sent her to the country, where he pays $80 a year board for her. For a long time he had difficulty in paying his own board, but the mare was never allowed to suffer, and he intends to keep her in comfort and ease until death ends her life.

If "Maggie Lucas" is alive in June she will be taken to Lexington to the reunion of Morgan's command. Nearly every soldier knows her and her boy rider well. When she dies Mr. Whallen intends to have the frame and hide preserved, and will keep them in remembrance of her faithfulness and intelligence. The funeral will be a memorial occasion, and all of Morgan's men will be invited to attend to hear the oration of some one capable of doing justice to so suggestive a theme.

Killed by a Bicycle.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

This morning Henry Newberry, a farmer in Warrior district, Bibb county, was driving to town a two-mule wagon with a load of cotton. In the vicinity of the City Hall, Mr. Thad Parker, who was riding a bicyle, rapidly passed the team. The mules, catching a glimpse of the machine, shied from the road, plunging off in a rapid gallop. As the mules started it threw Mr. Newberry from his seat. His body seemed to shoot up in the air and to come down upon his head, when it ricocheted a foot or two before the whole body struck the ground with a crushed skull. His head was terribly bruised, the blood trickled from his mouth and brains oozed out of the right ear in a large quantity. The wagon wheel may have passed over the head. Medical skill could do nothing. Mr. Newberry lingered in a senseless condition and then died.

FLUMINOUS FUN.

"Whither are we drifting?"

The water held back in the 1881 drouth has arrived.

A State Treasurer could get away now if he had a skiff.

This is a good time to read Siegfried's book on canoeing.

No sparrows have been carried away in the rush of waters.

It must have been a flood that I meant.—[E. Stone Wiggins.

Any reference to the "murmur of brooks" would bring out a mob.

No Illinois man can be found on the trains running toward Louisville.

It looks as if what little occupation I did have is gone now.—[The Cow.

Wanted—To rent—A small mountain, anywhere within half a mile of the Post-office.

A wet "plank it"—The language of the gentleman who has crawled up into the fourth story.

Instead of ordering the militia to Grayson, the Governor should have put them along the river bank.

Real estate has been rising along the Ohio, and a great deal of it has been "for sail."—[Courier-Journal.

"'Ark, 'ark," cried the English citizen, as the roar of waters fell upon his ears. He got away in a skiff.

I hope no one will mention the Rhine floods again until I am through with this week's operations.—[The Ohio.

The gentleman of whom it is said "He would never set the river on fire," has now more cause for discouragement than ever.

Secretary of the Navy Chandler was not in the city yesterday. Mr. Chandler could learn a good deal about water if he would sail this way.

UNION BIBLE STUDY.

The Story of Ananias and Sapphira--Lesson Acts V: 1-11.

The Rev. W. W. Boyd, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Every Saturday, at 4 P. M.

The triumph of Peter and John before the Sanhedrim infused new courage into the hearts of the disciples, and the fresh descent of the Spirit, in answer to their united prayers, intensified the mutual love and self-sacrifice of Pentecost. "With great power gave the apostles witness of the resurrection, and great grace was upon them all," so that private property was freely surrendered to the common treasury, from which the needs of the poor were generously met. There was in no sense a forced community of goods, but every one, acting freely and independently, brought to the common fund such offerings as love and mutual sympathy dictated. A notable example of this disinterested Christian love was that of Barnabas, who, in reality as in name "The Son of Consolation," "having land, sold it, and brought the money and laid it at the apostles' feet." In striking contrast with this act of generous self-sacrifice was

THE HYPOCRISY OF ANANIAS.

Verses 1-4, But a certain man named Ananias with Sapphira his wife, sold a possession, (2) and kept back part of the price, his wife also being privy to it, and brought a certain part, and laid it at the apostles' feet. (3) But Peter said, Ananias, why hath Satan filled thy heart to lie to the Holy Spirit, and to keep back part of the price of the land? (4) While it remained, did it not remain thine own? and after it was sold, was it not in thy power? How is it that thou hast conceived this thing in thy heart? thou hast not lied unto men, but unto God.

The facts in this case are few and plain. Ananias, whose wife knows his plan and approves it, sells a piece of land (v. 3) of which he is the owner; and instead of giving the whole amount realized by the sale to the common Christian fund, reserves a portion of it for his private use, and gives the remainder to the apostles, as if it were the whole. We are not told whether or not this piece of land was all the property he had, or the amount he retained was a large or small sum. The simple fact is that he intended to deceive the apostles; to make them believe that the sum he laid at their feet was the whole amount received from the sale of the land, whereas it was only a part. It was an acted lie.

By what process of reasoning could Ananias and Sapphira have brought themselves to consent to so base an act? They were professed disciples of Christ. They were under no compulsion to give even a part of their property to the Apostles. What motive had they for practicing such gross deception?

We may believe that their original motive in disposing of this piece of land was sincere and praiseworthy. They had seen the mutual love and sacrifice on the part of the Christian community, and the joy realized by this fraternal and disinterested conduct. They, too, would share in this heavenly pleasure. Without counting the cost, they decide to dispose of their property, and apply it to the common needs. But when the money was actually in their hands avarice began to manifest itself. Why give the whole; would not a part answer as well? If they had conscientiously decided that it would, and brought it with a frank confession to the Apostles, while such action would have revealed a meagre spirit of self-sacrifice compared to that of the other disciples, it would not have been sinful. But instead of so doing, they form "a little domestic conspiracy to gain a reputation for generous dealing, and at the same time to protect selfish interests, shrewdly to combine the service of God and the service of Mammon." They resolve not to resign the whole, but only a part. And so they bring this remainder as their offering, declare that it is the whole price received for the land, and thus assume before the whole church the appearance of having done a very noble and generous thing. This was hypocrisy of the worst sort. Assuming to surrender their all to the disposal of the apostles, they were acting a brazen lie. Thus covetousness and vanity or a morbid desire to seem to be what they were not, to gain notoriety and applause at the expense of character, made them hypocrites of the worst class. This disastrous result always follows from attempting to reconcile the service of God with the service of self. (II. Kings, v: 20-27; James, i: 8, iv: 8).

"The history of the Christian Church," as Olshausen remarks, "has presented hitherto an image of unsullied light. It is now for the first time that a shadow falls upon it." It was the first great sin in the church after its proper organization. It is a peculiarly aggravated sin, owing to its coolness and deliberation. If it is passed by unnoticed and unpunished, it will work irreparable harm both to the members of the Christian community and to the outside world. God cannot and will not let sin go unpunished, even in his church. The unveiling of the sin and its immediate punishment shall teach to all generations that God cannot look upon sin with any allowance.

Peter becomes the divine agent in revealing the iniquity of this secret transaction of Ananias and his wife. No sooner is the money of the perjured man laid at the apostle's feet, than Peter, speaking under the illumination of the Holy Spirit, sternly asks: "Ananias, why hath Satan filled thy heart to lie to the Holy Spirit, and to keep back part of the price of the land?" Peter ascribes the sin of Ananias to the agency of Satan. The personality of the Devil and the fact of his influence over men is here distinctly taught. He is a person called "Satan" or "Adversary," one who lies in wait for or sets himself in opposition to another. He is also called the "Devil"—*diabolos*—"the Slanderer," the accuser of the brethren. (Rev. xii: 10.) He is the arch-liar. (John viii: 44). The Bible throughout recognizes a personal devil. If we had any doubt of his existence it would vanish before the developments of modern spiritualism, which, in its sources and fruits, is essentially of the Devil. The work of Satan in influencing the heart to evil, however, does not relieve men from their personal responsibility for wicked acts. (James iv: 7; John xiii: 2-27: Luke xxii: 3). And therefore Peter asks Ananias the pertinent question, "Why hast thou suffered Satan to do this?" implying that the Devil is powerless over the hearts of men until they consent to his influence (James iv: 7). How couldst thou allow Satan to influence thee "to lie to the Holy Spirit," to attempt to deceive the omniscient Spirit of God? To lie to men so manifestly filled with the Holy Spirit as the apostles were, so completely under his guidance, so fully his mouth-pieces and agents, was in reality to lie to him.

Having severely rebuked Ananias for allowing Satan to take entire possession of his heart, Peter goes on to show the specially aggravating character of the act itself. It was a perfectly unnecessary sin. "While the land remained unsold, did it not remain thine own? and after it was sold, was it not in thy power?" A plain assertion that Christian community of goods was entirely voluntary, and utterly unlike modern communism, which demands a forced division of property. A clear affirmation that the sacrifices of the early church were purely voluntary; the result not of coercion either legal or apostolic, but of profound Christian love. There was no possible excuse then for the act of Ananias. He was at perfect liberty to retain all his property for his own use, or to surrender a part for the use of others. The disposal of his property was wholy in his own power. Why, then, should he have done as he did? And why should he have added to his guilt by an attempt to deceive the apostles? "How is it that thou hast conceived this thing in thy heart?" Though tempted by Satan, the act is all his own, because he made no attempt to resist the suggestions of the evil one. "Thou hast not lied unto men, but unto God." The deception of the apostles, though sinful enough, is not the climax of his guilt; it is that Ananias has thought to deceive the all-seeing God. Every lie is a sin against God; but in this case it was awfully such. In verse 3 Peter asserts that Ananias has lied to the Holy Spirit. In verse 4 he asserts that he has lied unto God. In thus calling the Holy Spirit God, Peter distinctly teaches the divine personality of the Spirit.

And now the man stands before the inspired apostle and the whole church in his true character. He is seen as God sees him in all the horrid deformity of his guilt. The moment of self-revelation has come and of

JUDGMENT.

Verses 5-6. (5) And Ananias hearing these words fell down and gave up the ghost; and great fear came upon all that heard it. (6) And the young men arose and wrapped him round, and they carried him out and buried him.

Peter's work was done; God's work began. The unveiling of the man's hypocrisy belonged to Peter as the agent of the Spirit; the swift judgment was the direct act of God. As Peter ceased to speak, God struck the awful liar dead. "He fell down and gave up the ghost." Death was not the result of any stroke of apoplexy, or paralysis, as some imagine; it was the solemn, quick, sharp judgment of heaven. Ananias had sinned deliberately against the clearest light. He became an awful example of the truth of Scripture. "He, that being often reproved, hardeneth his neck, shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy." (Prov. xxix: 1.)

The object of so solemn a vindication of Peter's rebuke was most impressive. The solemn dread and awe that fell upon the whole assembly can scarcely be imagined, as "the young men," the servants of the church, "arose," recognizing at once their duty, and, wrapping the lifeless body in its winding-sheet, carried it hastily but reverently to its burial. The terrible judgment is not yet complete. There awaits

THE DOOM OF SAPPHIRA.

Verses 7-11. (7) And it was about the space of three hours after, when his wife, not knowing what was done, came in. (8) And Peter answered unto her: Tell me whether ye sold the land for so much. And she said, Yea, for so much. (9) But Peter said unto her, How is it that ye have agreed together to try the spirit of the Lord? behold, the feet of them who have buried thy husband are at the door, and they shall carry thee out. (10) And she fell down immediately at his feet, and gave up the ghost: and the young men came in and found her dead, and they carried her out and buried her by her husband. (11) And great fear came upon the whole church, and upon all that heard these things.

Three hours had passed, doubtless, in earnest searchings of heart und prayers for sincerity and purity on the part of the disciples, when Sapphira, anxious at the long absence of her husband and ignorant of what had transpired, enters the assembly, and by her eager look of inquiry demands an explanation.

Although Peter knew that she had consented to the sin of her husband (v. 2), the opportunity of confession is yet afforded her. "Tell me," said Peter, in answer to her mute inquiry, "whether ye sold the land for so much?" naming the sum, or pointing to the money, which lay there within sight. Here was the chance for retreat, for repentance. But she promptly answers: "Yea, for so much." Alas, she is a willing partner in her husband's sin. The die is cast. The line is crossed, beyond which repentance is unavailing. "How is it?" How have ye dared "to agree together to try the spirit of the Lord?" How can it be that ye have planned in conceit and with deliberation to test by actual experiment the Spirit of the Lord as possessed by his apostles, whether he can be deceived or not? (Compare Malachi iii: 15; Matt. iv: 7; II. Cor. iii: 17.)

As this solemn question is put, the sound of approaching footsteps is heard at the door, and Peter, discerning with prophetic insight the judgment that waited upon Sapphira's crime, exclaimed: "Behold, the feet of them who have buried thy husband are at the door, and they shall carry thee out;" and the judgment-stricken woman falls to his feet a corpse.

The judgment upon Ananias and Sapphira has been criticised as unwarrantably severe. Let such critics remember it was the judgment of God, not of Peter. Let such also bear in mind that the sin was not only a gross deception of men, but of God, and that, too, "amidst blazing evidences of God's immediate presence and daily manifestations in the Christian assemblies." Think, again, that if such a terrible sin had been allowed to pass unnoticed or more lightly punished, not only the infant church would have been at the mercy of hypocrites, but also the unparalleled love and liberality of the early Christians would have come under just suspicion for all time. As it was, the world beheld not alone the divine displeasure of sin, but also the divine confirmation of the sincerity and truth of the infant church. Men could now believe that God himself walked in the churches with eyes of flaming fire, and that no mere profession of religion could shield a guilty sinner from the judgment of Him who renders to every man, saint and sinner, according to his works. One such awful example that God is no respecter of persons was needful in the beginning of the Christian Church. And though not again repeated, it is a sure and clear token of what will take place at the great day of judgment, when all pretenders will be unmasked, whether in the visible church or out of it, visited with terrible retribution. (Mat. vii: 20-23)

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

MORSELS OF GASTRONOMY.

The demand for fish has more than doubled since the beginning of the Lenten season.

It is the general opinion that modern wedding cake is made to give away and not to eat.

Since the recent poisoning case people have become prejudiced against the poor little smelts.

Savannah river shad is in market, but like the first of everything, isn't so remarkably nice after all.

An alleged new salad called Brussels is made of oysters, oysters, chicken and tongue mixed with celery.

Bermuda tomatoes, potatoes and spinach are now in market, and go off like the historical "hot cakes."

Labrador pheasant and Gulf of Mexico duck were served at a dinner party in New York City last week.

Snails are not adequate in supply to the demand and are rapidly increasing in favor among our epicures.

Red snapper loses its fine flavor by being sent North on ice, and is best eaten where it is caught, say epicures.

Bismarck is very fond of beef steeped in brandy, and no doubt as a firm believer in the efficacy of mince pies.

Rabbit, cooked in various styles, is announced on the bills of fare of a great many hotels in the West, and it is a dish hotels in the East seldom serve.

They had green turtle baked in Mexican style at the Union League anniversary the other evening, and all who tasted of it, like Oliver Twist, cried for more.

The pineapple fritters, so-called, one gets at hotels, would be more worthy the name if they contained some of the fruit, and not a lot of canned stuff and extract.

No mattter how dear luxuries are in market they are always salable. The world is ransacked for different articles of food to supply the wants of New York.

Consomme soup, when made properly and of good "stock," is delicious, but as it is served at most hotels and restaurants is merely hot water, seasoned and colored.

FOREIGN SCANDAL.

Titled Magnates Who are Talked About by Tattlers.

Marriages, Divorces and Illicit Doings of the Nobles.

At the head of the world of beauty and fashion, gathered among the olive and orange groves of Cannes this winter, reigns the Duchesse de Luynes. Her entertainments are unequaled on the banks of the Mediterranean, both in sumptuousness and in the character of the guests. In a miserable apartment in Paris, died last week, the Duchesse de Chaulnes, the sister-in-law of the Duchesse de Luynes. Poor and neglected, driven by remorse to the reckless use of stimulants and narcotics, this once beautiful rival of her admired relative, in the world of fashion, had parted with everything she possessed, even to her wealth of splendid hair, to satisfy her depraved appetite. Perhaps she drew her last breath in misery and suffering at the very moment her sister-in-law was receiving the flatteries of a crowd of admirers. The French sensation of the week has been the sad, premature death of the Duchesse de Chaulnes, a beautiful, passionate, tragic creature, the impetuous life all burned out of her at the age of twenty-four; no more liaisons; no more quarrels with heartless mother-in-law. "Publicans and harlots!" The world knows only the blunders, the trippings, the fall, never to rise again. The world knows nothing, say it cares nothing, of the nerveless battle against passions that sweep all before them like the flood; nor of the settled despair that enters such a life when the natural ties that held it to virtue are snapped forever. Nine years ago the Princess Sophie Galitzen might have been mistaken for an angel; under other auspices might have developed into a saint. She was exceptionally beautiful, of fine figure, fair complexion, good features and with splendid eyes; a maiden of sixteen; poor, but well-born and proud, with a face that was her fortune, as men go in this world, and as it happened a face that was her fate more terrible than a flash of lightning smitten her to death on her bridal tour. It is said that her poverty came of parental conversion from Russian to the Roman faith. At all events, the Duke de Chaulnes gladly took her, dowerless, about nine years ago, and from beautiful she changed to brilliant and dashing—was a head taller than her Duke. Honeymoon no sooner ended than she refused to be seen on the street with her diminutive, corpulent, little husband. Began a bold game for liberty and got death instead. Escapades, a notorious liaison with the Comte de Dion. Corpulent little Duke grew mad. They were reconciled, and tried to win conjugal peace in his ancestral home—the Chateau de Sable; tried to patch up infidelity of heart by general deeds of benevolence. The fates would have no such nonsense. Other rumors—other sins. Finally, the Duchesse is inveigled into a confession and an abandonment of all claims to her home and her children; children given into the care of the famous Duchesse de Chevreuse, mother of the Duke; corpulent little Duke was good enough to die, and then the Duchesse de Chaulnes fought for repossession of her children; no money, no character; was beaten, of course; no hope; no human soul to "take her up tenderly," and so, Wednesday last "as a lamp burnt out till dawn of day," she died in an humble cottage in La Villette, as others like her will die till men are true and women pure—die as a horrid tale that is told. Recognition of friends in—never mind.

The accident to Col. Chaplin while driving or being driven by Lady Castlereagh, his wife's sister, reminds everyone of the extreme ill-luck which has attended his brother, Mr. Henry Chaplin, ever since the memorable Derby which he won with Hermit under the most romantic circumstances. Middle-aged men tell a very interesting story of Henry Chaplin's wedding *mangue*. He was engaged to Lady Florence Paget, when on the eve of the wedding that beatiful girl ran away with and married poor "Harry," the last Marquis of Hastings and "Prince of the Plungers," whose life was of the short and barely of the merry order. Mr. Chaplin was naturally enraged at his disappointment. Blighted love is bad enough, but lacerated self-love is worse. Desertion is bad enough, but it is nothing to being laughed at. Then Mr. Chaplin bought Breadalbane and Broomielaw to beat the Duke in the Derby, and thus revenge himself on Lord Hastings. Neither of the rival lovers was in it. The Duke did not run and Breadalbane, who started as good a favorite as Gladiateur, was last to the Frenchman's first. It was not till two years after that Mr. Chaplin's revenge came off, and "lucky in love, unlucky at play" was justified as a proverb. Hastings carried off the lady, who is now married to Sir George Chetwynd, and Chaplin won the Derby of 1867 and ruined his rival, who had betted enormously against the horse. But luck and revenge have compensations. Mr. Chaplin was going on crutches when Hermit, with odds of 1,000 to 15 against him, won in a snow-storm, and since then, although he has recovered the use of his legs, he has been unlucky, for his charming wife, a daughter of the Duke of Sutherland, died after few years of marriage; his political essays have not only failed, but have been laughed at; his racing accounts have bitten holes in his fine estates, and now his brother lies in great danger.

In 1866 Sir Francis Macnaghten was married to Alice Mary, eldest daughter of Dr. William Howard Russell, a famous newspaper correspondent, Irish by birth, but of English descent. They lived at Sir Francis' country place, the Bushmells, Country Antrim, Ireland—Sir Francis, Lady Macnaghten and four children. Lady Mary was never very domestic, a hearty, good-looking, sportswoman sort of creature, a good rider and fond of fishing for salmon and land agents not quite as stern as her husband. Mr. Thornhill, Sir Francis' land agent, was naturally often out doors, looking after the estate, tending the fences, watching the interests of his master and setting bait now and then while Lady Mary did the fishing. Late last December the fond pair abandoned Sir Francis and the fishing business and set out for Bray, a fashionable suburb of Dublin, put up at a hotel where, passing as a newly married couple. Lots of money, stolen from Sir Francis; lots of shame. Her ladyship never went out of doors without being closely veiled. One bright morning the papers announced that Lady Macnaghten had eloped with her husband's land agent, and then the guilty lovers mysteriously disappeared; wretched, skulking, shame-faced deserters of duty and the good old ways. Lady Macnaghten left her four children behind when she fled with the agent—a genuine sportswoman, without natural affection, from whom Thornhill himself will likely enough be glad to get away before a great while; a fisheress and a good rider to hounds. Noble woman! And four children with hearts left to grow up into the world and curse the name of mother.

London gossips are again talking about Albert Edward and the American beauty whom the Princess of Wales recently snubbed in public. They say the Prince, relieved for the nonce from doing duty at his sister's silver wedding, flew to Cannes, officially to make inquiries after the state of the Premier's health, to hastily shake hands with him at the Chateau Scott, and then to unofficially lay his royal homage at the feet of the Apertist belle, and bask in her smiles. What the French call the *secret de la comedie* resembles the apparent mystery and transparent incognito of the Prince's visits to that attractive shrine. The goddess herself derives, it appears, as much, if not more, gratification from the publicity and eclat of that devotion than she does from the admiration itself; and what she most prizes in the worshipper is the magic formula of the three letters, H. R. H., which proclaim all over Europe what conquest she has made. Let her rejoice while she can. Turning back on the now serried ranks of those who have enjoyed the same intoxicating but transient triumph before her, the new beauty can calculate to a nicety how long her reign will last, and how soon she must step back and resign her glittering and unstable sovereignty into an usurper's hands.

Rosetti's sensational pictures are accused of developing at least a share of the current social sensations. Hence the ffast recurring stories of great ladies eloping with house agents; of well-born women spending long hours in their stables in the company of a favorit mare and her confidential groom, and the loud, if injudicious, disclaimer of Lord Lonsdale accused of disappearing from the hunting-field with a horsey young lady. No satisfactory end can be attained by the public repudiation of this statemeut merely hinted at. Society newspapers, however, know pretty well what they are about when they throw out mysterious and veiled insinuations, rather than remain unnoticed and undiscerned. Lest the world should believe them incapable of being notorious, many lift the veil and deny the imputation, unwilling to forego the honor of being implicated, something after the fashion of Lord Palmertson, who at 80 bitterly resented the interference of friends who exerted their influence to have his name as co-respondent with Mrs. Norton removed from the charges of a divorce suit.

The relict of the ill-starred Colonel Flatters will soon be led to the hymeneal altar by a general of brigade. To become his wife she will sacrifice the handsome pension Gambetta obtained for her. It is not generally known that Louis Philippe, regarding Colonel Flatters as his son, paid for his education and settled on him about £6,000.

ADVERTISE YOUR WANTS—ONLY 10 CENTS FOR 20 WORDS.

A MUM SOCIAL.

The Initiation of a Milwaukee Young Man.

From Peck's Sun.

"Lend me your revolver," said a young man with his nose skinned, his eye blackened and his white necktie around under his ear, and one tail of his dress-coat torn off, as he came into a West Side saloon with his overcoat on his arm and his overshoes in his hand, and his clothes all covered with snow.

"What's the matter with you," said the bartender, looking ugly at him; "do you suppose I am going to lend you a revolver to kill somebody, and then be arrested for being an accessory. Not much! But what's the matter? You look as though you came out of a window. Was anything the matter with the door?"

The young man took a wet towel and sopped the blood off his nose, then went to a mirror and fixed his necktie and turned his hack and looked in the glass to see if the absent coat-tail showed much, then went and leaned on the bar and looked at the bartender for a moment and said:

"You look like a man that can be trusted, and whose advice would be safe to follow in an emergency, and I will tell you about this murder that I contemplate, and maybe you can give me some points, as you have no doubt murdered many people. The trouble is right here. Our lodge is to give a 'mum social' this evening. You know what a mum social is. Young people go to a house and sit around all the evening and keep their mouths shut, and never say a word till a signal is given; then they make up for lost time and talk for all that is out. (Is my nose bleeding yet? Thanks.) They wanted me to go, and I just came from there. That is, I came from the house next door. You see, I went to the wrong house and rung the bell. A man in his shirt-sleeves came to the door and said 'Good evening;' but I wasn't going to be caught speaking, because you have to pay a forfeit if you speak. So I just walked right in and pulled off my overcoat and hung it up, and hung my hat on the hatrack. The man looked at me a little bit annoyed, but he asked me if the weather was not softening up a little. I smiled, but didn't say anything, and I walked into the sitting-room. I thought I was the first one there, and I felt very awkward. The man watched me pretty close, and finally he said I had the advantage of him, and I smiled again, but didn't say anything. Now that I think of it, I noticed that he unbuttoned his shirt sleeves and began to roll them up. I did not think of it at the time, but his arms were as big as my legs. He asked me to what circumstance he was indebted for the honor of this visit, and I thought he was trying to get me off my guard so I would speak, when they would have the laugh on me; so I smiled one of my best two-for-a-quarter smiles, and looked at him as much as to say, 'You can't play any of your games on the undersigned.' I think he was the crossest man that I ever saw, and I wondered what made the committee have the mum sociable at his house. I thought it was time some of the rest of the crowd were coming, and I got up and went to the window to look out, when the man came up behind me and hissed in my ear, 'What is your little game, anyway?' Well, I wasn't going to speak, and give myself away, so I looked at him sort of impudent, as much as to say, 'Oh, go and chase yourself around your feet,' and then I thought lightning had struck me. He took me by the throat with one hand, and by the vicinity of the coat-tail with the other hand, and he choked me so my tongue run out, and his wife screamed and said, 'Don't kill him,' and the man hustled me out into the hall, and opened the front door, and he picked me up bodily and threw me out into a snow-bank five feet deep. I struggled a little going out of the door, and run my nose against the door-casing, and I guess he forget to let go of my coat tail when I went out. I struck head first in the snow, and before I could dig my head out, the door closed, and I could not explain my conduct to the man. I was so mad I could not have explained anyway. Just as I got out of the snow-bank and shook myself the door opened and the man threw out my overcoat and hat and overshoes, and he told his wife to hurry up with the shot-gun, and he would take me on the fly as I went over the fence. Well, I didn't wait for no shot-gun, but grabbed my coat and things and came down the street on a gallop. I met a lot of the young people going up, and as I turned the corner I saw them going into the next house to the one that I visited, and that was the first I knew of my mistake. Now, what I want is for you to tell me whether I had better shoot that man or kill him with a club. I was raised in the South and my warm Southern blood will not stand any such treatment." The bar-tender laughed and told the young fellow he had better go and apologize that man, or he would kick the other coat-tail off the first time he saw him, and the young man said on second thought he reckoned he would.

Now, when the country housewife looks with dismay at the empty jars of pickles and fears that there will be none left for spring use, she can occasionally substitute pickles made in this way for those put up in summer. Take some small turnips, boil them until they are tender, then cut in slices a little more than an inch thick, pour cold vinegar over them and let them stand for a day and night. A few pepper-corns or kernels of allspice improve the flavor.

My wife and daughter was made by the use of Hop Bitters.—[Methodist Clergyman.

The New York Herald's generosity to the flood sufferers makes us all forget that excellent journal's prediction of a mild winter.—[Courier-Journal.

ROGUES' PHOTOS.

The St. Louis Gallery Enlarged and Improved by the Department.

How Criminals are Identified When Arrested by Close Descriptions—Scars and Birth-Marks.

"We have the best arranged and most complete rogues' gallery in the country, even if I do say so myself," remarked Chief Campbell to-day. For several weeks a special officer and the department carpenters have been busily engaged renovating and altering this important feature of the Police Department. The rogues' gallery is a modern necessity to municipal police departments and has only been in existence a few years. The character of crime which the police attempt to cope with or prevent is not the work of those who have just deviated from the paths of honesty, but rather of a large class in every community designated the criminal classes. To keep a strict surveillance over and facilitate the arrest of those whose daily occupation and mode of living is identified with crime are the objects for which the gallery was instituted. It is the perfecton of these plans effected by the co-operation of hotel keepers, railroad employes and reformed criminals, that American officers claim, constitutes the superiority of the Parisian police. Several attempts to establish a system of cooperation between cities by which criminals could be traced and located were made during the national conventions of the Chiefs of Police, one of which was held in this city a few years ago, but they all failed. The next most plausible plan is suggested by the

ROGUES' GALLERY.

With the criminal columns of the daily newspapers and such information as is received from the police departments of other cities and penitentiary and work-house superintendents, each city is enabled to keep trace of the men most likely to give them trouble. During the secretaryship of Mr. John C. Chapman, under Chief McDonough's administration in this city, the arrest, conviction or commission of a noted criminal to a corrective or penal institution, reported in the telegraphic or local columns of the papers, was entered under the head of "Remarks," in the index to the rogues' gallery. A shining example of what might be done to this end was set by Rev. Father Van der Sanden, of St. Mary's Church, in this city, a few years ago. He was victimized by Gustav de Rohan, one of the slickest confidence men in the country. He began a correspondence with various cities, and before the case came to trial in the Criminal Court he had prepared the record of the prisoner from his birth until his arrest, with a score of aliases under which he sailed. This was printed in a convenient form and pasted on the back of photographs of De Rohan taken in civilian and clergyman's dress, and now adorns every rogues' gallery and album in the country. Requests for the photographs and record were received from Holland and France, where De Rohan had operated extensively and successfully in his younger days.

The plan of the St. Louis gallery has been greatly changed. Each picture is labeled with a small note giving the name, description corresponding with the photograph. The name of a house and people around all the evening and keep their mouths shut, and never say a word till a signal is given; then they make up for lost time and talk for all that is out. (Is my nose bleeding yet? Thanks.) They wanted me to go, and I

LIFE'S ESSENCE.

Fair are the flowers and the children, but their
subtle suggestion is fairer;
Rare is the rosebud of dawn, but the secret that
precedes it is rarer;
Sweet the exultance of song, but the strain that
surmasters the utterance is sweeter;
And clever was poesy yet writ but the meaning
outmasters the meter.

Never a daisy that grows but a mystery guideth
the growing;
Never a river that flows but a majesty sceptereth
the flowing;
Never a Shakespeare that soared but a stronger
than he did unfold him;
Nor ever a prophet foretells but a mightier seer
hath foretold him.

Back of the canvas that throbs the painter is hinted and hidden;
Into the statue that breathes the soul of the
sculptor is bidden;
Under the joy that is felt lie the infinite issues of
feeling;
Crowning the gift stands the giver;
Back of the hand that receives thrill the sensitive
nerves of receiving.

Space is as nothing to spirit, the deed is outdone
by the doing;
The heart of the wooer is warm, but warmer the
heart of the wooing;
And up from the pits where these shiver, and up
from the heights where those shine,
Twin voices and shadows swim starward, and the
essence of life is divine.

RICHARD REALF.

THE DELICIOUS SNAIL.

Who are Fond of Them and Where They are Eaten.

From the New York Morning Journal.

From some reason which no Frenchman can understand the snail has failed to become a popular article of diet in New York. Various efforts have been made to introduce the snail, but it remains a lamented fact that there is no place in New York where it may be obtained with any sort of regularity. Now and then one of the French boarding-houses in Greene street or South Fifth avenue will put them on the bill of fare of its table d'hote; but they form part of an odd lot got through favor or distinction from one of the French steamers, and so quickly swallowed by Gallic connoisseurs that there is no continuity to their presence.

A fat little Frenchman named Petit Pierre runs a restaurant uptown and endeavors to keep snails on the bill of fare. But he has great difficulty in it. When he receives an invoice he notifies his regular customers and they immediately flock to his place. No greater compliment can be paid by one Frenchman to another than to ask him to a snail supper. The crustacean is washed down with chablis or sauterne, and the ardor with which it is eaten proves that the high value that is placed upon it as a prime delicacy. The ordinary price of the dish is 50 cents, and sometimes much more.

"There is a very wrongful prejudice against the snail," said a connoisseur to the Morning Journal. "Snails are not only very rare here, but very good. In France there are regular snail farms where they are nurtured and raised on the most delicate vegetable food. They eat nothing but lettuce, the most cleanly in their habits. But we French-men do not eat all sorts of snails. There is but one variety that is ever put upon the table. It is fat and large—about the size of a walnut when in perfect condition. One reason for their rarity here is that they support the sea voyage with difficulty. The leaves upon which they feed must be kept green and fresh, otherwise they will starve themselves to death, and a snail is like a lobster or crab in this, that it must be cooked alive. All those which arrive dead have to be thrown away. The sea voyage and the climate here do not seem to agree with them, and they always get a little thin and tough by the time they are placed on a New York table. Oh! but you taste a fine fat snail just fresh from the fields in France! There is nothing more delicious."

"Is there any duty on snails?"

"No, they have not been included in the tariff. But they cannot be imported in the regular way. Somebody has got to give them constant attention. That is why the only means of getting them is from the cooks or stewards of the French steamers, who bring them over for friends. Come, I may be able to show you how snails are eaten."

The Journal writer accompanied the snail-eater, whose eyes glistened at the thought of the promised treat. He walked into a clean-looking house on Greene street. Over the door was "Pension Francaise." The floor of the principal room was sanded. In the rear was a small bar. A long table ran down the center of the room. A few men, evidently mechanics, lounged about, smoking briar-wood pipes and drinking beer. A portly French woman, scrupulously clean, stood behind the bar, chatting and laughing.

The connoisseur walked up to her, followed by the writer. "Have you any escargots?" he asked.

"Hush," she said. "If they hear you (pointing to the loungers) they will want them put on the regular bill. Come in here."

She introduced the visitors into another small room and uncovered a large pan in which two or three dozen whitish brown snails caverted about among delicate vines.

"They look beautiful and delicious," she said, eyeing them tenderly. She carefully selected a dozen in her apron and disappeared belowstairs.

"The cooking of a snail," said the connoisseur, licking his lips, "is a nice and delicate operation. They must not be overdone, because they get tough. Yet they are not good rare. They can be cooked in two ways, either boiled or roasted in butter. When they begin to cook they are easily withdrawn from the shell. When roasted a little flour and parsley are thrown over them. When baked they come au naturel."

In ten minutes a smoking dish of fat, round morsels with an India-rubbery appearance stood on the table.

"Look ahead," said the connoisseur helping himself. "These are in splendid condition."

The writer took one snail, turned it over on the plate, and with a queer sensation at the pit of his stomach, put it in his mouth. The first flavor was that of leather, but rather bitter. The juice oozed out as the teeth were applied. It was a warm ooze and tasted slimy. Then the morsel was bolted quickly just as one does when politeness forbids the rejection of an unsavory something. The after-taste was not unpleasant. But the writer had eaten his first and last snail. His gorge rose at the thought of another. It was simply impossible.

The connoisseur smiled pityingly, but there was a furtive joy in his eye as he saw the opportunity of getting the others.

"Splendid, beautiful!" he murmured as he swallowed the last snail, and his face assumed a look of unalloyed perfect beatitude.

J. A. HOWARD, Boonville, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is highly recommended and many are being benefited by its use."

Pre-Historic Man.

From Demorest's Magazine.

In the skeletons found in caves and rocks belonging to races of men who must have lived thousands of years before history began are found evidences that the same diseases flourished then that now afflict humanity. Wounds were found, of course, as we is to have been expected; but it is clear that the primitive man who lived, in the stone age, before metals were used, and when perhaps even fire was not yet employed in cooking food, had diseases such as rheumatism, cancers, distortions of limb and [illegible] dental troubles. This evi[illegible] the remains. Poets have [illegible] and happy life of the [illegible]t, but scientific investi[illegible] these illusions, and es[illegible]at the lot of men in the [illegible]st, was not a happy one. [illegible]ilized man who enjoys [illegible] even in our day the [illegible] prone to disease than those who lead what seems an artifical life in the best circles of modern communities. Our savage ancestry must have led dismal lives. They were exposed to all the fury of the elements, to the attack of wild beasts, and worse than all, their untutored imaginations filled the universe with evil spirits, which demanded sacrifices, and filled their waking hours with fearful phantasms. Within a few hundred years people in this country believed in witchcraft. Then what must humanity have suffered in the ages long ago when the whole world was peopled with fetishes possessing the power to inflict personal harm?

MALARIAL fever, ague and biliousness will leave as soon as Hop Bitters arrive. Try it.

FASHION NOTES.

Jabots of lace remain in vogue.

Velvet ribbon will be much worn.

Dress bonnets are of medium size.

Bonnets are less large this season.

Long redingotes will again be worn.

Shanes of round huts are as varied as ever.

Applique embroidery is still very fashionable.

Black dresses are again in high favor in Paris.

Children's collarettes grow larger and larger.

Foule cloth is the rival of cheviots and tweeds.

Raspberry or framboise is the latest shade of pink.

New grenadines come in beautiful Spanish lace designs.

New Raglans are cut with Japanese and dolman sleeves.

English walking jackets are tailor made, and very plain.

Hammered metal buttons appear among new dress trimmings.

The finest upholstery laces are the Cluny, antique and Louis XIV.

Trimmings of spring bonnets will be massed in clusters on the top.

Ruches and chicorees around the bottom of the skirt remain in favor.

The new foule cloths come in all shades of new colors for street wear.

Short visites, very handsomely trimmed with lace, will be much worn.

Ottoman silk and satin de Lyon are combined in new spring costumes.

To dress well requires thought and experience even more than money.

Amber and tortoise shell pins appear among new millinery ornaments.

New Havelocks have several collars and one deep cape cut in dolman shape.

The Havelock and Raglan are the popular cloaks for general service this spring.

Lace cloaks, unlined but handsomely trimmed, come among other lace importations.

Lace pokes, with brims of lace pleating, are seen among spring novelties in millinery.

Pinkish heliotrope, amaranth and scabieuse, dark red purple shades, are termed Judic.

A dash of yellow in the toilet, on the bonnet, and in household decoration is the fancy of the moment.

Walking dresses remain short, but house dresses and toilets of ceremony are demi-trained and trained.

Polonaises grow in favor and are made of the handsomest materials, with little drapery, but rich trimmings.

The Greutze bonnet, with two row of box-pleated wired lace for the brim, will be much worn in the early spring.

Beautiful and dressy spring costumes are made of satin rhadames or Surah combined with broche or embossed velveteens.

In Paris they are wearing very large bonnets, but the American importations are as yet in medium sizes for the most part.

Demorest's Monthly Magazine for March is out. Three of its jackets, the "Hussar," "Belgravia" and "Cynthia," are well worth mentioning.

Normandy Valenciennes, an improvement on Italian lace, will be the popular trimming for young girls' and children's white dresses next summer.

Ladies all over the city and in the vicinity are looking eagerly for Ridley's spring opening in the great millinery parlor of that bon marche of the east side.

A new lace, the Helvetian, has a geseau of heavy meshes, Spanish lace designs for the borders, with patches of Brussels ground, on which are duchesse flowers.

Hammered silver buttons are used on gray, pale blue and rose-colored costumes, bronze buttons on olive, green and brown suits, and old gold on tan, brick and terra cotta dresses.

After lighting a cigar that he had just purchased in the store of Mrs. Lizzie Swaim at Fort Worth, Texas, Clarence Veight thought it a funny thing to apply the burning match to some fireworks in the store. The building and the one adjoining were destroyed, and Mrs. Swaim was burned to death.

Patrick O'Neill, a lamplighter, of Lexington, Ky., upset one of the oil street lamps just after lighting it. The oil was scattered over him, and he was burned to death.

LEGAL.

Assignees' Notices.

TO the creditors of Potthoff & Behnen, a firm, composed of John H. Potthoff and B. Benen.—Notice is hereby given to the above mentioned creditors that the undersigned, assignee of the said firm of Potthoff & Behnen, will, on Monday, the 9th day of April, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as he can be heard, apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri for a discharge from his trust as such assignee of said firm of Potthoff & Behnen.

FRED'K E. ZELLE,
Assignee of Potthoff & Behnen.
St. Louis, January 22, 1883. 65S

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—To the creditors of Delia Judah: You are hereby notified that the undersigned, assignee of Delia Judah, will, on Monday, the 12th day of March, 1883, and the two consecutive days thereafter, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and until 5 o'clock p. m. of each of said three days, at the law office of Hermann & Keyburn, fourth floor Ferguson building, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo., proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of said assignor, Delia Judah, and all creditors who do not present their claims for allowance on either of said days will be precluded from any benefit of said estate.

MARCELLUS BROWN,
Assignee of Delia Judah.
Hermann & Keyburn, Attorneys. 44T

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the assignment of Louis Peters.—Creditors and others interested in the estate of

Louis Peters

are hereby notified that the undersigned, assignee of said Louis Peters, will present publicly to allow and adjust demands against said estate at the office of Klein & Fisse, attorneys at law, rooms 5, 6 and 7, No. 704 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 29, 30 and 31, A. D. 1883, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of each of said days, and all creditors who shall not attend at the place above designated during said term and lay before the undersigned assignee the nature and amount of their demands will be precluded from any benefit of said estate.

WILLIAM E. FISSE,
Assignee of the estate and effects of Louis Peters.
St. Louis, February 7, 1883.
Klein & Fisse, Attorneys.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of Edward Sudendorf and John L. Mecke, composing the firm of Sudendorf & Mecke, that the undersigned, assignee of said Sudendorf & Mecke, will, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 15, 16 and 17, 1883, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on each of said days, at the office of Finkelnburg & Russiere, attorneys at law, southwest corner of Fourth and Market streets, St. Louis, Mo., publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of said Sudendorf & Mecke, in accordance with the laws of Missouri concerning voluntary assignments.

HENRY G. FABRICIUS, Assignee.
St. Louis, January 27, 1883. 50S

C. CONRAD & CO.—Assignees' Notice of Adjusting Accounts.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignees, will hear and adjust demands against the estate of his assignor, on Monday, the 26th day of March, A. D. 1883, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on said day, and between the same hours during the two consecutive days thereafter, at room 4 in the Equitable Building, northwest corner of Sixth and Locust streets, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri.

CHAS. C. REUSS,
Assignee of Chas. W. Conrad, merchant as C. Conrad & Co.
St. Louis, February 16, 1883. 67T

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas William C. Kennedy, a widower, by his deed of trust dated July 27, 1882, and recorded in book 681, page 386, of the records in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the property in said deed described to secure the payment of notes therein mentioned; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will sell the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot of ground with all the improvements thereon, in block 1191 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the west line of Bellefontaine road, alias North Tenth street, sixty five feet and one inch south of the south line of Salisbury street, thence south along the west line of said road thirty-four feet eleven inches, thence westwardly and parallel with Salisbury street one hundred and forty-one feet one inch to the east line of a public alley fifteen feet wide, thence north along the east line of said alley thirty-four feet eleven inches, thence east and parallel with Salisbury street one hundred and forty feet one inch to the point of beginning; at the east door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1883,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

EDWARD S. ROWSE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, February 15, 1883. 77V

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and Katharina Roenen, defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground together with all and singular the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situated on the northeast corner of Fifteenth and O of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and in Mary F. Glasgow's addition to said city, containing a front of 27 feet on the west side of Fourteenth street by a depth westwardly of uniform width of 67½ feet, bounded north by Jefferson, late Exchange, now called Clinton street, and south by Henry Kobusch and west by Bernard Brecker.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, estate and property of the above named Katharina Roenen of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 24, 1883. 71V

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—David Bailey, Frank Bailey, Willard A. Bailey and George W. Bailey vs. Charles H. Bailey and Emma Bailey.—By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated June the 4th, 1880, and a renewed order of sale issued from the same office on the 2nd day of March, 1883, and dated the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, I will on

MONDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point in the east line of Ninth street eighty feet south of the south line of Madison street; thence eastwardly and parallel with Madison street one hundred and forty-two feet and six inches to an alley; thence south with said alley on the western line of Lot No. 1 of Carondelet Common one hundred and forty-two feet and six inches to a point in the east line of Ninth street; thence northwardly on said line of Ninth street eighty feet to the point of beginning; the same being lot No. 174 of block No. 30 of an addition to St. Louis City and called Brickell Tract, being lot 5 in said city block No. 225.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, February 20, 1883. 71V

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Kain,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court, now in session in the city of St. Louis, in the court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MICHAEL DWYER,
Executor.
St. Louis, December 30, 1882. 73N

NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that Sebastin E. Grote and Philip Scott, both residents of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, have formed a limited partnership pursuant to the provisions of the revised statutes of the State of Missouri. The name and style of said firm of partnership is

S. E. Grote.

The said Grote is a general partner and the said Scott is a special partner. The amount of cash to be contributed by said special partner is the sum of two thousand dollars, of which sum all is now at this date paid in as actual cash. The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of the sale at retail of paints, oils, and varnishes, glass, etc., the said business to be transacted in the said city of St. Louis. The time of said partnership shall only extend and be from this date till the first day of January, A. D. 1884. The amount of means said Philip Scott, special partner, may add to said firm is the sum of five thousand dollars, which shall only be withdrawn on and not before the first day of January, 1884.

PHILIP SCOTT.
S. E. GROTE.
St. Louis, Mo., February 1, 1883. 62S

ESTATE of John Zaugg, of St. Clair county, Ill., deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

John Zaugg,

of St. Clair county, Ill., deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 24th day of January, 1883. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, with-in one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1883.

RICHARD HOSPES,
Administrator of John Zaugg, deceased.
1R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Thomas Hayward,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator, c. t. a., d. b. n. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house, in said city, on the fourth Monday of March next.

ALBERT C. DAVIS,
Administrator, c. t. a., de bonis non, of Thomas Hayward, deceased.
St. Louis, January 25, 1883.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Christian Funke,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

CHRISTINA FUNKE,
Administratrix of Christian Funke, deceased.
St. Louis, February 1, 1883. 69S

ESTATE of George Binz, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

George Binz,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 19th day of January, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 19th day of January, 1883.

STEPHEN BINZ,
Administrator.
4K

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Joseph Poupency,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

Executrix of Joseph Poupency, deceased.
St. Louis, January 22, 1883. 7E

ESTATE of Peter Ducarmont, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Peter Ducarmont,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 16th day of February, 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of February, 1883.

MARGARETHA DUCARMONT,
Administratrix of Peter Ducarmont, deceased.
B. N. Sternberg, Attorney of Administratrix, No. 6 North Seventh street.

ESTATE of Augusta Zumbalen, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Augusta Zumbalen,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the fifteenth day of February, A. D. 1883.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of February, 1883.

OTTO H. ZUMBALEN,
Executor of the estate of Augusta Zumbalen, deceased.
47V

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Wednesday, February 7, 1883.
Charles Sievin and Rosa A. Sievin
vs.
John J. Quinn, John S. Quinn et al.,

It appearing from the affidavit filed herein this day that the defendants, John J. Quinn, John S. Quinn, Edward C. Quinn, William F. Quinn, Sarah Crosson, James W. Crosson, Cornelius Crosson, Sarah Crosson, Rose Crosson and Annie Crosson, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment of partition among the parties hereto, according to their respective rights and interests therein, of the following described real estate, to-wit:

1. A tract of land marked "Share A" on the plat of survey filed with the commissioner's report in the partition proceedings in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, in case No. 3035, in which Preston Player, assignee of Bernard Slevin, was plaintiff, and Bernard Slevin et al. were defendants, said plat being recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis in book 64, page 113; said tract of land being more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the intersection of the west line of Snead avenue with the south line of "Woodland Suburb," a subdivision duly recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis county; running thence westwardly along the south line of said "Woodland Suburb" twenty two hundred and eighty-four feet and eight inches (2,280 ft. 8 in.) to the southeast corner of Brown avenue and Bellefontaine avenue, thence southwardly along the east line of said Bellefontaine avenue four hundred and fifty-five (455) feet to the northwest corner of a tract of land marked share "B" upon said plat, thence eastwardly parallel to the southern line of said "Woodland suburb" twenty-two hundred and eighty-one feet and six inches (2281 6) to the northeast corner of said tract marked share "B," thence northwardly along the western line of Snead avenue four hundred and fifty-five feet (455) to the place of beginning, and containing twenty-three and eighty-three (23 83-100) hundredths acres.

2. A tract of land marked share "A" in the plat of survey filed with the commissioner's report in the partition proceedings in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, in case No. 3035, in which Preston Player, assignee of Bernard Slevin, was plaintiff, and Bernard Slevin et al. were defendants, said plat being recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, in book 64, page 113, said lot being more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the north line of lot number thirteen (13) of the Carondelet claim, estate and property of the above named Katharina Roeben of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 24, 1883. 71V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the State of Missouri, plaintiff, and Peter O'Malley, defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) and the eastern 25 feet of lot No. 9 of Gallait's addition to said city, said property having an aggregate front on the south line of Tenth street of 100 feet, and a depth southwardly of uniform width of 150 feet, to an alley, and being known as lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 in Page's second western addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above-described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., February 16, 1883. 76V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is plaintiff, and Peter O'Malley, defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block No. 3 of Morton's addition to the city of St. Louis, and lots lying in city block No. 40 and containing one foot on the east side of Stoddard avenue, now or formerly, by a depth of 140 feet to an alley, bounded on the west by said Stoddard avenue, north by an alley, east by alley and on the south by lot No. 9 of said addition, together with buildings and improvements and fixtures thereon and appurtenant thereto.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, estate and property of the above named Peter O'Malley of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 24, 1883. 71V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas the Douglass Bagging Company, of St. Louis, by its deed, dated January 12, 1882, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, in book 674, page 16, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate and property, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, in block number five of Morton's addition to said city of St. Louis, and in block number four hundred and sixty-nine, containing two hundred and forty (240) feet front on the east side of Stoddard avenue, now or formerly, by a depth of one hundred and forty (140) feet to an alley; bounded on the west by Stoddard avenue now or formerly, on the north side by an alley, on the east by an alley and on the south by lot number nine of said addition; together with all the buildings thereon, the fixtures thereto and all machinery therein contained, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain bonds and interest in said deed described. Now, therefore, by reason of the default in the provisions of said deed and at the request of the holders of certain of said bonds, and in pursuance of the powers vested in me by said deed, I will on

MONDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1883,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and six o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the ground conveyed by said deed, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

CHARLES E. PEARCE, Trustee.
29P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas J. Parker Norris and Mary G., his wife, acting by and through Alex J. P. Garesche, their attorney in fact, by their certain deed of trust, dated the eighteenth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and recorded at page 251 in book 296 of records in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the property in said deed described as follows, to-wit: The one undivided sixth part of a certain lot of ground in the city of St. Louis, with the improvements thereon erected, in block number two hundred and twenty-three of the city of St. Louis, having a front of sixty feet on the east side of Lewis street, and running back eastwardly between parallel lines to the levee or river one hundred and fifty-seven feet, be the same more or less, bounded on the west by Lewis street, on the south by Smith street, on the east by the levee or river, and on the north by lot of John and William Finney, being the same property owned by Vital M. Garesche, deceased, and the undivided sixth part or interest of said Mary G. Norris therein, being an undivided one-sixth as one of the children of the said Vital M. Garesche, deceased, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described in said deed; and whereas said note is due and (with the interest thereon accruing) unpaid, and the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I will sell the above described property, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said note, interest and costs of said trust.

GEORGE D. REMOND,
Trustee.
47V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Gottlieb Wagner and Christine Wagner, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 12th day of May, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county, now city, of St. Louis, in book 357, page 192, conveyed to Robert Brookings, trustee, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered nineteen (19) and twenty (20) on the north side of Cleveland avenue, Cheltenham street and Chouteau avenue subdivision of the Augusta Chouteau tract in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, a plat of which is recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county (now city), said lots having an aggregate front on the north line of said Cleveland avenue of fifty (50) feet, a depth north of one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, being the same which was conveyed by Jacob Reuling and wife to said Gottlieb Wagner by deed dated 13th September, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book 536 page 387; also, lots numbered twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) and the Lloyd Evans Market street and Grand avenue addition to a plat of which addition is of record in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, and which said lots have 25 feet in front on the south side of Clark avenue by seventeen (17) feet with a depth southwardly of one hundred and thirty-six (136) feet on the east line and one hundred and thirty-six (136) feet on the west line, said lot No. 28 has a front on the south side of Clark avenue of thirty-nine 7½-12 (39 7½-12) feet with a depth southwardly of one hundred and thirty-six 3-12 (136 3-12) feet to an alley twenty feet wide on which it fronts forty-four 5½-12 (44 5½-12) feet, and said lot No. 27 has a front on Clark avenue of fifty-six 7½-12 (56 7½-12) feet, more or less, bounded north by Clark avenue, east by lot numbered twenty-nine (29) of said addition, south by an alley and west by land now or formerly of Lee; being the same which the said Gottlieb Wagner acquired of Lloyd Evans by deed dated the 31st day of May, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book 406, page 120, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed, described; and whereas the principal note of said series of notes secured thereon has long since become due and remains unpaid, and whereas Robert Rocutgen, said trustee, has departed this life without having executed the trusts of said deed of trust, and the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis having, on order and decree of February, 1883, appointed the undersigned as trustee to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of said trustee, now deceased, and whereas it is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of said order of court and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above-described real estate, to satisfy said note and interest and the costs of executing said trust.

RICHARD F. KOETTER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, February 17, 1883. 45V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John R. Hull and Warren T. Bameron, by their deed dated December 15, 1875, and recorded on page 25 of book 908 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of land situate in block No. 1023 of the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit: Fronting 26½ feet on the north line of Market street by a depth northwardly of uniform width of 90 feet, more or less, to an alley, and being composed of lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in the subdivision of the said city of St. Louis, as per recorded plat thereof, said lots being together bounded north by alley, east by lot number 1 in said block, south by junction of said street and alley; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes described in said deed. Now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front of the court house in said city, between the hours lo o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, MARCH 8TH, 1883,

for the purposes of said trust.

ROBERT B. WADE, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., February 15, 1883. 70T

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of the note secured by deed of trust of Hypolite M. Tayon (a widower), dated the nine months, dated the 28th day of October, 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then county, now city, of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 586, page 229, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will on

MONDAY THE 12TH DAY OF MARCH 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block No. 3 of Morton's addition to the city of St. Louis, and lots lying in city block No. 40 and containing one foot on the east side of Stoddard avenue, now or formerly, by a depth of 140 feet to an alley, bounded on the west by said Stoddard avenue, north by an alley, east by alley and on the south by lot No. 9 of said addition, together with buildings and improvements and fixtures thereon and appurtenant thereto.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, estate and property of the above named Peter O'Malley of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 24, 1883. 71V

WHEREAS on the 11th day of May, 1874, there was conveyed to me by a deed of trust the following described property situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the east line of section ten, township forty-five north of range five east, at the distance of twenty chains and seventy-five and one-half links, or one hundred and eighty degrees east from the southeast corner of said section, thence north eighty-nine and five-eighths degrees west twenty chains and twelve and one-half links to a stone in the east line of a road fifteen feet wide, thence along the east said line of road north thirty minutes east five chains and forty-one one-quarter links to a point, thence south eighty-nine and five-eighths degrees east twenty chains and twelve and one-half links to a point in the east line of said section south with said east line five-eighths degrees west five chains and forty-one and one-quarter links to the place of beginning, containing ten and twenty-six and one-half hundredths acres, and being in the east half of the northeast quarter of section ten, township forty-five north of range five east; to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and, whereas said notes have long since become due and remain unpaid, and whereas Robert Rocutgen, said trustee, has departed this life without having executed the trusts of said deed of trust, and the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis having, on order and decree of February, 1883, appointed the undersigned as trustee to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of said trustee, now deceased, and whereas it is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of said order of court and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF MARCH, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Wednesday, February 7, 1883.
Catherine Scholl
vs.
Jacob Scholl.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that said defendant has absented himself from his usual place of abode and has concealed himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself, without a reasonable cause, for the space of one whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, and during that time has failed to provide for the support and maintenance of plaintiff; and also for a decree of this court giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant child of said parties, and restoring to her her maiden name.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] 61T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Friday, February 9, 1883.
Mary Clayton
vs.
Joseph Clayton.
No. 60,858.

It appearing from the petition of the plaintiff herein duly verified, and by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself, without a reasonable cause, for the space of one whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, and during that time has failed to provide for the support and maintenance of plaintiff; and also for a decree of this court giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant child of said parties, and restoring to her her maiden name.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] 61T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Lena Meisner
vs.
David Meisner.

It appearing from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of the plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion without a reasonable cause since on or about the 16th day of October, 1881.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 17th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] 57T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, January 15, 1883.
Jeptha H. Simpson, assignee,
vs.
John B. Rogers, et al.
No. 58,237.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff and the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant John B. Rogers cannot be found, and is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a petition has been filed in the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, praying for the revival of a certain judgment recovered by Robert L. James in said court on the 12th day of February, 1877, against Selma Watson and said defendant, for the sum of three hundred and nineteen dollars and fifty cents, with interest and costs, and alleging that said judgment was assigned to William Kreiter and by him assigned to said Simpson.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof show good cause against such revival, the judgment aforesaid will be revived against him and he lien thereof continued.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 16th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] 57T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Friday, February 9, 1883.
John St. Prophater
vs.
Ann Prophater.
No. 60,314.

It appearing from the affidavit of the plaintiff this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by his attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant herein, on the ground of desertion without a reasonable cause since on or about the 16th day of October, 1881.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] 57T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 26, 1882.
Conrad S. Ittner, Anthony Ittner and George Ittner, doing business as partners under the style of Ittner Brothers,
vs.
Barnes and Morrison Building Company et al.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to plaintiffs' petition herein that two of the defendants, to-wit: Josiah V. Williamson and Fairman Rogers, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiffs, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $123 and interest thereon from August 12, 1882, against a five-story brick building situated on the southwest corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and known as the St. James Hotel; said building having fronts on both said streets and covering nearly if not the entire lot on which it stands, which lot is situated in city block No. 112 of said city, and has a front of 57 feet 1-16 of an inch on the west line of Fifth street by a depth westwardly between nearly parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley; said lot is bounded north by Walnut street, east by Fifth street, west by an alley, south by a line parallel with Walnut street, save this: that the west end of said lot is 1 inch and 1-16 of an inch wider than the east end of the same fronting on Fifth Street.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiffs' petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 39T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 26, 1882.
Conrad S. Ittner, Anthony Ittner and George Ittner, doing business as partners under the style of Ittner Brothers,
vs.
Barnes and Morrison Building Company et al.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to plaintiffs' petition herein that two of the defendants, to-wit: Josiah V. Williamson and Fairman Rogers, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiffs, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $123 and interest thereon from August 12, 1882, against a five-story brick building situated on the southwest corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and known as the St. James Hotel; said building having fronts on both said streets and covering nearly if not the entire lot on which it stands, which lot is situated in city block No. 112 of said city, and has a front of 57 feet 1-16 of an inch on the west line of Fifth street by a depth westwardly between nearly parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley; said lot is bounded north by Walnut street, east by Fifth street, west by an alley, south by a line parallel with Walnut street, save this: that the west end of said lot is 1 inch and 1-16 of an inch wider than the east end of the same fronting on Fifth Street.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiffs' petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] 39T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Saturday, January 27, A. D. 1883.
Estate of Matthias Weiss.

Now at this day comes Frederick Arendes, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Matthias Weiss, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 28th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] 37T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, January 2, 1883.
Estate of Henry Doellner.

Now at this day comes F. E. Schmieding, trustee, a creditor of the estate of Henry Doellner, deceased, and moves the court for a renewed order of publication herein, and it appearing to the court that the order of publication made herein at the last June term thereof has not been complied with, it is ordered that the same be renewed, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application has been made for the sale of real estate to pay the debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 2d day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] 40T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Tuesday, February 6, 1883.
Catherine Seebold
vs.
Alfred Seebold.
No. 59,422.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit herein filed, and from other evidence produced, that the defendant has concealed himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and the court being satisfied that process cannot be served upon him, it is therefore ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness and indignities,

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Crews & Booth, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 32T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Friday, February 9, 1883.
Philipp Henckler
vs.
Florence M. Dickey et al.
No. 60,088.

It appearing from the affidavit of Wm. Scharringhausen, a Deputy Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, this day filed, that the defendants Florence M. Dickey, Sarah H. Dickey and Mary E. Tanner are non-residents of the State of Missouri; wherefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by his attorney,

It is ordered that the defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and another for the sum of $173 87 and $29 45, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of judgment, under the mechanic lien law, against the property of the defendants described in plaintiff's petition, viz.:

Houses Nos. 616 and 614 Market street, city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for work and labor done and materials furnished by plaintiff at the instance and request of the defendant, Florence M. Dickey.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Fredrick Gottschalk, Attorney for Plaintiff. 35T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Lena Meisner
vs.
David Meisner.

It appearing from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of the plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of the plaintiff, has absented himself without reasonable cause for the space of one year, and has wholly abandoned plaintiff during said period, viz., from on or about October 12, 1881, to the present date; and also for the restoration of her maiden name.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 17th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] 57T CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, January 15, 1883.
Estate of Henry Doellner.

Now at this day comes Martin Michael, executor of George A. Michael, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the estate real of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 15th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
L. H. Fitz and Rudolph Schulenburg, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 38T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, January 15, 1883.
Emily Burns
vs.
Robert M. Burns.
No. 59,864.

It appearing to the court that the order of publication made in this cause on September 21, 1882, has not been published; and it further appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, it is therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, ordered that order of publication be renewed, and that said defendant be notified that civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness and failure to provide for and support plaintiff, and also that defendant has offered such indignities to plaintiff as to render her condition intolerable by calling her vile and offensive names and threatening to kill her, without any just provocation therefor, and for an order giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant son of plaintiff and defendant.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
S. M. Smith, Attorney. 33T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, January 2, 1883.
Theresa Scherer
vs.
Jacob Scherer.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by her attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that the defendant has abandoned plaintiff and has absented himself from her and their reasonable cause for the space of more than one year before the filing of said petition, and that whilst living with her defendant was guilty of such cruelty and barbarous treatment as to endanger the life of plaintiff by kicking and beating her, and for an order restoring her maiden name of Theresa Deppler.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this fifth day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Trusten P. Dyer, Plaintiff's Att'y. 38T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, February 9, 1883.
The Hoyt Metal Company
vs.
Thomas J. Pope and James E. Pope, composing firm of Thomas J. Pope & Bro.
No. 60,536—Attachment.

It appearing from the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendants are not residents of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the sum of $1,312 50, on account of a contract made by plaintiff with defendant on the 29th day of June, 1882, through Meiford & Combs, their agents in St. Louis, for 2,500 pounds each of "Straits" and "Malacca" tin in store at New York at the price of 21½ cents per pound, shipments to be made from New York to St. Louis on the 29th or 30th day of June, 1882, said tin to be paid for by a 60-day acceptance of plaintiff, which contract defendants on their part have failed to carry out and perform; and that their property has been attached,

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the petition aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against them and their property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 10th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Frederick Gottschalk, Attorney for Plaintiff. 36T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Tuesday, February 6, 1883.
Elizabeth Edison.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $123 and interest thereon from August 12, 1882, against a five-story brick building situated on the southwest corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and known as the St. James Hotel, said building having fronts on both said streets and covering nearly if not the entire lot on which it stands, which lot is situated in city block No. 112 of said city, and has a front of 57 feet 1-16 of an inch on the west line of Fifth street by a depth westwardly between nearly parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley; said lot is bounded north by Walnut street, east by Fifth street, west by an alley, south by a line parallel with Walnut street, save this: that the west end of said lot is 1 inch and 1-16 of an inch wider than the east end of the same fronting on Fifth Street.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 6th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Marsellus Edison
vs.
Alfred Seebold.
No. 59,422.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit herein filed, and from other evidence produced, that the defendant has concealed himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $173 87 and $29 45, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of judgment, under the mechanic lien law, against the property of the defendants described in plaintiff's petition, viz.:

Houses Nos. 616 and 614 Market street, city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for work and labor done and materials furnished by plaintiff at the instance and request of the defendant, Florence M. Dickey.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Fredrick Gottschalk, Attorney for Plaintiff. 35T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, December 26, 1882.
Conrad S. Ittner, Anthony Ittner and George Ittner, doing business as partners under the style of Ittner Brothers,
vs.
Barnes and Morrison Building Company et al.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to plaintiffs' petition herein that two of the defendants, to-wit: Josiah V. Williamson and Fairman Rogers, are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiffs, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $123 and interest thereon from August 12, 1882, against a five-story brick building situated on the southwest corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and known as the St. James Hotel; said building having fronts on both said streets and covering nearly if not the entire lot on which it stands, which lot is situated in city block No. 112 of said city, and has a front of 57 feet 1-16 of an inch on the west line of Fifth street by a depth westwardly between nearly parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley; said lot is bounded north by Walnut street, east by Fifth street, west by an alley, south by a line parallel with Walnut street, save this: that the west end of said lot is 1 inch and 1-16 of an inch wider than the east end of the same fronting on Fifth Street.

And unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiffs' petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of December, 1882.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Mary Scherff
vs.
John Scherff.
(27 April term, 1881.)

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant herein, on the grounds of desertion and failure to provide for the support of plaintiff, without any just provocation therefor, and for an order restoring her maiden name of Theresa Schwab.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 17th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Saturday, January 27, A. D. 1883.
Estate of Matthias Weiss.

Now at this day comes Frederick Arendes, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Matthias Weiss, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 28th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Tuesday, January 2, 1883.
Estate of Henry Doellner.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Mary Scherff,
vs.
John Scherff.

Now at this day comes F. E. Schmieding, trustee, a creditor of the estate of Henry Doellner, deceased, and moves the court for a renewed order of publication herein, and it appearing to the court that the order of publication made herein at the last June term thereof has not been complied with, it is ordered that the same be renewed, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application has been made for the sale of real estate to pay the debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 2d day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1883.
Tuesday, February 6, 1883.
Marsellus Edison
vs.
Elizabeth Edison.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the foreclosure of a mechanic's lien for the sum of $1,317 50, and interest and costs, on account of two certain promissory notes, one dated July 5, 1879, by which defendant, four months after date promised to pay to order of plaintiff $800, and the other dated March 15, 1880, by which one George J. Stocks promised to pay to the order of C. Guy Ammon the sum of $700; that said last mentioned note was sold and delivered to defendant by said Ammon, and that said notes are due and unpaid, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 18th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Thursday, January 4, 1883.
William A. Morrow
vs.
Esther E. Morrow.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness and indignities rendering her condition intolerable, and that defendant is a vagrant within the meaning of the laws of Missouri,

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this fifth day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Martin & Fauntleroy, Att'ys for Pl'ff. 35S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Saturday, January 27, A. D. 1883.
Estate of George A. Michael.

Now, at this day, comes Martin Michael, executor of George A. Michael, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 29th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Estate of Henry Doellner.

Now at this day comes F. E. Schmieding, trustee, a creditor of the estate of Henry Doellner, deceased, and moves the court for a renewed order of publication herein, and it appearing to the court that the order of publication made herein at the last June term thereof has not been complied with, it is ordered that the same be renewed, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application has been made for the sale of real estate to pay the debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 17th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

ORDER OF PUBLICATION—RENEWED.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Wednesday, January 17, 1883.
Estate of Henry Doellner.

Now at this day comes F. E. Schmieding, trustee, a creditor of the estate of Henry Doellner, deceased, and moves the court for a renewed order of publication herein, and it appearing to the court that the order of publication made herein at the last June term thereof has not been complied with, it is ordered that the same be renewed, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application has been made for the sale of real estate to pay the debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, this 17th day of January, 1883.
[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
Finkelnburg & Rassieur, Attorneys for Executor. 38S

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, February 9, 1883.
Emma Crawford
vs.
Augustus Crawford.

The plaintiff comes, by her attorney, and files a petition and affidavit, from which it appears that defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of the plaintiff, by her attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that the said defendant has during said marriage offered such indignities to plaintiff as to render her condition intolerable, in that he has failed to provide the necessaries and comforts of life for plaintiff, and has been guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant within the meaning of the law respecting vagrants.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the petition aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a cop

THE CHURCHES.

Events of the Week in Religious Circles.

Pastoral Points--Sabbath Sermons--Personal Paragraphs--General Notes.

The religious items of the week are recorded below:

CHRISTIAN.

M. P. Hayden has resigned his work at Atchison, Kansas, to take effect April 1, and will act hereafter as State Evangelist for Kansas.

J. H. Garrison, senior editor of the Christian-Evangelist, is at New London, Mo., assisting the pastor at that place, in a series of revival meetings.

PRESBYTERIAN.

The Kossuth Avenue Church is a mission of the Second Church, and boasts of a Sunday-school numbering seventy-five scholars.

There is announced for March 1st, a lecture by Mr. Billers, of Brooklyn, to take place in the Y. M. C. A. Hall. The subject will be "Funny People We Meet."

The Biddle Market Mission School now numbers 1,200 in attendance, and is the largest Sabbath-school in St. Louis. An urgent call for teachers from this quarter is announced.

Dr. Nicolls will speak to-morrow evening on the subject: "Christ and the Blind Beggar." The special programme of music that is being provided for these Sabbath evening services is always very fine and atracts by its excellence large audiences.

Y. M. C. A.

Rev. R. G. Pierson, the evangelist, will hold a general revival service at the Y. M. C. A. Building on Eleventh and Locust streets to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Rev. W. H. Black, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church and associate of Mr. Pierson, the revivalist, will lead the song service at the Y. M. C. A. this evening at 8 o'clock.

There will be a general gospel service at the Y. M. C. A. Building for down-town people to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, which will be led by Secretary Douglass, of the association.

Mr. Pierson will continue to lead the daily noon meetings from 12 to 1 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. next week. These meetings have increased during the present week to a daily attendance of nearly 100. They have also been marked by much interest and many preferred conversions.

A special railroad men's meeting will be held to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock in the Chapel on Emily and Bernard streets. Major King, Janning, Knox, McPheeters and other will be present and several addresses will be made. The object is to increase the interest in the building up at the Union Depot of a work similar to that carried on at the East St. Louis.

METHODIST (SOUTH).

Dr. McAnally will preach at Pevely to-morrow morning and evening.

The St. Louis Christian Advocate, the recognized organ of the Methodist Church (South), has secured as a contributor the Rev. A. A. Lipscomb, D.D., LL.D., of Athens, Ga. Dr. Lipscomb was for fourteen years Chancellor of the Georgia State University. Afterwards for four years a professor in Vanderbilt University, but has lately been compelled to discontinue teaching because of ill health, and with henceforth apply his whole time to literary labors. Productions of his pen are sought abroad as well as at home, and his contributions to foreign journals are received as authority on doctrinal points. His first contribution to the Advocate will appear in the next week's issue. Subject: "Analgous Movements in England and America."

BAPTIST

There will be a baptism at the Second Baptist Church to-morrow evening.

Dr. Boyd speaks to-morrow morning upon "Rest," and in the evening delivers a lecture upon "Jesus as a Preacher."

Dr. Boyd delivers an address at the commencement exercises of the St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons next Tuesday evening at Memorial Hall.

Rev. J. E. Ingham, Financial Secretary of the Nebraska Baptist Seminary, situated at Gibbon Neb., will preach to-morrow morning at the Garrison Avenue Church.

Special services will be held at the Second Baptist Church next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. The Thursday evening service being an inquiry meeting.

Rev. Irving F. Davis, late pastor of the Baptist Church at Danville, Ill., left Friday evening for Fort Scott, Kansas, where he has accepted the pasturate of the church.

Rev. J. H. Curry, who resigned the patorate of the Garrison Avenue Church last Sabbath, left during the week for Georgia where he hopes to find a climate more congenial.

Mr. A. J. Gonsalves, a layman of the Park Avenue Church, has been recommended as a missionary for the work in Brazil. He is awaiting an order summoning him to Richmond, Va., to make preparation for the work he has chosen.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Dr. Goodell's sermon subject to-morrow evening will be "The Evil of Waste in Life."

The Ladies' Home Missionary Society of Pilgrim Church meets in the ladies' parlors next Wednesday evening.

The Young People's Union of Pilgrim Church meets in the church parlors to-morrow evening at 6:45 o'clock.

A very pleasant entertainment, consisting of reading, music, etc., was given by the Hyde Park congregation at Turner Hall last evening.

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will hold a Longfellow memorial meeting in the parlors of Pilgrim Church next Monday evening.

Hon. F. W. Drury, the founder of Drury College, Springfield, Mo., died at Olivet, Mich., February 19. By his will he left an additional legacy to the college which bears his name.

At the next meeting of the Evangelical Alliance, which will be held in Association Hall next Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock, the Rev. W. H. Claggett will present a paper on "The Proper Place and Work for Evangelists."

Dr. Harwood, Home Missionary Secretary of Missoury, is in the East raising money and securing necessary workers for the work in the Southwest. Rev. B. F. Doe was in the city during the week on his way to Texas, to which territory he has been recently appointed as superintendent of Home Missions. His territory includes Arkansas, Indian Territory and Texas.

EPISCOPAL.

The confirmations in the city churches will begin in one week from to-morrow and continue until the second Sabbath after Easter.

On Tuesday evening, 20th instant, Bishop Robertson, at St. Augustine's Church, Kansas City, admitted to priests' orders the Rev. Charles E. Cummings, pastor of the colored church in that city. The other clergymen of the city participated in the services. On next Sunday morning, at Trinity Church, this city, Bishop Robertson will admit to priests' orders the Rev. C. M. C[illegible], minister to the Church of the Good

popular lec-
Church last

given by
y Society at
ening was a

grand success in every particular. The net results were about $300.

Rev. R. M. Moran, of the St. Louis Conference, is lying very low at his home in West Plains. He was prostrated by a stroke of paralysis some years ago, had recovered, but had a second stroke last December, which made his condition much worse. He is now entirely blind and almost hopeless.

Bishop Andrews, of Washington City, whose jurisdiction extends over the conferences in Missouri, is in the city, and will occupy Dr. Felton's pulpit to-morrow morning. On Monday morning the Bishop leaves for Glasgow, Mo., to visit Lewis College at that place and will spend the following Sabbath at Chaddock College, Quincy, Ill. On the 7th prox., the Missouri Conference convenes at Kirksville, Mo., and on the 14th the St. Louis Conference meets at Clinton, Mo., over both of which the Bishop will preside.

Rev. F. S. Biggs, pastor of Central Church, returned during the week from New York City, where he has been some days in attendance on the meeting of the members of the Book Committee. This Book Committee is composed of twelve ministers selected from all parts of the United States, and Mr. Beggs is "one of the twelve." The annual report of the Methodist Book Concern in this city shows that the sales during the past year aggregated $123,719 65, an increase over 1881 of $6,421 68. The net profits during the same time were $11,048 92, a handsome tribute to Messrs. Walden and Stowe's management.

THAT FRECKLE-FACED GIRL.

She Again Makes Herself Agreeable to a Neighbor.

From the Boston Globe.

The freckle-faced girl went over to a neighbor's house the other day and rapped on the back door until the woman put her head out of an upper window and asked her what she wanted. The girl swung from the under side of the hand rail by her hands and one foot, and replied: "I only just come over to see if your little boy could come out and make a snow man in the yard. You needn't think ma wants to borrer anything, 'cause she don't. She don't know I'm over here, neither. Ma wouldn't let me come if she knew. She told me not to go out of the front yard, but I hooked away. I ain't going to be shut up in that horrid old yard all the time and nobody to play with 'cept Sissy Johnson. She's a cry-baby, and just runs and tells her ma when I put snow down her back and take her gum away. I wouldn't be such a cry-baby, would you? I'd rather play with your little boy, but you mustn't tell my ma, 'cause she says I'm not to come over here after him any more, and he can't come into our yard. Ma says he is the worst boy in the neighborhood and you haven't got any govelment. He tracked mud all over our parlor carpet last time he was there, and set off a fire-cracker under the cook to scare her. You oughter seen cook jump and holler and drop a pan of dough in the coal-hod. My, wasn't she hoppin' mad! Ma said your boy didn't have no bringin' up, and I guess she didn't know what fun we was having. Say, can't he come out?"

"No, he can't come out to-day. He isn't well. You'd better run right home."

"Oh, I don't want to go home; home's a pokey old place, anyhow. Id just's lief slide down your steps as not. Is your boy going to die? Been giving him rat poison?"

"Certainly not," replied the neighbor with severity. "Who put such an idea into your head?"

"Nobody, only Uncle Dick said he oughter be killed, and if he owned such a boy he'd feed him on rat poison till he noticed some improvement in his moral nature. Uncle Dick's been out West 'neverywhere, 'n he says he's seen lots of boys like yours, but they gen'rally get cut off in the fewer of their youth. He seen one onct same as your boy, only he was a cowboy 'n didn't have no parents to encourage him in making a calamity of hisself in the neighborhood. I ast Uncle Dick what they called him a cowboy for, 'n Uncle Dick said he didn't know for sure, but he suspected it was 'cause he was born a orphan 'n had to pay for his adopted mother, 'n got his first views of life through a bottle. Then I ast him if your boy was a orphan 'n you was a cow, 'n Uncle Dick told me to pay strik attenshun while he gave me a imitashun of a man making a joke like a nigger show. Uncle Dick said I must sit up solemn 'n be the middle man, 'n he put pa's paper weight under my chin 'n said that would have to do for a diamond pin if it was rather small, 'cause we hadn't been in the nigger show business very long 'n couldn't afford one lof the proper size until we'd played one night in Somerville. Then he put baby 'n Sam on the sofa —Sam's the dog like the stuffin' they put in big chairs—wich was the awjence, 'n Uncle Dick sat on ma's new gilt chair 'n told me to ask him again real slow so's baby 'n Sam would get the point. I ast him again if your little boy was a orphan 'n you was a cow, 'n Uncle Dick said your boy was the worst off un ever he see, but you wasn't a cow—you only galloped like one when you was chasing hens outer an the yard, which might have given the public a wrong impression. Then Uncle Dick put his feet up in the air 'n pounded with his fist on a plate my big sister painted sunflowers on for her feller, 'n then the back of the chair came off 'n Uncle Dick fell over 'n broke the plate 'n made a norful noise. Baby cried like a pin was stickin' in him 'n Sam barked like fury, 'n when Uncle Dick got up he said that was the first awjence he ever seen that properly 'preciated a refined nigger show joke. He says he'll take me to the minstrels some afternoon if I'll promise not to laugh out loud and disturb the other folks in the theater. Then Uncle Dick he said wot was we talkin' about, 'n I said boys 'n he said oh that damboy, 'n I said no, it was a cowboy, wot had a bottle for a nurse. Uncle Dick he said again it was all the same, 'cause your boy would take to the bottle soon enough if his pa didn't take a club to him oftener. He said this other cowboy out West thought it was funny to shoot holes in a man's hat wot wore eyeglasses—not the hat, you know, but the man—'n the man didn't seem to notice it, 'cause he was a stranger and didn't want to have folks think he was 'quisitive about trifles. Then the cowboy fired two or three nother times, 'n the man said wot did he do it for, 'cause he felt a draft on his head 'n was 'fraid he'd catch cold. Then he said—not the man, but the other one—he was a cowboy, 'n the man said cowboy biddam, wich I guess is swearin' 'cause Uncle Dick makes ma mad when he says it. The man said a nother time he was a bully boy from Boston 'n his name was Sullivan, 'n he slapped the cowboy's face, 'n the cowboy died in the flower of his youth 'n his every-day boots. Uncle Dick he says the wrath of Providence or a brick or something will light on your boy's head first thing you know 'n make a bow-legged cherub of him quicker'n scat. But say, ain't you going to let him come out 'n help me pelt snow-balls at Sis Johnson's old lame grandfather when he goes by?"

The woman had slammed the window and was telling her boy not to play with that wicked little girl any more, or his father would attend to him with a lath; so the freckle-faced girl took the little boy's sled out from under the steps and went coasting down the sidewalk in a style expressively but inelegantly called "bellybump."

A novelty in household goods is a sham pillow of stiff pasteboard, concave underneath for the real pillow to remain in, while the pillow sham of lace or embroidered or ruffled muslin is placed on the upper side of the sham pillow, which is covered with pink, blue or red silesia or silk. These sham pillows greatly facilitate the work of dressing the bed in the morning and undressing it at night.

A new hydraulic passenger elevator is the latest attraction at Ehrichs'; the stained glass panes with which it is lighted are adorned with flowers in mediæval designs, the disks of which are formed of large, handsome, colored bull's eyes or balls of glass that look like immense jewels. The cost of the whole was $8,000.

THE SABBATH BELLS.

The old man sits in his easy chair,
And his ear has caught the ringing
Of many a church bell far and near,
Their own sweet music singing.
And his head sinks low on his aged breast,
While his thoughts far back are reaching
To the Sabbath morns of his boyish days,
And a mother's sacred teaching.

A few years later, and lo, the bells
A merrier strain were pealing,
And heavenward bore the marriage vow
Which his manhood's joy was sealing.
But the old man's eyes were dimming now,
As memory holds before him
The sad, sad picture of later years,
When the tide of grief rolled o'er him.

When the bells were tolling for loved ones gone,
For the wife, for the sons and daughters,
Who, one by one, from his house went out,
And down into death's dark waters.
But the aged heart has still one joy
Which his old life daily blesses,
And his eyes grow bright and his pulses warm
'Neath a grandchild's sweet caresses.

But the old man wakes from his reverie,
And his dear old face is smiling,
While the child with the serious eyes reads on,
The Sabbath hours beguiling.
Ah, bells, once more ye will ring for him,
When the heavenly hand shall sever
The cord of life, and his freed soul flies
To dwell with his own forever.

—[Harper's Weekly.

LA TARPIAUDE.

I am from Bordeaux—a foundling brought up anywhere and anyhow. My first recollections are about a mother who used to kiss me, and a father who beat me as if I were without feeling. Then I don't remember anything more. Mother was dead and father had gone away somewhere. Some charitable folks put me in a Brothers' school, where they taught me to read and write. That was all. I was thick-headed, but I grew up solidly. When I left the school I was strong and muscular. I became a boatman; then I hired myself out as a laborer on those great flatboats which unload the merchant vessels along the Gironde.

Well, there came a hard winter that year. Even at Bordeaux the snow fell thick and fast and the wind lashed one's face like a whip. As I was going along close beside a wall, my foot struck a heap of rags.—regular tatters, and a cry came out of the rags.

So I stooped down and picked the bundle up. It was one of the good God's own creatures, freezing to death there in the snow. I carried the thing under a gas-lamp and looked at it. It was a little girl about twelve or fourteen years old, and as pretty—as pretty as love.

She had lost consciousness. I carried her into a drinking-place and started to rub her, shake her, and make her swallow a few mouthfuls of hot wine.

Well, sir, when she opened her eyes—when she looked at me with those great pupils of hers, black as tar and soft as velvet, it was all up with me. I belonged to her, body and soul. I secured a room for her in the lodging-house where I lived. The little one made me afraid of her, somehow; she made me feel in a way I had never felt before. It was just like when one begins to go mad.

* * * * * * *

Well, next day, when she had had a good sleep, I saw her again and talked to her. Where did she come from? She had come from everywhere; she had been traveling with a band of gypsies—Southern folk—who went through the country giving gymnastic exhibitions. One day she ran away, because the man who called himself her father had threatened her terribly. She had wandered all through Bordeaux, hiding here, begging there, perishing with hunger and cold. In short, she was nobody's child. She was simply a little creature that kind Providence had sent me to take care of. At least I thought so then; now I think that it was the devil himself who placed her in my path.

Well, I felt queer about her all the time; but I soon made up my mind what to do. I rang the bell of a Convent of Gray Sisters, which was beside the St. Andre Hospital, right back of the Place d' Armes. I saw the Mother Superior and told her all about my adventure.

"I can't possibly keep the child," I said; you'll have to take care of it, Sister. As for the money, I'll settle all that with you."

So we struck a bargain, and I told the little one. I don't think it quite pleased her. But anyhow, she was locked up there; and I felt relieved.

Then I tell you I became steady enough—no more sprees, no more fights. I thought of nothing but the little girl. I worked like four men; and every Sunday I went to see her. They were not at all pleased with her. She was always making the Sisters mad, and turning the convent upside down. Then when we would be alone, she would fling her arms around my neck, and look into my eyes, so that it seemed to me, I saw millions of stars. And she would say to me between two kisses:

"Take me away from here; I want to live with yov—I do not like it here."

"It was hard to refuse her; for I belonged to her body and soul, the little wretch! and she knew it. Still I remained firm.

"When you can read, write and count well," I said, "you can leave here—not before."

"Where shall I go then?"

"Just wherever you like."

And she would always answer:

"I want to go with you, and to your home; I want to be your wife."

* * * * * * *

She was there three years. At last one morning the Superioress sent for me. She said they could not keep the little one any longer. She was insolent to everybody, passionate as a cat, and incurable as an witch.

And when I told the Superioress that I was going to marry the girl, she lifted her eyes to heaven and cried:

"May God help you! may God watch over you!"

The little one did not know much—she would never study. But she had grown tall and beautiful. At hat hour she was lovely as an angel. And I—great clumsy brute that I was—I was crazy about her.

I married her, and I was happy—madly happy. Even now, in spite of all she has done, when I think of that bliss, it makes me tremble in every limb. I had worked so hard, so constantly, that even while paying her board, I had been able to lay something aside.

She had kept her gypsy name. Her skin was golden as mandarine's. Some fools called her black. Then they ended by nicknaming her La Tarpiaude on account of her brown skin; and she was the first to laugh when my friends called her by that name.

That happiness lasted two years—two years that passed as quickly as two days. Now it is the hours that drag along as slowly as if they were years.

Already several times, when I came home, I had not found her there. No dinner ready —the house all dismal and empty and cold. It was very trying. A moment later she would come in, all out of breath, and excuse herself by saying that she had been taking a walk with some of her girl friends. Still I didn't say anything. You see, whenever I found fault with her, she would pout, and then it was I who was in the wrong, and had to beg pardon.

But one evening she was out much later than usual; and I was at the window watching for her to come. At last I saw her shape at the corner of the street; but at the same time I fancied that she was not alone. I thought I saw a man with her. I knew that man! A man they called Dalto; a Calabrian, a handsome fellow he was!—who used to work at the wharf with me. It was only for a moment—like a flash. The shadow of the man disappeared, and La Tarpiaude, bursting into the room like a summer breeze, flung her arms about my neck. I must have been mistaken. Men like me are made to make mistakes, it seems, and to be deceived, when they love anybody.

* * * * * * *

Next day, when I went down to the port, I fancied that Dalto shunned me. Anyhow, whenever I looked at him he turned his head away and seemed embarrassed, and the same evening he quit work before the rest of us. My blood had been boiling all day—my mind was full of suspicions. The mere sight of Dalto filled me with silent rage. I felt like leaping upon him and strangling him with my hands. It seemed as if he knew how I felt, for he kept at a distance from me. When I saw him going away, I could not stand it any longer. I quit work also and followed him. I had to be cautious about it, for he seemed to be afraid of something, and every now and then stopped to look behind him. I crept along, edging the houses. It was spring time, but the sun sank rapidly, and it was soon dark. Dalto kept on—quickened his pace; I followed, and came closer to him.

And all the while I was blaming myself. It seemed to me that I was doing wrong in spying the woman I loved—the child I had picked up in the snow and made my wife.

Misere de Dieu! Dalto stopped, and a creature came to him. It was she! It was La Tarpiaude!

And she threw her arms about his neck just as she had done with me only the evening before, when she came in late.

I was about to spring forward, but constrained myself by a tremendous effort. I wanted to know all.

She had taken his arm and was walking along with him, lolling upon him, laying her cheek upon his shoulder.

Just as with me! just the same thing!

It was at the Quinconces—among the trees and flowers. The promenade was deserted, for the weather was still cool; the trees which overshadowed the walks gave me a good chance to follow them closely. I never lost a single movement. Every moment they kissed each other, and the sound of their kisses felt to me as though something burned me to the very marrow of my bones. I bit my lips—I buried my fingernails in my breast. But I still followed them. They sat down upon a bench, and I hid behind a great chestnut tree to listen. I heard him say:

"No, no! we must not remain longer together this evening. I am sure Jalras suspects something, he never took his eyes off me all day. We were foolish to remain together so long yesterday evening. He suspects us."

She burst out laughing.

"He! pecaire! ah! the poor fool! You don't know him! I could make him eat dandelions, believing they were asparagus. Why, whenever I let him kiss me, he sees stars and all sorts of things, and goes crazy —really crazy!"

Yes, she was right. I was crazy, mad, frenzied. I leaped upon them with the roar of a wild beast. "Curse you, I shall kill you both."

But I still controlled myself.

"Here!" I said to Dalto, striving to keep myself from leaping at his throat, "I do not wish to murder you. You have your knife; I have mine! Defend yourself,—and remember!—we fight to the death!"

And I put myself on guard; my knife in my hand. He also flung off his jacket and rolled it about his left arm.

I had a narrow escape, for I was just on the point of burying my knife in his heart, I stumbled forward, stung by an atrocious pain. La Tarpiaude, crawling upon the ground, had got behind me, and bit my leg in hopes of making me fall. I knocked her from me with a heavy blow and as Dalto rushed forward we grappled. His knife grazed my cheek; but at the same moment I buried mine in his chest.

It was time! La Tarpiaude had attacked me again, and bit me a second time.

When she saw her lover fall she uttered a smothered cry and fled. Ah! I never even thought of running after her.

People passing by saw Dalto lying stiff and dead, and shouted "Murder! murder!" The police quickly captured me: for I made no effort to resist them.

The Police Commissary questioned me. When I told him my story he only laughed in my face. He declared that I had had a private quarrel with Dalto, and had lured him to the Quinconces in order to murder him. He did not believe in the duel story, for a very good reason. When I was arrested, I still had my knife in my hand. But the dead man's knife could not be found.

And then I remembered having seen La Tarpiaude stoop down just before she ran away. I had thought it was to see whether her lover still breathed. It was not. It was in order to get the knife. It was in order to make a murderer of me. La Tarpiaude had revenged herself well.

What use my explanations to the judges? They only shrugged their shoulders and looked at each other, smiling with incredulity. They believed me a common assassin—nothing more.

La Tarpiaude had shrewdly guessed the whole force of the blow she was able to deal me.

Worse than that! Because they were never able to find her, I was accused of having murdered her also, and hidden the body.

And then I was condemned to the galleys—or to hard labor for life, as they call it in these days.

WM. BECKETT, Fairfax, Mo., says: "Two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of the ague."

ADVERTISE YOUR WANTS--ONLY 10 CENTS FOR 20 WORDS.

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA.

From the New York Mail and Express.

"Animated hugging" is a not inappropriate name given to the modern style of doing the waltz and galop, especially when the "german" is led by Mr. Clubman and Mrs. Wehavegotmoney.

An exchange tells of a new device for window draperies of an inexpensive order which is ornamenting dark red serge by powdering the surface with triple daisies outlined in orange crewels, and repeating the design at intervals.

Rhine pebble buckles on a black velvet bow ornament the low-cut shoes that are exhibited for spring and summer wear. They glitter and sparkle like a minstrel's diamond and are warranted to make the understanding brilliant.

Some one truly says that one constantly sees styles graceful and beautiful in themselves rendered not only nugatory, but positively ugly, because not in harmony with the person of the wearer. There is a great deal more truth than poetry in this remark.

The old-fashioned soup-tureens of china are now declared bad form, and you must needs have now one of very old silver which your great-grandmother's father secured from the early British visitors to Virginia. You can have them made to order at short notice.

Everybody knows that last summer's sunshades were elegant, gay, gaudy and expensive enough, but this season's are to take the figurative cake. They are beautiful and exquisite enough to have been carried by the queen who, years ago, went to visit the wisest king that ever lived.

If things must be named, says the Boston Gazette, how much prettier it is calling small and early dances "Cinderellas." A Cinderella means in London vernacular a dancing party from 9 to 12, because when midnight strikes the gay company vanishes, careful not to loose a slipper, however tiny, on its way home.

Among the possessions of Hon. Abram S. Hewett is a dinner Britannia service that once was used by Gen. Washington in camp. It was presented by him to Mrs. Hopper, who kept the Bergen county headquarters; descended to her son and was by him sold to Mr. Hewitt. There are some forty odd pieces, all of it well preserved.

It is difficult to imagine anything could be prettier than the new dress satteens with embroidered bands for overdress and corsage. They run the gamut of all the colors and shades, from black to palest blue, lavender, salmon, pink, corn to white. Their texture is softer, their sheen as rich as satin. Well may they be called the very poetry of summer dresses.

A FRETFUL mother and cross child indicates ill health, which Hop Bitters will remove.

GLENN'S GREAT RANCH.

The Life of Its Recently Murdered Proprietor.

From the Philadelphia Telegraph.

Dr. Hugh J. Glenn, the largest wheat-raiser in California, and the Democratic candidate for Governor of that State in 1879, discharged his bookkeeper, Henry Miller, on Friday last, because he did not do his work satisfactorily. On Saturday Miller revenged himself by shooting Dr. Glenn, who died from the effects of the wound. Miller refused to surrender after shooting Dr. Glenn until he was shot in the leg by R. M. Cochrane, the superintendent of the farm.

Dr. Glenn was a Virginian by birth, a Missourian by education, and originally a horse-dealer by occupation. Nominated for Governor by the California Democrats in 1879, he was styled the "Honorable Bilk" by Denis Kearney, the sand-lot orator of San Francisco, because he persisted in being an ostensible workingman's candidate after the Kearney wing of that party had placed W. F. White in the field. George C. Perkins, the Republican candidate, was elected by 20,000 plurality, the opposition vote being divided nearly equally between Glenn and White.

Dr. Glenn, as already stated, was the largest wheat-raiser in California. His great wheat ranch was in Colusa county, and embraced about 60,000 acres of land, and the number of acres of wheat each year ranges between 40,000 and 50,000. Reckoning an average of from twenty to twenty-five bushels to the acre, the aggregate crop each year amounts to something more than 1,000,000 bushels. This enormous amount of grain requires vast appliances for planting and bringing it to market, and the capital invested in machinery alone sums up a considerable fortune. During the harvest time there are employed on the entire ranch some 500 men. Dr. Glenn was general-in-chief of his force, and the ranch was divided, for convenience of operations, into nine smaller ranches—each with dwelling-house, barns, blacksmith-shops, and other necessary buildings. In charge of these are seven foremen, under whom are sixteen blacksmiths, fourteen carpenters, six engineers, six machinists, five commissaries, and numerous cooks and servants. The common workmen are divided into gangs, and detailed where they are needed. There are 130 gang-plows, sixty herders, to which belong 180 wagons, six cleaners, 100 harrows, eighteen seeders, six threshers, six engines. Besides these are many smaller instruments and vehicles, which cannot be classified. Cooperating with their human brethren in the great labor are 1,000 work horses and mules, with a kinship of 1,000 brood mares, and younger stock which has not yet achieved the dignity of labor. There are thirty-two dwelling-houses, twenty-seven barns, seven blacksmith shops, and other structures sufficient to swell the aggregate to 100. The machinery could not be replaced for $125,000; the work-horses and mules are worth $110,000; the brood mares and young stock, $75,000; and the buildings on the place $100,000.

The village of Jacinto, which is on the ranch, and a part of it, includes a hotel, store, ferry, shops, warehouses and several dwellings, furnishing everything that is needed for comfort and convenience in living, without the luxuries. The country is new, and none of the villages large. Colusa, twenty-seven miles distant, is an old settlement, and an exception. The Central Pacific, in extending its Davisville branch north to Red Bluff, created towns as it advanced. The gravelly roads are good on the Glenn ranch, but the way of him who inspects it is long and wearisome. A whole day will not suffice to see all the farm houses, to inspect all the machinery, to ride from end to end through the long lanes in the unending wheat, or to see all the small armies of men engaged in their diversified labor. Dr. Glenn himself, though all the time on wheels, was unable to complete the circuit in a single day. Though an early riser, twice a week was as often as he could cover all his vast territory and inspect personally the operations of his employes. There are required during the harvest season about 500. Three hundred are required the year round. Some of them are permanent, but most are of a flo ting class, who work a month, a week or a day, as suits them, and then seek fresh pastures and other wheat-fields. Many belong to the class of vagrants styled tramps, whose needs are simple in a land like California, flowing with milk and honey. Some of this class have been known to work half a day, then demand and receive payment. A very few men on the ranch are married and maintain homes. More men are always wanted for steady labor than can be had. Dr. Glenn would have been glad to employ all, or nearly all, of his men by the year, if they were willing to settle down, work steadily, and be thrifty. But they prefer their roving, purposeless existence. There is no regular pay-day, each man being allowed his wages as fast as they accumulate. The day laborers are of all nationalities, and have the motley character of men so gathered and so loosely held together.

The ranch is chiefly composed of the Jacinto grant, into whose history Dr. Glenn said he had never inquired. That tract comprised 37,000 acres, and when, fifteen years ago, he went to Colusa county to transfer its barren sheep ranches into rich wheat fields it was minutely subdivided and not held valuable. He first purchased the Shoemaker tract in 1867. It contained 8,000 acres and cost him $1 60 per acre. In 1868 he bought the Ord tract of 6,000 acres for $1 per acre, and in the same year the Stone tract of 2,700 acres for $4 per acre. To these large purchases he added in 1869 the Julian place, 3,200 acres for $3, and the Singletary place, 2,700 acres, for $12 per acre. The Julian tract is a narrow tract bounding the north end of the ranch near Stony Creek; the Singletary purchase further south, near Jacinto landing. These purchases, the practical improvements on them and the discoveries regarding the capacity of the land, were, during all these years, raising the price of neighboring property. In 1873 was purchased the Mills-Custis tract of 13,000 acres for $200,000, and not long afterwards the north end of the Larkin children's grant, at an aggregate cost of $225,000. The Pratt purchase of 2,200 acres was made in 1874 for $20 per acre. In 1871-72-'73, there were also purchased bodies of land measuring several-ly 2,500, 3,200, 1,600 and 1,500 acres, for prices varying from $7 to $16. These, with some sections of railroad land along the West Side, swell the aggregate acreage of the ranch to about 60,000 acres. Of these 60,000 acres he cultivated 45,000, the rest of the land lying idle only because it is in timber or cannot possibly be made available. The ranch is unequally divided, the largest amount within one fence being a vast field of 10,000 acres. All the land under cultivation was invariably put in wheat, and when asked why he raised that cereal alone, Dr. Glenn replied: "The answer is simple. It is the only crop that will bear transportation; it is the only crop not perishable."

Besides the Colusa ranch, Dr. Glenn owned a stock-farm in Eastern Oregon and Northwestern Nevada, from which he a few years ago sold 14,000 head of cattle out of a total of 25,000. This property, with the stock and improvements, is valued at $400,000. He had also a stock-ranch in Nevada which has on it 20,000 head of cattle, but it is of less value. His stock-raising never extended to fancy breeds; it has simply been confined to beef-cattle, horses of common kinds, and mules. On the Colusa ranch his attention was turned merely to raising draught animals most needed in his ordinary farming operations. The only exceptions have been the horses intended for carriage use by himself and family.

In 1879, when Dr. Glenn was a candidate for Governor, the indebtedness on the Colusa ranch was about $600,000. The net proceeds of that year's crop of wheat reached about $350,000, so a fair yield the following year cleared all his extensive property, worth in the aggregate perhaps $2,500,000, from all incumbrance.

A Humbugging Monkey.

From the Popular Science Monthly for March.

The anthropoid apes are a somewhat taciturn race, but a chimpanzee's murmur of affection is very expressive, and quite different from his grunt of discontent. A sick orangoutang she s tears, moans piteously, or cries like a pettish child; but such symptons are rather deceptive, for the orang, as well as the chimpanzee, is a great mimic, not of men only, but of passions and pathological conditions. Two years ago I took temporary charge of a young chimpanzee who was awaiting shipment to the Pacific coast. His former landlord seemed to have indulged him in a penchant for rummaging boxes and coffers, for whenever I attempted to circumscribe the limit of that pastimte my boarder tried to bring down the house, metaphorically and literally, by throwing himself upon the floor and tugging violently at the curtains and bell-ropes. If that failed to soften my heart, Pansy became sick. With groans and sobs he would lie down in a corner, preparing to shed the mortal coil, and adjusting the pathos of the closing scene to the degree of my obstinacy. One day he had set his heart upon exploring the letter department of my chest of drawers, and, after driving him off several times, I locked the door and pocketed the key. Pansy did not suspect the full meaning of my act till he had pulled at the knobs and squinted through the key-hole, but, when he realized the truth, life ceased to be worth living; he collapsed at once, and had hardly strength enough left to drag himself to the stove. There he lay, bemoaning his untimely fate, and stretching his legs as if the rigor mortis had already overcome his lower extremities. Ten minutes later his supper was brought in, and I directed the boy to leave the basket behind the stove, in full sight of my guest. But Pansy's eyes assumed a far-off expression; earth had lost its charm; the inhumanity of man to man had made him sick of this vale of tears. Meaning to try him, I accompanied the boy to the staircase, and the victim of my cruelty gave me a parting look of intense reproach as I left the room. But, stealing back on tiptoe, we managed to come upon him unawares, and Pansy looked rather sheepish when we caught him in the act of enjoying an excellent meal.

WEDDED BLISS.

Marriage of a Pair of Pueblo Indians—The Bridal Breakfast.

From the Santa Fe New Mexican

Alcario Sauso and Francisca Romero, residents of the pueblo of Tosuque, eight miles distant, walked into Santa Fe before daylight yesterday morning and stood up at the cathedral altar at six o'clock, and were made husband and wife by the formula of the Catholic Church, Rev. Father Eguillon officiating. Jose Antonio Herera, a mutual friend, acted as best man. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the Vienna Bakery on San Francisco street, where they partook heartily of a wedding breakfast, given in honor of the occasion by Sam Dittenhoefer and other employes of Spiegelberg Brothers and J. Gold. The presents were neither "numerous" nor "costly." J. S. Barnum presented the bride with a pair of baby hose, and Jake Gold set up the pinons. The reporter made a vigorous attempt to interview the bride, but was unsuccessful. She did not seem to catch onto what he was after, and as the newly-wedded groom looked as though he loved the girl hard enough to fight for her, even on suspicion, the reporter fell back after the third attempt and left them alone in their glory. The bride was a fair-faced woman of twenty-three summers, or som'eres about there, and her wedding robe was gotten up in true modern style. It consisted of a triggly-fitting white dress and polonaise, and at the crown of her head was looped with beads a tremendous white veil, which dropped over her shoulders and touched the floor. Mr. Alcario Sauso, the groom, wasn't dressed in the "conventional black," as all grooms are supposed to be attired upon such occasions, but he looked a true and happy brave in a brand new white shirt, buckskin breeches, moccasins and a flaming red blanket. After breakfast they courteously thanked the young men for their kindness and set out on foot for their home at Tosuque.

The Song of the Drum.

From Puck.

The rattle and thunder of the old drums has not yet died out of the ears of the men of this generation. Good drums they were, too. They led us on to the grandest battles of our national life. At their lightest tap an army rose. The rumble came clear and cheery to the hearts of the women at home, high above the gloomier roar of battle. Far to the South, far to the West, we heard them, and their echo over seas drowned the treacherous whisperings of unanswered foes. They beat triumphant time for the weary feet that tramped back in the day of hard-won peace. Their long, low roll was the best requiem of our first and greatest martyr. Let us never forget the song of those drums.

But the song of the day is a different song; and the old drums cannot sing it. We may hoid them in grateful remembrance; but the people can no longer march behind them in close order. Their sound is muffled; their strings, wet with blood and the dews of the battlefield, are loose beyond all tauting. Their ghostly taps only lead us in old ways, among dead feet. They bring back to our memories the miseries of discord and disunion, the black days of the republic, the days and nights when the nation's wounds lay open and bleeding. Ahead of us are the live issues of the hour; around us are men yet fit to lead us forward—and we hear only the music of the past, that beckons only backward.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A teaspoonful of borax put in the last water in which clothes are rinsed will whiten them surprisingly. Pound the borax so it will dissolve easily. This is especially good to remove the yellow that time gives to white garments that have been laid aside for two or three years.

Do not throw away as useless the juice left in the can when you send the cherries from it to the tables; it makes excellent flavoring for pudding sauce. If you do not care to use it immediately it is best to scald it and put it in a small can and seal it. Use it in the sauce as freely as if it were wine.

For the sake of variety try this for breakfast: Buy some nice pork chops, with little fat about them; fry them a delicate brown, and pour hot tomato sauce over them. Make a gravy, using a little of the fat fried out of the pork; send to the table with baked potatoes, warm corn bread and coffee.

A light and toothsome cream cake is made of four cups of sifted flour, three cups of sugar, one cup of butter, one of cream, five eggs, one cup of English currants and a small teaspoonful of soda. This makes a large loaf and requires an hour and a half to bake. It is a good plan to line the entire tin with paper, so that the cake can be lifted out without breaking.

A little magnesia and water will sometimes correct the acidity of a child's stomach, and render unnecessary any stronger medicine. Powder a teaspoonful of the magnesia, and put it in half a glass of water; it will not dissolve, of course, but will mix with the water so that an infant can swallow it. Give a spoonful of this three times a day until indications warrant you in discontinuing it.

When baking a fish that is not oily it is an addition to the goodness of the dinner to bake potatoes in the pan with it. Peel the potatoes and cut them in thick slices, and serve them on the platter with the fish. The gravy that accompanies the fish should in this case be sent to the table in the gravy-boat, and not be poured over the fish. The potatoes, if perfectly cooked, will be brown and crisp and excellent.

Emerson called the perfect plum the "fruit of paradise," and if one must eat pie at all, let it be a plum pie. Remove the pits, and unless the juice is thick with sugar make it so, adding a very little flour, well mixed in so that not one lump is left. The crust for a plum pie should be delicate without being rich; this can be